

Steven R. Carroll & Associates

Legislative Consultants-Lobbyists-Attorneys at Law

215 East Capitol Avenue
Jefferson City, Missouri 65101
Phone: 573-761-5952
Fax: 573-761-7490

Missouri General Assembly Legislative Update End of Session Cooperating School Districts of Greater Kansas City May 21, 2024

I was a witness to history during this legislative session. Many things happened during this legislative session that had never occurred before in past sessions. And, oh, what a dysfunctional session it was. It was like being ringside at a heavy weight fight where the champion gets knocked out in the first round. It was like being behind home plate when the designated hitter strikes out in the bottom of the 9th with the bases loaded trailing to the opposing team. It was like being in the end zone in the Super Bowl and watching the star receiver drop the game winning pass and your team loses. Or one could say, it was like being on the ice behind an open goal at a hockey game watching the opposing team slowly rolling the puck in for a goal. In essence, this legislative session in many ways was a loser, yet historic.

If you were someone who wanted a lot of legislation to pass, you would be greatly disappointed during this session. There were more bills filed during this legislative session than in any other session in the history of state government. Over 2,600 bills were filed and yet, with the exception of the budget bills, only 28 bills made it across the finish line. This, too, was a new historic low. The previous low number of bills making it to the governor's desk was during the 2020 legislative session during Covid when only 42 bills passed. Last year only 57 bills passed.

On the other side of the equation, if you wanted to kill bills, this was certainly a session made from heaven, and a session that was very successful. The Senate killed more time and, thus, killed more bills than ever before. In another historic event, two long filibusters ensued during this session. The first record setting filibuster lasted 42 hours by the so-called Freedom Caucus, republican members of the Senate. However, just two weeks later, the democrats set the all-time length record with a 50-hour filibuster that lasted over two days during the last week of the session, which involved the controversial initiate petition change legislation.

When one thinks of political fighting in the legislative process, one would normally think of the democrats and republicans disagreeing and fighting with one another. In the state Senate, however, this year the majority of the fighting on issues, with the exception of the initiative petition legislative issue, was republican fighting republican. The Senate republican leadership could not get along with nor contain the disruption on the Senate floor from their fellow republican Freedom Caucus members. All session long, for the most part, the Senate democrats sat back and watched the Senate republicans eat their

own. The Senate Freedom Caucus, normally led by republican Senators Eigel, Hoskins and Brattin, for most of the year kept the Senate leadership from moving forward on their agenda. There were numerous days when the Senate actually did nothing except gavel into session and then adjourn in frustration. In fact, in the last week of the session, the Senate passed one bill and made one motion to send the initiative petition bills back to the House. During the last week, the Senate came into session on Monday at 2:30 pm and the democrats started their 50-hour filibuster which lasted until 4:30 pm on Wednesday. The filibuster was brought about because of the so-called "ballot candy" that the House had reattached to the Senate Joint Resolution 74, initiative petition reform legislation. The democrats wanted the "ballot candy" out of the legislation and demanded the bill go to conference with the House to strip the language off. The Freedom Caucus during this time thought they had eighteen votes to move the previous question to stop the filibuster. They did not. Finally, after 50 hours of non-stop talking by the democrats, the sponsor of the bill, Senator Coleman, relented and made a motion to take the bill to conference. That motion passed by the bare minimum of 18 to 13 with both democrats and republican senators supporting it while all members of the Freedom Caucus opposed it. Senate leadership adjourned for the rest of the day and the Freedom Caucus was furious.

On Thursday in the Senate, they gaveled in at 10 am and motioned to recess immediately until that afternoon. They gaveled back in at 2:30 pm and Senator Eigel immediately offered a comical amendment to the journal stating that the Senate was "interrupted by a stampeding herd of rhinoceroses running through the Senate chamber." Rhinos" meaning RINO (Republican In Name Only) laying waste to the institution. The sergeant of arms for the Missouri Senate is advised to keep an eye out for the return of the stampeding rhino should it return to the chamber during any point of the last two days of the legislative session." After he offered this frivolous amendment, Senate leadership abruptly recessed again. Several hours later, the Senate gaveled in again and Senator Eigel withdrew his amendment. However, at that point, Senator Ceirpoit, who has been at odds with the Freedom Caucus and Senator Eigel throughout the legislative session, offered his own amendment, which stated "It is the opinion of the Missouri Senate that the office of the Missouri Attorney General should not expend any public funds or monies from the Missouri State Legal Expense Fund in the defense of, or the payment of damages from, lawsuits brought against Senator Hoskins, Senator Brattin or Senator Schroer that are presently pending." This was a reference to these three Freedom Caucus members who falsely accused an individual of the shooting at the Kansas City Chiefs' parade on social media. At that point, Senator Eigel rose and attacked Senator Cirepoit for such an amendment. Immediately, Senate Floor Leader O'Laughlin had heard enough and adjourned for the day. Thus, there was only one day left in the legislative session and at that point it seemed Senate leadership had had enough of the antics. On Friday morning at 10:00 am, the Senate gaveled in and immediately adjourned to end the session for the year. Thus, came a disastrous end in the Senate for the 2024 legislative session. Never in my forty years participating in the legislative process was there such a lack of civility between members of the upper chamber. In all my years, I have never seen such verbal attacks coming from one member towards another member and the lack of respect for one another's views. We can only hope that next year will improve.

On the issue of the initiative petition change legislation, which was the top priority of

republican legislators, one could argue that the democrats who opposed this issue, outsmarted the republicans. This issue was certainly the overriding top priority of members of the republican Freedom Caucus in the Senate. As reported earlier, this legislation would change the way that citizens in Missouri could pass amendments. Instead of just having a 50 percent plus one to pass such legislation, it would change the process by mandating that such amendments would have to pass in five of the eight congressional districts in Missouri, thus, making it harder for the people to pass such proposals. The bill, however, as reported earlier, also contained “ballot candy” as the democrats called it. This language, such as “aliens in Missouri should not be allowed to vote,” which is already outlawed, is used to make the proposal look more attractive to get more votes. The democrats in the Senate were not going to allow such additional language to mislead the voters. The Senate in March sent SJR 74 to the House without the so-called “ballot candy” language. The sponsor of the bill, Senator Coleman, agreed to take the language out and send it to the House for their support.

A funny thing happened on the way to the House, however, when Senator Coleman presented her bill to the committee, a member asked why the so-called “ballot candy” no longer was on the bill. She stated publicly to the member, go ahead and put the “ballot candy” back on the bill and, if I have to, I will PQ it in the Senate to get it across the finish line. Many Senate democrats were outraged by her comment and their view was that she went back on her word. Thus, the House passed the bill with the so-called vote “ballot candy” language and sent it back to the Senate. This is what started the 50-hour filibuster by the Senate democrats in the Senate to not accept “ballot candy” language and for the House to vote for the Senate’s clean version of the bill without the language. As reported above, Senator Coleman relented, and it was sent back to the House. The next day the House refused to take the Senate’s version and they sent it back to the Senate to take the House’s version. Senate leadership, however, refused to take the message from the House and, thus, sent it back. At that point, House leadership thought they would take the matter up on Friday morning, refuse the Senate’s request and send the measure back to the Senate for their approval. However, little did the House realize that the Senate gaveled in quickly Friday morning and then adjourned for the rest of the year. Whereby, the House was stuck with the initiative petition legislation clean version without the “ballot candy” language. They decided not to pass it in that form and, thus, it was a huge win for the democrats.

Also, this session, in another historic first there wasn’t one conference committee between the House and Senate on any bills, including all 20 of the budget bills. This has never, ever occurred. It was, in part, the massive dysfunction in the Senate and to some degree the lateness in the House getting the budget over to the Senate for their debate that this happened. Again, for the first time ever, a \$51 billion budget was hammered out behind closed doors between the Senate Appropriations Chairman and the House Budget Chairman. Normally conference committees would have a make-up of five House members, three republicans and two democrats and the same for their Senate counterparts, to discuss in public view their differences on the budget in an effort to come to an agreement. The Senate Freedom Caucus, however, held up Senate leadership from bringing the appropriation bills to the Senate floor for a week. Thus, to meet the constitutional deadline of passing the budget by 6 pm on May 10, the legislature had little choice but to pass the budget without conference committees. Again, the first time in

Missouri history of the legislature that a budget has been passed this way.

In regard to legislation that was debated this year, listed below are some of the more important ones that either passed or failed.

WHAT THE MISSOURI LEGISLATURE ACCOMPLISHED – AND DIDN'T.

Passed, signed by governor:

SB 727, HB 2287 -- Expands an education voucher program that pays for private school expenses, increases funding for public schools and teacher salaries, and permits charter schools in Boone County.

HB2634 -- Planned Parenthood: Bars state Medicaid dollars from being used to reimburse Planned Parenthood for health care services.

HB 1803 – Expanded MOBUCKS, a state-financed low-interest loan program for small businesses, local governments, agriculture business and farmers.

HB 2016 – Missouri National Guard in Texas: Funds Missouri National Guard soldiers and Highway Patrol troopers assisting with U.S.-Mexico border security as part of Texas' Operation Lone Star.

HB 1751 – Kansas City landfill: After protests by residents, prohibits a landfill from being built close to a Kansas City suburb.

Passed, sent to governor:

HB 2062 – Eviction moratoriums: Prohibits local governments from imposing a moratorium on eviction proceedings.

HB 2111 -- State auditor: Allows the state auditor to launch a probe of cities, fire and ambulance districts, counties and other local units of government without permission from or a request by local voters.

HB 2134 -- Meatpacking sludge: Creates new regulations for the storage of animal waste products for use as fertilizer.

SB 748 -- Federal Reimbursement Allowance: Extends for five years a tax on hospitals that brings in billions of dollars to the state's Medicaid program.

HB 1495, SB 912 -- Veterans: Tasks the Missouri Veterans Commission with developing suicide-prevention measures.

HB 1659, SB 754 -- Crime: The omnibus crime bill raises the age that minors can be charged as adults, bars celebratory gunfire in municipalities (known as Blair's Law), impose tougher penalties for harming or killing police dogs (known as Max's Law), and creates a

cyberstalking task force.

Not Passed:

SJR 74 -- Initiative petitions: Would raise the threshold of votes required to amend the state constitution via citizen-led ballot initiative.

HB 2763 -- Bayer cancer lawsuits: Would protect Bayer, which acquired Monsanto in 2018, from lawsuits accusing the company of failing to warn consumers about risks associated with the Roundup weedkiller.

SB 742, HB 1488 -- Child care tax credits: Would offer certain tax incentives to employers, child care providers, and taxpayers in an effort to expand child care options.

HB 1957, SJR 52 -- Farmland ownership: Would either reduce the amount of Missouri farmland that can be owned by foreigners or prohibit foreign farmland ownership entirely.

HB 1516 -- St. Louis earnings tax: Would exempt remote workers who live outside St. Louis city limits from paying the city's 1% earnings tax.

HB 1481 -- St. Louis police: Would end local control of the St. Louis Metropolitan Police Department.

HB 2385 -- Section 8 housing vouchers: Would prohibit cities from requiring landlords to accept federal housing vouchers.

HB 2413 -- Birth control annual supply: Would require private health insurers in Missouri to cover a full year's supply of birth control.

SB 767 -- Child marriage: Would bar marriage for anyone younger than 18.

HB 1706 -- Human trafficking: Would impose felony charges on those who pay for sex and tougher penalties for those who purchase sex with a minor.

Attached with this report are the summaries of the 28 bills that did, in fact, make it across the finish line to the governor's desk for your review. Also attached with this report are the titles of the bills that our office was following that were of importance to you and where they ended up in the legislative process.

In regard to legislation of importance to public education, our office monitored and/or lobbied 334 bills, not counting the hundreds of amendments and substitutes that were also filed by legislators. To put it bluntly, it was an exhausting session in tracking this amount of legislation, attending hearings and testifying, and trying to determine what bills would move in the legislative process, what bills we needed to pass, and what bills we needed to kill. We were successful in killing such damaging legislation as statewide open enrollment, property tax assessment changes, a controversial Parents Bill of Rights legislation,

controversial diversity, equity and inclusion initiatives, taking away local governance for school boards in determining superintendents' salaries, statewide charter school expansion, and problematic new school district and buildings assessments, not to mention dozens of others.

The state budget regarding public education ended on somewhat of a high note. The new budget includes full funding of the foundation formula, full funding of the transportation formula, increases for pre-K education, increases for career ladder, funding for the new state adequacy target calculation, and increases for teacher salaries. Attached with this report for your review, is HB 2002, which is the elementary and secondary education budget bill.

As you are aware from numerous past reports, the large omnibus education bill, SB 727, did pass and was signed by the governor into law. As you know, we were in strong opposition to the increase of the statewide voucher/tax credit program and the expansion of charter schools into Boone County. Other provisions in the bill, however, as outlined in our legislative platform, we support. SB 727 does include increased funding for pre-K education, increased funding to the foundation formula based upon student enrollment, increased funding for a five-day school week, increased funding for a new home reading program called the "elementary literacy fund", and changes to state aid based upon the recalculated local effort of school districts involving local taxes. It also includes raises in the minimum teacher salary from \$25,000 to \$40,000 and creates the "Teacher Baseline Salary Grant Fund." The problem with the teacher salary increases and this new grant is that it is subject to state appropriation. Thus, in future years, if the state does not provide money for this grant fund, the local school districts will be on the hook for the increases. The legislation also changes the working after retirement limits for PSRS/PEERS.

One could argue upon reviewing the totality of each section of this legislation is that the sponsor of the bill had to basically give up the farm and cut every deal he could with other senators to get this bill passed out of the Senate. There is no doubt that Senator Koenig knows how to cut deals and make compromises with other senators. For an extra \$25 million in the voucher/tax credit program and the potential of charter school expansion in the Columbia Public School system, he was willing to give up almost one-half billion dollars in potential new funding for education. Notice, however, the word "potential" in the previous sentence. That is the million-dollar question. Will the money be there in the state budget to pay for the increased funding for our schools? I am of the opinion, that in next year's legislative platform, the number one priority should be "fully fund the provisions of SB 727". I believe next year we should lobby the governor and the legislature to fully fund these new programs and changes to the foundation formula.

The budget outlook at the current time seems to be good as we are on pace to slightly be ahead of last year in revenue coming into the state. If the economy remains strong, funding for these new programs should not be a problem for next year's fiscal budget and possibly even the following year. But many of these new items must be funded many years moving forward and that will be the question of whether the money will be there to finish what this bill started. For your review of the various sessions of SB 727, the summary of such is included with the summaries of the 28 bills sent to the governor that is attached.

I look forward to coming to visit with you in person on June 5 to give you an even more in-depth live report on the end of the session. I want to thank you for the opportunity to represent you during this past session, and if you have any questions, please contact me.

Steven Carroll

SECOND REGULAR SESSION
[TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED]
SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 2002
102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

2002S.05T

2024

AN ACT

To appropriate money for the expenses, grants, refunds, and distributions of the State Board of Education and the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education, and the several divisions and programs thereof, to be expended only as provided in Article IV, Section 28 of the Constitution of Missouri, and to transfer money among certain funds for the period beginning July 1, 2024, and ending June 30, 2025.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

1 There is appropriated out of the State Treasury, to be expended only as provided in
2 Article IV, Section 28 of the Constitution of Missouri, for the purpose of funding each
3 department, division, agency, fund transfer, and program described herein for the item or items
4 stated, and for no other purpose whatsoever, chargeable to the fund designated, for the period
5 beginning July 1, 2024, and ending June 30, 2025, as follows:

PART 1

1 Section 2.000. Each appropriation in this act shall consist of the item or
2 items in each section of Part 1 of this act, for the amount and
3 purpose and from the fund designated in each section of Part 1,
4 as well as all additional clarifications of purpose in Part 2 of this
5 act that make reference by section to said item or items in Part 1.
6 Any clarification of purpose in Part 2 shall state the section or
7 sections in Part 1 to which it attaches and shall, together with the
8 language of said section(s) in Part 1, form the complete statement

9 of purpose of the appropriation. As such, the provisions of Part
 10 2 of this act shall not be severed from Part 1, and if any
 11 clarification of purpose in Part 2 is for any reason held to be
 12 invalid, such decision shall invalidate all of the appropriations in
 13 this act of which said clarification of purpose is a part. Part 3 of
 14 this act shall consist of guidance to the Department of Elementary
 15 and Secondary Education in implementing the appropriations
 16 found in Part 1 and Part 2 of this act. An appropriation may be
 17 comprised in whole or in part of a one-time amount, and such
 18 one-time amount shall be construed to be a component part of,
 19 and not in addition to, the stated appropriation amount. Any
 20 amount of an appropriation identified as "one-time" in this act
 21 shall not be considered an addition to any ongoing core
 22 appropriation(s) in future fiscal periods beyond June 30, 2025.
 23 Any amount identified as one-time may, however, be requested
 24 in any future fiscal period as a new decision item.

1	Section 2.005. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	For the Division of Financial and Administrative Services, provided	
4	three percent (3%) flexibility is allowed from this section to	
5	Section 2.500	
6	Personal Service.....	\$ 2,688,328
7	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>186,525</u>
8	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	2,874,853
9	Personal Service.....	2,453,014
10	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>709,003</u>
11	From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....	3,162,017
12	For the Division of Financial and Administrative Services	
13	For the Summer Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) program	
14	For administrative expenses	
15	Personal Service.....	59,404
16	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>142,695</u>
17	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	202,099
18	Personal Service.....	59,404
19	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>142,695</u>

20	From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....	<u>202,099</u>
21	Total (Not to exceed 81.00 F.T.E.)	\$6,441,068

1 Section 2.010. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For refunds

4	From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....	\$50,000
5	From Vocational Rehabilitation Fund (0104).....	<u>20,000</u>
6	Total	\$70,000

1 Section 2.015. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For distributions to the free public schools of \$4,161,797,436 under the
 4 School Foundation Program as provided in Chapter 163, RSMo,
 5 provided that no funds are used to support the distribution or
 6 sharing of any individually identifiable student data for non-
 7 educational purposes, marketing or advertising, as follows:

8 For the Foundation Formula, provided that the State Adequacy Target
 9 pursuant to Section 163.011, RSMo, shall not exceed \$6,760
 10 Program Distribution

11	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$1,950,600,423
12	From Outstanding Schools Trust Fund (0287)	836,724,826
13	From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291).....	255,232,234
14	From State School Moneys Fund (0616)	266,185,377
15	From Classroom Trust Fund (0784)	476,687,962

16 For Transportation
 17 Program Distribution

18	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	287,493,512
19	From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291).....	73,873,102

20 For the Small Schools Program
 21 Program Distribution

22	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	<u>15,000,000</u>
23	Total	\$4,161,797,436

1 Section 2.020. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education

3 For State Board of Education operated school programs, provided
 4 twenty-five percent (25%) flexibility is allowed between
 5 personal service and expense and equipment, and further
 6 provided three percent (3%) flexibility is allowed from this
 7 section to Section 2.500

8	Personal Service.....	\$33,730,568
9	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>18,181,177</u>
10	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	51,911,745
11	Personal Service.....	919,279
12	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>7,012,276</u>
13	From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....	7,931,555
14	Expense and Equipment	
15	From Proceeds for Education Fund (0289).....	<u>1,876,355</u>
16	Total (Not to exceed 652.59 F.T.E.)	\$61,719,655

1 Section 2.025. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education

3 For the Office of Childhood

4 For pre-kindergarten education program grants to child care facilities as
 5 defined in Section 210.201, RSMo, that are licensed under
 6 Section 210.221, RSMo, or that are unlicensed and registered
 7 with the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education to
 8 serve students in the year prior to kindergarten eligibility in a
 9 program consistent with Section 161.213, RSMo, with
 10 reimbursements not to exceed \$6,760 per individual child
 11 receiving a minimum of 1,044 hours of instruction, with priority
 12 given to students at or below 185% of the federal poverty level
 13 not already receiving a full child care subsidy for the same
 14 instructional services
 15 Program Distribution

16	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$26,084,588
----	--	--------------

1 Section 2.030. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education

3 For the Office of Childhood

4	For pre-kindergarten education program grants to local education	
5	agencies to serve students, or contract to serve students, in the	
6	year prior to kindergarten eligibility in a program consistent with	
7	Section 161.213, RSMo, with reimbursements not to exceed the	
8	product of the state adequacy target of \$6,760, and the dollar	
9	value modifier per each average daily attendance as defined in	
10	Section 163.011, RSMo, with priority given to students at or	
11	below 185% of the federal poverty level	
12	Program Distribution	
13	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$55,830,843
1	Section 2.035. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	For Career Ladder, provided ten percent (10%) flexibility is allowed	
4	between this section and Section 2.040	
5	Program Distribution	
6	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$31,858,050
7	From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291).....	<u>37,467,000</u>
8	Total	\$69,325,050
1	Section 2.040. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	For a grant program to provide a baseline educator salary of \$40,000,	
4	provided ten percent (10%) flexibility is allowed between this	
5	section and Section 2.035	
6	Program Distribution	
7	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$33,421,374
1	Section 2.045. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	For distributions to the free public schools under the Coronavirus	
4	Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act	
5	From Department of Elementary and Secondary Education Federal	
6	Emergency Relief Fund (2305).....	\$10,751,886
7	For distributions to the free public schools under the American Rescue	
8	Plan Act	
9	Program Distribution	
10	From Department of Elementary and Secondary Education Federal	

11	Emergency Relief 2021 Fund (2434).....	560,377,720
12	For distributions to the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
13	Education under the American Rescue Plan Act	
14	Personal Service.....	380,021
15	Expense and Equipment, provided one hundred percent (100%)	
16	flexibility is allowed between programs in this subsection	
17	For teacher and leader training	996,350
18	For a teacher recruitment and retention grant program	18,649,740
19	For the Missouri Read, Lead, Exceed Program	18,858,307
20	For the Missouri Mathematics Mastery Program	9,357,839
21	For mental health support initiatives.....	16,912,916
22	For an assessment system redesign.....	12,083,367
23	For Missouri Postsecondary Advising Program	4,003,008
24	For a summer learning program, including summer enrichment programs	
25	provided by community-based organizations	9,384,308
26	For after school programs	10,033,966
27	For data system upgrades.....	594,457
28	For administration.....	<u>5,655,344</u>
29	From Department of Elementary and Secondary Education Federal	
30	Emergency Relief 2021 Fund (2434).....	106,909,623
31	For the procurement of a chemistry and physical science online learning	
32	platform for middle school and high school students, provided the	
33	platform aligns to Missouri science standards and highlights	
34	science, technology, engineering, and mathematics and career	
35	and technical education pathways in Missouri to increase	
36	students' interest in pursuing a chemistry-related career	
37	From Department of Elementary and Secondary Education Federal	
38	Emergency Relief 2021 Fund (2434).....	<u>2,000,000</u>
39	Total (Not to exceed 4.00 F.T.E.)	\$680,039,229

1 Section 2.046. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 For the Close the Gap Grant Program
4 For a one-time grant not more than \$1,500 to the parent, parents or
5 guardians of each eligible kindergarten through grade 12 age
6 child to support qualifying educational enrichment activities;
7 these funds may be administered by a third-party vendor, which

must create a digital account for each recipient that allows for reimbursement and for direct payment for qualified expenses; the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education shall establish criteria for qualifying expenses, which shall include but not be limited to: tutoring, extended school day educational programs, academic and arts-related day or summer camps, and educational, learning, study skills services, or services offered by local education agencies; grant awards shall be calculated in two tranches; eligible first tranche applicants shall include those applicants with incomes below 185 percent of the federal poverty level; first tranche awards shall be the lesser of \$1,500 or the quotient of the total appropriation divided by the eligible number of applicants; any amount of appropriation remaining after the first tranche distribution shall constitute the second tranche distribution; the second tranche distribution shall be equally divided among all remaining eligible applicants who did not receive a first tranche award; the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education shall establish metrics to determine usage and success of program

From Department of Elementary and Secondary Education Federal

Emergency Relief 2021 Fund (2434) (one-time).....\$25,000,000

Section 2.047. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

For a summer enrichment program grant to a not-for-profit organization that inspires a brighter future for students most in need by providing opportunities to experience high-quality academics, engaging enrichment activities, and health life skills, provided that the organization has a primary office location in a city with more than twenty-seven thousand but fewer than thirty thousand inhabitants and located in a county with more than one million inhabitants, further provided that such funds be awarded through a competitive grant process

From General Revenue Fund (0101) (one-time)\$100,000

Section 2.048. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

For grants to public schools to acquire new or replace buses with new buses that meet low NOx emissions standards of .02 g/bhp-hr and

5 operate using on-board propulsion systems (all fuels) energy
 6 rated to deliver at least 250 miles per duty cycle; and further
 7 provided preference is given to buses using U.S. sourced parts,
 8 assembly and fuel
 9 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (one-time)\$1,000,000

1 Section 2.050. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education

3 For a patriotic and civics training program to prepare teachers to teach
 4 the principles of American civics and patriotism, provided three
 5 percent (3%) flexibility is allowed from this section to Section
 6 2.500

7 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$500,000

8 For a not-for-profit organization that focuses on health, hunger, and
 9 hygiene, provided three percent (3%) flexibility is allowed from
 10 this section to Section 2.500

11 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (including \$2,500,000 one-time)5,000,000

12 For distributions of the Governor's Emergency Education Relief Funds
 13 to the free public schools under the Coronavirus Response and
 14 Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act

15 From Department of Elementary and Secondary Education Federal
 16 Emergency Relief Fund (2305).....1,160,156

17 For distributions of the Governor's Emergency Education Relief Funds
 18 for Emergency Assistance to Non-Public schools under the
 19 American Rescue Plan Act, provided that no funds may be used
 20 for distributions under Section 312(d) of the Coronavirus
 21 Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act

22 From Department of Elementary and Secondary Education Federal
 23 Emergency Relief 2021 Fund (2434).....46,958,743

24 Total\$53,618,899

1 Section 2.055. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education

3 For the School Nutrition Services Program to reimburse schools for
 4 school food programs

5 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$3,412,151

6 From Elementary and Secondary Education (0105) (including
7 \$25,904,703 one-time)..... 375,265,200
8 Total.....\$378,677,351

1 Section 2.060. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 For a program to recruit, train, and/or develop teachers to teach in
4 academically struggling school districts
5 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (including \$300,000 one-time)\$2,000,000

1 Section 2.061. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 For a not-for-profit organization located in a city with more than four
4 hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one
5 county who works to recruit, cultivate, support and retain
6 teachers in both public schools and charter schools
7 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$100,000

1 Section 2.062. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 For a teacher residency program principally located in a city with more
4 than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than
5 one county focused on decreasing the number of teacher
6 vacancies in the state of Missouri caused by the labor loss due to
7 the pandemic
8 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (one-time)\$100,000

1 Section 2.065. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 For planning, design, procurement, and implementation of a K-3 reading
4 assessment system for preliminary identification of students at
5 risk for dyslexia and related disorders including analysis of
6 phonological and phonemic awareness, rapid automatic naming,
7 alphabetic principle, phonics, reading fluency, spelling, reading
8 accuracy, vocabulary, and reading comprehension
9 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$400,000

1 Section 2.070. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

- 3 To reimburse school districts and charters for costs associated
 4 with reading assessments, designated reading programs, supplies,
 5 and other reading materials
 6 From Evidence-based Reading Instruction Program Fund (0214)\$25,000,000
- 1 Section 2.073. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For a nonprofit organization located in any city with more than four
 4 hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one
 5 county that focuses on engaging students, families, and educators
 6 in science, technology, engineering, arts, and math (STEAM)
 7 pathways to facilitate career and education readiness for
 8 participation in the 21st Century economy of today and tomorrow
 9 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (one-time)\$100,000
- 1 Section 2.074. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For a program dedicated to educational enrichment, tutoring, and support
 4 in the areas of science, technology, engineering, and math serving
 5 underserved and low-income students in a city with more than
 6 four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one
 7 county
 8 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (one-time)\$250,000
- 1 Section 2.075. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury to the STEM
 4 Career Awareness Program Fund
 5 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$370,000
- 1 Section 2.080. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the STEM Career Awareness Program
 4 From STEM Career Awareness Program Fund (0997)\$370,000
- 1 Section 2.085. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Competency-Based Education Program
 4 From Competency-Based Education Grant Program Fund (0215).....\$2,000,000

1 Section 2.090. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury to the
4 Computer Science Education Fund

5 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$450,000

1 Section 2.095. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For the Office of College and Career Readiness

4 For Computer Science Education

5 Personal Service.....\$53,459

6 Expense and Equipment.....12,414

7 From General Revenue Fund (0101)65,873

8 For Computer Science Education

9 Program Distribution

10 From Computer Science Education Fund (0423)450,000

11 Total (Not to exceed 1.00 F.T.E.)\$515,873

1 Section 2.097. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For the design, supplies, machines, furniture, training, and curriculum
4 for a turn-key program focused on STEM with a three-pronged
5 approach with schools, business, and state buy-in, provided that
6 a total of ten (10) grants are awarded in the amount of \$70,000
7 each and further provided that local matching funds must be
8 provided on a 50/50 state/local basis

9 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (one-time)\$700,000

1 Section 2.098. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For a nonprofit organization, located in any city with more than four
4 hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one
5 county, which provides computer training technology certificates
6 and robotics for ages seven through seventeen

7 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (one-time)\$250,000

1 Section 2.100. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For distributions to the public elementary and secondary schools in this
 4 state, pursuant to Chapters 144, 163, and 164, RSMo, pertaining
 5 to the School District Trust Fund
 6 From School District Trust Fund (0688)\$1,306,961,000

1 Section 2.105. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Missouri Scholars and Fine Arts Academies
 4 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$850,000

1 Section 2.106. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For a school-based mental health coordinator
 4 Personal Service.....\$89,743
 5 Expense and Equipment.....20,000
 6 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (Not to exceed 1.00 F.T.E.)\$109,743

1 Section 2.110. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For grants to establish safe schools programs addressing active shooter
 4 response training and school safety measures, including the
 5 hiring of school counselors to provide students with mental health
 6 services pertaining to suicide and other behavioral health needs,
 7 provided that grants are to be distributed by a statewide education
 8 organization whose directors consist entirely of public school
 9 board members, and further provided three percent (3%)
 10 flexibility is allowed from this section to Section 2.500
 11 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$1,000,000

1 Section 2.111. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For a six-month study measuring the impact of automatically distributing
 4 emergency incident information from 911 dispatch to public
 5 safety mutual aid and school personnel during emergency
 6 incidents occurring at and near Missouri schools
 7 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$750,000

1 Section 2.113. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For a recovery high school, pursuant to Section 167.850 RSMo

4 From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291) (one-time).....\$500,000

1 Section 2.115. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary

2 Education

3 For the Virtual Schools Program

4 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$200,000

5 From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291)..... 389,778

6 Total\$589,778

1 Section 2.120. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary

2 Education

3 For costs associated with school district bonds

4 From School District Bond Fund (0248)\$492,000

1 Section 2.125. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary

2 Education

3 For receiving and expending grants, donations, contracts, and payments

4 from private, federal, and other governmental agencies which

5 may become available between sessions of the General Assembly

6 provided that the General Assembly shall be notified of the

7 source of any new funds and the purpose for which they shall be

8 expended, in writing, prior to the use of said funds

9 Personal Service.....\$4,142

10 Expense and Equipment..... 46,500

11 From Vocational Rehabilitation Fund (0104).....50,642

12 Expense and Equipment

13 From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105)..... 6,000,000

14 Total\$6,050,642

1 Section 2.130. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary

2 Education

3 For the Commissioner of Education to provide funds to public schools,

4 eligible for Federal E-rate reimbursement, to be used as a state

5 match of up to ten percent (10%) of E-rate eligible special

6 construction costs under the Federal E-rate program pursuant to

7 47 CFR 54.505, and to provide additional funds to eligible public

8 schools in the amount necessary to bring the total support from

9 Federal universal service combined with state funds under this

10 section to one hundred percent (100%) of E-rate eligible special

11	construction costs, provided that no funds are used to construct	
12	broadband facilities to schools and libraries where such facilities	
13	already exist providing at least 100mbps symmetrical service;	
14	and further provided that to the extent such funds are used to	
15	construct broadband facilities, the construction, ownership and	
16	maintenance of such facilities shall be procured through a	
17	competitive bidding process; and further provided that funds	
18	shall only be expended for telecommunications,	
19	telecommunications services, and internet access and no funds	
20	shall be expended for internal connections, managed internal	
21	broadband services, or basic maintenance of internal connections	
22	From School Broadband Fund (0208)	\$150,000
1	Section 2.135. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	For the Division of Learning Services, provided three percent (3%)	
4	flexibility is allowed from this section to Section 2.500, and	
5	further provided that no funds are used to support the collection,	
6	distribution, or sharing of any individually identifiable student	
7	data with the federal government; with the exception of the	
8	reporting requirements of the Migrant Education Program funds	
9	in Section 2.195, the Vocational Rehabilitation funds in Section	
10	2.265, and the Disability Determination funds in Section 2.270	
11	Personal Service.....	\$4,562,097
12	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>394,657</u>
13	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	4,956,754
14	Personal Service.....	7,557,169
15	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>2,472,045</u>
16	From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....	10,029,214
17	Personal Service.....	930,749
18	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>2,319,415</u>
19	From Excellence in Education Fund (0651)	3,250,164
20	For the Office of Adult Learning and Rehabilitative Services	
21	Personal Service.....	38,854,130
22	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>3,681,015</u>
23	From Vocational Rehabilitation (0104)	<u>42,535,145</u>

24 Total (Not to exceed 862.51 F.T.E)\$60,771,277

1 Section 2.140. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For funding an early literacy program targeting third grade reading
4 success in academically struggling school districts which
5 provides a full continuum of school-based, early literacy
6 intervention services, for all grades Pre-K through third grade,
7 consisting of developmentally appropriate components for each
8 grade delivered each day school is in session by professionally
9 coached, full-time interventionists who collect data regularly and
10 use an intervention model that is comprehensive, has been proven
11 to be effective in one or more empirical studies, and is provided
12 by a not-for-profit organization to a local education agency or
13 community-based early childhood center
14 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$455,000

1 Section 2.142. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For a nonprofit organization, located in any city with more than four
4 hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one
5 county, which provides a literacy enrichment program with goals
6 to get children to their reading level
7 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (one-time)\$100,000

1 Section 2.143. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For a nonprofit organization, located in any city with more than four
4 hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one
5 county, to provide a summer literacy enrichment program with
6 goals to get children to their reading level and provide leadership
7 development programs
8 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (one-time)\$100,000

1 Section 2.145. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For the Performance Based Assessment Program, provided that no funds
4 are used to support the collection, distribution, or sharing of any
5 individually identifiable student data with the federal

6	government; with the exception of the reporting requirements of	
7	the Migrant Education Program funds in Section 2.195, the	
8	Vocational Rehabilitation funds in Section 2.265, and the	
9	Disability Determination funds in Section 2.270, and further	
10	provided that no funds from this section shall be used for license	
11	fees or membership dues for the Smarter Balanced Assessment	
12	Consortium	
13	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$8,272,212
14	From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....	6,507,623
15	From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291).....	<u>4,011,255</u>
16	Total	\$18,791,090

1	Section 2.150. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	For the Office of College and Career Readiness	
4	For the design, renovation, construction, and improvements of career and	
5	technical schools; provided that local matching funds must be	
6	provided on a 50/50 state/local basis	
7	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$5,500,000

1	Section 2.153. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	For a technical training center located in any city with more than seven	
4	thousand but fewer than eight thousand inhabitants and located	
5	in a county with more than twenty-five thousand but fewer than	
6	thirty thousand inhabitants for the expansion of building-space	
7	for workforce development programs	
8	From General Revenue Fund (0101) (one-time)	\$1,100,000

1	Section 2.155. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	For the Office of College and Career Readiness	
4	For Career and Technical Education, provided that no funds are used for	
5	advertising	
6	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$52,070,590

7	For distributions to providers of career and technical education programs	
8	From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....	<u>28,000,000</u>
9	Total	\$80,070,590

1 Section 2.160. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Office of College and Career Readiness
 4 For supporting and expanding Registered Youth Apprenticeship
 5 programs
 6 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$611,000

1 Section 2.165. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Office of College and Career Readiness
 4 For nationally recognized career readiness assessments to be made
 5 available for all eleventh or twelfth grade students that measure
 6 foundational career readiness skills, including applied
 7 mathematics, workplace documents, and graphic literacy and
 8 lead to a nationally recognized work-readiness credential that is
 9 used by site selectors to rank states for site selection and
 10 economic development
 11 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$1,300,000
 12 From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291) (one-time).....1,200,000
 13 Total\$2,500,000

1 Section 2.166. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Office of College and Career Readiness
 4 For the Missouri Career Advising Initiative
 5 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$3,500,000

1 Section 2.168. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For a collaborative initiative that connects the Missouri public school
 4 community for research and development of innovation zone
 5 districts, competency-based education, and establishing a waiver
 6 from the federal government for statewide testing
 7 From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291) (one-time).....\$3,000,000

1 Section 2.170. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For dyslexia programs, provided three percent (3%) flexibility is allowed
 4 from this section to Section 2.500

5	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$20
6	From Evidence-based Reading Instruction Program Fund (0214)	<u>600,000</u>
7	Total	\$600,020

1 Section 2.175. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Missouri Healthy Schools, Successful Students Program
 4 From Elementary and Secondary Education - Federal Fund (0105)\$383,148

1 Section 2.180. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Missouri Project AWARE program to address the mental health
 4 needs of youth
 5 From Elementary and Secondary Education - Federal Fund (0105)\$1,706,933

1 Section 2.185. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Comprehensive Literacy Development Program
 4 From Elementary and Secondary Education Federal Fund (0105).....\$4,299,143

1 Section 2.190. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For a public school district located within a city not within a county, a
 4 district-wide innovative “Literacy Course” reading tiered
 5 systematic intervention program using reading teachers and
 6 academic instructional coaches who will model literacy lessons
 7 for classroom teachers and provide support for individual
 8 students with reading deficiencies, and determine reading tiers
 9 and track student progress; provided that each student has an
 10 Individualized Reading Plan to monitor their progress over time
 11 as they enter each grade
 12 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$2,500,000

1 Section 2.195. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For improving the academic achievement of the disadvantaged programs
 4 operated by local education agencies under Title I of the
 5 Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 as amended by
 6 the Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015, provided twenty-five

7 percent (25%) flexibility is allowed from this section to Section
8 2.350

9 From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....\$247,840,470

1 Section 2.200. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For facilitating the identification, enrollment, attendance, and success in
4 school of homeless children and youths under Title IX, Part A of
5 the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 as
6 amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015

7 From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....\$1,400,000

8 For facilitating the identification, enrollment, attendance, and success in
9 school of homeless children and youths as authorized by the
10 American Rescue Plan Act

11 From Department of Elementary and Secondary Education Federal

12 Emergency Relief 2021 Fund (2434)..... 10,707,773

13 Total\$12,107,773

1 Section 2.202. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For a statewide program that assists homeless students to help them
4 overcome barriers to successfully find and stay in permanent
5 housing

6 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (one-time)\$250,000

1 Section 2.205. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For programs for the gifted from interest earnings accruing in the
4 Stephen Morgan Ferman Memorial for Education of the Gifted

5 From State School Moneys Fund (0616).....\$9,027

1 Section 2.210. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For the Supporting Effective Instruction Grants Program pursuant to
4 Title II of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965
5 as amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015

6 From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....\$28,903,291

- 1 Section 2.215. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 For the Rural Education Initiative grants pursuant to Title V, Part B of
4 the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 as
5 amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015
6 From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....\$3,225,567
- 1 Section 2.220. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 For language acquisition pursuant to Title III of the Elementary and
4 Secondary Education Act of 1965 as amended by the Every
5 Student Succeeds Act of 2015
6 From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....\$4,627,860
- 1 Section 2.225. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 For Student Support and Enrichment grants pursuant to Title IV, Part A
4 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 as
5 amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015
6 From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....\$24,840,341
- 1 Section 2.230. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 For character education initiatives
4 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$525,000
- 1 Section 2.235. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury to the School
4 Turnaround Fund
5 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$975,000
- 1 Section 2.240. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 For the School Turnaround Program
4 From School Turnaround Fund (0439).....\$975,000
- 1 Section 2.245. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 For the Teacher of the Year Program

4 From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....\$40,000

1 Section 2.250. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury to the
4 Teacher Recruitment and Retention State Scholarship Fund

5 From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291).....\$800,000

6 For the Teacher Recruitment and Retention State Scholarship Program

7 From Teacher Recruitment and Retention State Scholarship Fund (0221) 800,000

8 Total\$1,600,000

1 Section 2.255. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For the Office of Educator Quality

4 For Grow Your Own grants, provided funds shall be distributed based
5 upon a competitive process, and further provided the department
6 shall establish a scoring rubric with priority given to programs
7 that serve low resource communities and diversify state and local
8 teacher workforces, subject to the following allocations:

9 For community colleges, provided a total of five (5) grants are awarded
10 in the amount of \$45,000 each

11 From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291).....\$225,000

12 For educator preparation programs, provided a total of fifteen (15) grants
13 are awarded in the amount of \$70,000 each

14 From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291).....1,050,000

15 For local education agencies (LEAs), provided a total of one hundred
16 twenty-five (125) grants are awarded in the amount of \$10,000
17 each

18 From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291)..... 1,250,000

19 Total\$2,525,000

1 Section 2.260. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For the Project Extended Impact program

4 From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....\$3,316,380

1 Section 2.265. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Vocational Rehabilitation Program
 4 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$15,841,442
 5 From Vocational Rehabilitation Fund (0104).....36,345,040
 6 From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291).....1,400,000
 7 For Payments by the Department of Mental Health
 8 From Vocational Rehabilitation Fund (0104).....1,000,000
 9 Total\$54,586,482

1 Section 2.270. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Disability Determination Program
 4 From Vocational Rehabilitation Fund (0104).....\$16,831,731

1 Section 2.275. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For Independent Living Centers, provided three percent (3%) flexibility
 4 is allowed from this section to Section 2.500
 5 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$2,060,000
 6 From Vocational Rehabilitation Fund (0104).....1,402,546
 7 From Independent Living Center Fund (0284).....190,556
 8 For an equal increase on a percentage basis for Independent Living
 9 Centers that receive additional funding directly from the federal
 10 government
 11 From General Revenue Fund (0101)160,555
 12 For equalization of state funding to Independent Living Centers that do
 13 not receive additional funding directly from the federal
 14 government
 15 From General Revenue Fund (0101)1,739,446
 16 Total\$5,553,103

1 Section 2.280. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For distributions to educational institutions for the Adult Basic Education
 4 Program, provided three percent (3%) flexibility is allowed from
 5 this section to Section 2.500

6	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$5,014,868
7	From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....	<u>8,560,771</u>
8	Total	\$13,575,639

1 Section 2.285. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For a workforce diploma program for adults without a high school
4 diploma as designated by the Department of Elementary and
5 Secondary Education

6	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$4,000,000
---	--	-------------

1 Section 2.290. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For the Special Education Program, provided twenty-five percent (25%)
4 flexibility is allowed from this section to Section 2.310

5	From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....	\$226,723,155
---	--	---------------

1 Section 2.295. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For special education excess costs

4	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$39,946,351
---	--	--------------

5	From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291).....	<u>19,590,000</u>
---	--	-------------------

6	Total	\$59,536,351
---	-------------	--------------

1 Section 2.300. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education

3 For the Office of Childhood

4	Personal Service.....	\$3,067,235
---	-----------------------	-------------

5	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>192,209</u>
---	----------------------------	----------------

6	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	3,259,444
---	--	-----------

7	Personal Service.....	1,728,356
---	-----------------------	-----------

8	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>156,067</u>
---	----------------------------	----------------

9	From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....	1,884,423
---	--	-----------

10	Personal Service.....	8,305,814
----	-----------------------	-----------

11	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>2,017,632</u>
----	----------------------------	------------------

12	From Child Care and Development Block Grant Federal Fund (0168).....	10,323,446
----	--	------------

13	Personal Service.....	41,056
----	-----------------------	--------

14	Expense and Equipment.....	436
15	From Department of Elementary and Secondary Education Federal	
16	Stimulus – 2021 Fund (2436)	41,492
17	Total (Not to exceed 219.00 F.T.E)	\$15,508,805

1	Section 2.305. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	For the Office of Childhood	
4	For the Early Childhood Special Education Program	
5	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$178,868,227
6	From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291).....	16,548,507
7	From Early Childhood Development, Education and Care Fund (0859)	21,464,533
8	Total	\$216,881,267

1	Section 2.310. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	For the Office of Childhood	
4	For the Special Education Program, provided twenty-five percent (25%)	
5	flexibility is allowed from this section to Section 2.290	
6	From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....	\$27,000,000

1	Section 2.315. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	For the Office of Childhood	
4	For Early Childhood Development, provided that the Department of	
5	Elementary and Secondary Education shall coordinate the	
6	delivery of Parent Education Services with the Home Visiting	
7	Programs within the Office of Childhood	
8	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$23,418,975
9	From Early Childhood Development, Education and Care Fund (0859)	5,000,000

10	For reimbursements to school districts for Parent Education in	
11	conjunction with the Early Childhood Education and Screening	
12	Program, provided three percent (3%) flexibility is allowed from	
13	this section to Section 2.500	
14	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	198,200

15	For Early Childhood Development in unaccredited or provisionally	
16	accredited districts, provided that the Department of Elementary	

17 and Secondary Education shall coordinate the delivery of Parent
 18 Education Services with the Home Visiting Programs within the
 19 Office of Childhood
 20 From General Revenue Fund (0101) 500,000
 21 Total \$29,117,175

1 Section 2.320. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Office of Childhood
 4 For grants to community-based programs to strengthen the child welfare
 5 system locally to prevent child abuse and neglect and divert
 6 children from entering the custody of the Department of Social
 7 Services, Children's Division, provided three percent (3%)
 8 flexibility is allowed from this section to Section 2.500
 9 From General Revenue Fund (0101) \$4,611,500
 10 For providing home visiting services and health and safety services and
 11 education through local implementing agencies and for the
 12 administration of the Parent Advisory Council, provided three
 13 percent (3%) flexibility is allowed from this section to Section
 14 2.500
 15 From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105)..... 6,551,508
 16 From Department of Elementary and Secondary Education Federal
 17 Stimulus – 2021 Fund (2436) 986,867
 18 For providing evidence-based home visiting services to at-risk, low-
 19 income families
 20 From Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Federal Fund (0199) 2,900,000
 21 Total \$15,049,875

1 Section 2.325. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For a book gifting program that mails free, high-quality books to children
 4 from birth to age five
 5 From General Revenue Fund (0101) \$11,100,000

1 Section 2.330. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Office of Childhood
 4 For the early childhood comprehensive system

5 From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....\$255,600

1 Section 2.335. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary

2 Education

3 For the Office of Childhood

4 For development of a voluntary early learning quality assurance report

5 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$119,713

6 For receiving and expending early childhood education grants

7 From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105)..... 17,200,000

8 Total\$17,319,713

1 Section 2.340. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary

2 Education

3 For the Office of Childhood

4 For the First Steps Program, provided three percent (3%) flexibility is
5 allowed from this section to Section 2.500

6 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$47,218,953

7 From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....10,993,757

8 From Part C Early Intervention System Fund (0788)..... 11,500,000

9 Total\$69,712,710

1 Section 2.345. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary

2 Education

3 For the Office of Childhood

4 For the Language Equality and Acquisition for Deaf Kids (LEAD-K) Act
5 pursuant to Section 161.396, RSMo

6 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (including \$143,557 one-time)\$596,288

1 Section 2.350. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary

2 Education

3 For the Office of Childhood

4 For improving the academic achievement of the disadvantaged programs
5 operated by local education agencies under Title I of the
6 Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended
7 by the Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015, provided twenty-five
8 percent (25%) flexibility is allowed from this section to Section
9 2.195

10 From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....\$31,411,225

1	Section 2.355. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	For the Office of Childhood	
4	For the School Age Afterschool Program	
5	From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....	\$20,314,520
6	From Child Care and Development Block Grant Federal Fund (0168).....	1,263,063
7	For before and after school programs, provided that such funds shall be	
8	awarded through a competitive grant process	
9	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	7,398,064
10	From Early Childhood Development, Education and Care Fund (0859)	295,399
11	For afterschool programs in urban areas with a focus on addressing the	
12	needs of students in school districts affected by gun violence,	
13	with a priority of serving high poverty students	
14	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	<u>350,000</u>
15	Total	\$29,621,046

1	Section 2.360. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	For the Office of Childhood, Quality Initiatives, provided three percent	
4	(3%) flexibility is allowed from this section to Section 2.500	
5	For the general administration of the quality initiatives programs,	
6	including development and implementation of automated	
7	systems to enhance time, attendance reporting, contract	
8	compliance, payment accuracy, monitoring, referral services,	
9	professional development, Early Head Start, parent education,	
10	background screenings, and to support the Educare Program	
11	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$2,757,353
12	From Child Care and Development Block Grant Federal Fund (0168).....	35,743,330
13	For quality assurance rating	
14	From Child Care and Development Block Grant Federal Fund (0168).....	500,000
15	For enhancing child care health and safety practices through provider	
16	outreach	
17	From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....	259,000
18	From Child Care and Development Block Grant Federal Fund (0168).....	414,362

19	For activities to improve the quality of childcare, increase the availability	
20	of early childhood development programs, before and after	
21	school care, in-home services for families with newborn children,	
22	and for general administration of the program	
23	From Elementary and Secondary Education – Federal Fund (0105).....	462,565
24	For early childhood development, education, and care programs for low-	
25	income families	
26	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	3,500,000
27	For child care at adult high school locations	
28	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	<u>1,510,000</u>
29	Total	\$45,146,610

1	Section 2.365. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	For the Office of Childhood, Child Care Subsidy, provided twenty-five	
4	percent (25%) flexibility is allowed from this section to Section	
5	2.370 and three percent (3%) flexibility is allowed from this	
6	section to Section 2.500	
7	For child care subsidy payments for low-income families, provided that	
8	the income thresholds for child care subsidies shall be a full	
9	traditional subsidy benefit for individuals with an income which	
10	is less than or equal to 150 percent of the federal poverty level; a	
11	transitional benefit with a sliding scale fee for individuals with an	
12	income which is less than or equal to 185 percent of the federal	
13	poverty level but greater than 150 percent of the federal poverty	
14	level; a transitional benefit with a sliding scale fee for individuals	
15	with an income which is less than or equal to 215 percent of the	
16	federal poverty level but greater than 185 percent of federal	
17	poverty level	
18	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$16,627,030
19	From Child Care and Development Block Grant Federal Fund (0168).....	142,042,947
20	From Child Care Discretionary Federal Emergency Relief 2021 Fund	
21	(2468).....	49,561,122
22	From Early Childhood Development, Education and Care Fund (0859)	5,387,924
23	Expense and Equipment	
24	From Child Care and Development Block Grant Federal Fund (0168).....	<u>1,616,328</u>
25	Total	\$215,235,351

Section 2.370. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
Education

For the Office of Childhood

For Child Care Subsidy, provided twenty-five percent (25%) flexibility
is allowed between this section and Section 2.365, and further
provided three percent (3%) flexibility is allowed from this
section to Section 2.500

For child care subsidy payments for children under the care or custody
of the Department of Social Services Children's Division, and for
children adopted or under legal guardianship through Children's
Division, provided the subsidy paid to providers on behalf of
children in legal custody of the Children's Division shall be no
less than the market rate by region and provider-type, in
accordance with the latest market rate study performed by or for
the office

From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$5,836,137
From Child Care and Development Block Grant Federal Fund (0168).....	31,605,343
From Child Care Discretionary Federal Emergency Relief 2021 Fund (2468).....	5,199,824
From Early Childhood Development, Education and Care Fund (0859)	<u>1,891,177</u>
Total	\$44,532,481

Section 2.380. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
Education

For the Office of Childhood

For child care discretionary services in response to the COVID-19
pandemic

From Child Care Discretionary Federal Emergency Relief 2021 Fund (2468).....	\$149,331,531
---	---------------

For start-up costs related to a new child care program in a city with more
than twenty-seven thousand but fewer than thirty thousand
inhabitants and located in a county with more than one million
inhabitants associated with a not-for-profit law enforcement
organization located in a city with more than eight thousand but
fewer than nine thousand inhabitants and located in a county with
more than one million inhabitants, provided that any grant awards
disbursed from this appropriation shall be matched on a 50/50
basis by the recipient

17 From Child Care Discretionary Federal Emergency Relief 2021 Fund
 18 (2468)..... 6,000,000
 19 Total\$155,331,531

1 Section 2.385. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For payments to school districts for children in residential placements
 4 through the Department of Mental Health or the Department of
 5 Social Services pursuant to Section 167.126, RSMo
 6 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$2,692,315
 7 From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291).....4,750,000
 8 For payments to school districts for children in residential placements
 9 through the Department of Mental Health or the Department of
 10 Social Services pursuant to Section 167.126, RSMo, provided
 11 that said placements make up at least thirty percent (30%) of an
 12 eligible district's prior year average daily attendance
 13 From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291)..... 250,000
 14 Total\$7,692,315

1 Section 2.387. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For funding of a school within a school to provide a turn-key intervention
 4 program that educates at-risk middle school students to learn in
 5 highly innovative, highly engaging, hands-on STEM-focused
 6 curriculum, provided such program shall have documented
 7 results of improving students up to two grade levels in one school
 8 year as proven in other states, and further provided such
 9 appropriation shall be distributed in \$1,000,000 grant increments
 10 to each school district which applies for the grant
 11 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (one-time)\$3,000,000

1 Section 2.390. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the purpose of providing tampons, sanitary napkins, and other related
 4 products in the school nurse's office, student health center, or
 5 other area designated by the school administration for all middle
 6 school, junior high, and high school buildings in which there are
 7 students in grades six through twelve, at no charge to students

8 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$1,000,000

9 To contract with a vendor to provide to public schools asthma
 10 rescue medication such as metered dose inhalers and albuterol,
 11 peak flow meters, spacers, and other related equipment and
 12 training to school health officials who treat children with asthma
 13 and allergies in the school setting
 14 From Budget Stabilization Fund (0522) (one-time) 1,300,000
 15 Total\$2,300,000

1 Section 2.395. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education

3 For the Sheltered Workshops Program, provided three percent (3%)
 4 flexibility is allowed from this section to Section 2.500

5 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$30,000,000

6 For grants to sheltered workshops for the purpose of skilled training
 7 infrastructure and equipment

8 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (one-time) 2,000,000

9 Total\$32,000,000

1 Section 2.400. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education

3 For payments to readers for blind or visually disabled students in
 4 elementary and secondary schools, provided three percent (3%)
 5 flexibility is allowed from this section to Section 2.500

6 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$25,000

1 Section 2.405. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education

3 For a task force on blind student academic and vocational performance,
 4 provided three percent (3%) flexibility is allowed from this
 5 section to Section 2.500

6 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$231,953

1 Section 2.410. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education

3 For the Missouri School for the Deaf

4 From School for the Deaf Trust Fund (0922)\$49,500

1 Section 2.415. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Missouri School for the Blind
 4 From School for the Blind Trust Fund (0920).....\$1,500,000

1 Section 2.420. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Missouri Special Olympics Program, provided three percent
 4 (3%) flexibility is allowed from this section to Section 2.500
 5 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$100,000

1 Section 2.425. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Missouri Schools for the Severely Disabled
 4 From Handicapped Children's Trust Fund (0618).....\$200,000

1 Section 2.430. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Missouri Charter Public School Commission, provided ten
 4 percent (10%) flexibility is allowed from personal service to
 5 expense and equipment
 6 Personal Service.....\$550,944
 7 Expense and Equipment.....2,809,092
 8 From Charter Public School Commission Revolving Fund (0860).....3,360,036
 9 Expense and Equipment
 10 From Charter Public School Commission Federal Fund (0175)500,000
 11 Total (Not to exceed 6.00 F.T.E.)\$3,860,036

1 Section 2.435. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
 2 Education
 3 For the Missouri Commission for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing,
 4 provided three percent (3%) flexibility is allowed from this
 5 section to Section 2.500
 6 Personal Service.....\$419,920
 7 Expense and Equipment.....233,076
 8 From General Revenue Fund (0101)652,996

9 For grants to organizations providing deaf-blind services pursuant to
 10 Section 161.412.1, RSMo

11	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	300,000
12	Personal Service.....	42,820
13	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>119,000</u>
14	From Missouri Commission for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing Fund	
15	(0743).....	161,820
16	Expense and Equipment	
17	From Missouri Commission for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing Board of	
18	Certification of Interpreters Fund (0264).....	<u>152,260</u>
19	Total (Not to exceed 7.00 F.T.E.)	\$1,267,076

1 Section 2.440. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury to the
4 Statewide Hearing Aid Distribution Fund
5 From General Revenue Fund (0101) (including \$300,000 one-time)\$400,000

1 Section 2.445. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 For the Missouri Commission for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing
4 For the Statewide Hearing Aid Distribution Program
5 From Statewide Hearing Aid Distribution Fund (0617)\$400,000

1 Section 2.450. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 For the Missouri Holocaust Education and Awareness Commission
4 Expense and Equipment
5 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$122,000

1 Section 2.455. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 For the Missouri Assistive Technology Council
4 Personal Service.....\$262,100
5 Expense and Equipment.....572,381
6 From Assistive Technology Federal Fund (0188)834,481

7 Personal Service.....291,259
8 Expense and Equipment.....1,639,923
9 From Deaf Relay Service and Equipment Distribution Program Fund

10	(0559).....	1,931,182
11	Personal Service.....	66,089
12	Expense and Equipment.....	<u>675,000</u>
13	From Assistive Technology Loan Revolving Fund (0889)	741,089
14	Expense and Equipment	
15	From Assistive Technology Trust Fund (0781).....	1,080,004
16	For the payment of refunds set off against debt as required by Section	
17	143.786, RSMo	
18	From Debt Offset Escrow Fund (0753)	<u>1,000</u>
19	Total (Not to exceed 8.40 F.T.E.)	\$4,587,756
1	Section 2.460. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury, chargeable	
4	to the General Revenue Fund - County Foreign Tax Distribution,	
5	to the State School Moneys Fund	
6	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$190,329,350
1	Section 2.465. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury to the State	
4	School Moneys Fund	
5	From Fair Share Fund (0687)	\$19,200,000
1	Section 2.470. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury to the	
4	Outstanding Schools Trust Fund	
5	From General Revenue Fund (0101)	\$836,600,000
1	Section 2.475. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary	
2	Education	
3	Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury to the	
4	Classroom Trust Fund	
5	From Gaming Proceeds for Education Fund (0285) (including	
6	\$72,000,000 (one-time).....	\$457,000,000

- 1 Section 2.480. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury to the
4 Classroom Trust Fund
5 From Lottery Proceeds Fund (0291).....\$19,687,962
- 1 Section 2.485. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury to the School
4 District Bond Fund
5 From Gaming Proceeds for Education Fund (0285).....\$492,000
- 1 Section 2.490. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury to the State
4 School Moneys Fund
5 From School Building Revolving Fund (0279)\$1,500,000
- 1 Section 2.495. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury to the State
4 School Moneys Fund
5 From After-School Retreat Reading and Assessment Grant Program
6 Fund (0732).....\$2,000
- 1 Section 2.497. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury to the
4 Elementary and Secondary Education-Federal Fund
5 From Coordinating Board for Early Childhood Fund (0773) (one-time).....\$120
- 1 Section 2.500. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 Funds are to be transferred out of the State Treasury, for the
4 payment of claims, premiums, and expenses as provided by
5 Sections 105.711 through 105.726, RSMo, to the State Legal
6 Expense Fund
7 From General Revenue Fund (0101)\$1

PART 2

1 Section 2.501. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 In reference to all sections in Part 1 of this act:
4 No funds shall be expended for or from any federal grant in
5 furtherance of administrative costs greater than five percent (5%)
6 of said federal grant amount or in accordance with grant
7 guidelines.

1 Section 2.505. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 In reference to Section 2.365 of Part 1 of this act:
4 No funds shall be expended in furtherance of the 100th percentile
5 of the current child care market for infant and toddler provider
6 rates, as determined from the most recent child care market rate
7 survey, and no funds shall be expended in furtherance of the 65th
8 percentile of the current child care market for pre-k and school-
9 age provider rates, as determined from the most recent child care
10 market rate survey. No funds shall be expended in furtherance of
11 any benefit greater than that provided for by the applicable
12 traditional or transitional child care subsidy income eligibility
13 threshold.

1 Section 2.510. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 In reference to Section 2.370 of Part 1 of this act:
4 No funds shall be expended in furtherance of the 100th percentile
5 of the current child care market for infant and toddler provider
6 rates, as determined from the most recent child care market rate
7 survey, and no funds shall be expended in furtherance of the 65th
8 percentile of the current child care market for pre-k and school-
9 age provider rates, as determined from the most recent child care
10 market rate survey, except for subsidy paid to providers on behalf
11 of children in legal custody of the Children's Division who shall
12 be paid no less than the market rate. No funds shall be expended
13 in furtherance of any benefit greater than that provided for by the

14 applicable traditional or transitional child care subsidy income
15 eligibility threshold.

1 Section 2.515. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 In reference to Sections 2.380 of Part 1 of this act:
4 Subject to federal approval, a transitional child care subsidy
5 benefit for low-income families not previously qualifying for a
6 traditional benefit shall be provided for in full from this
7 appropriation, and the amount of the benefit shall be determined
8 by the income eligibility thresholds in Section 2.365. Any
9 established sliding fees that provide for cost sharing by families
10 that receive a child care subsidy shall be waived for the
11 participant and paid by the department to providers from this
12 appropriation. A new transitional child care subsidy benefit with
13 a sliding scale fee not to exceed 200 percent of the maximum
14 sliding scale fee for the traditional benefit for individuals with an
15 income which is less than or equal to 250 percent of the federal
16 poverty level but greater than 216 percent of the federal poverty
17 level but not greater than 85% of the state median income shall
18 be provided for in full from this appropriation.

1 Section 2.530. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 In reference to all sections in Part 1 of this act:
4 No funds shall be expended to any municipality that enacts or
5 adopts a sanctuary policy, in accordance with Section 67.307,
6 RSMo. Any municipality that enacts or adopts a sanctuary policy
7 and has received state funds during the current state fiscal year
8 shall pay back all funds with interest calculated at the statutory
9 rate of interest as provided in Section 408.040.4, RSMo.

PART 3

1 Section 2.600. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 In reference to Sections 2.355 through and including 2.370 of
4 Part 1 and Part 2 of this act:

5 The Department shall provide written notification prior to
6 submission to the federal government of state plans and state plan
7 amendments, and quarterly financial reports, to the House Budget
8 and Senate Appropriation Committee Chairs. The Department
9 shall include in the notification the actual documents submitted
10 to the federal government, as well as the federal government's
11 responses when received.

1 Section 2.605. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 In reference to all sections in Part 1 and Part 2 of this act:
4 The Department shall provide notification and correspondence
5 from the federal government of non-compliance with federal
6 programs or grants to the House Budget and Senate
7 Appropriation Committee Chairs.

1 Section 2.610. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 In reference to Section 2.380 of Part 1 and Part 2 of this act:
4 The Department shall provide written notification of spend plans
5 and spend plan amendments to the House Budget and Senate
6 Appropriation Committee Chairs prior to submission to the
7 federal government and prior to expenditure of such funds.

1 Section 2.615. To the Department of Elementary and Secondary
2 Education
3 The Department shall direct deposits of moneys received by the
4 state from the federal government for the Child Care and
5 Development Fund into the Child Care and Development Block
6 Grant Federal Fund (0168), with the exception of: additional
7 stimulus block grant distributions authorized under the
8 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, the
9 Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations
10 Act, the American Rescue Plan Act, and any other additional
11 block grant distributions received before June 30, 2025, under
12 subsequent future federal stimulus acts.

Bill Totals

General Revenue Fund (818.39 F.T.E.).....	\$3,999,286,991
Federal Funds (999.36 F.T.E.).....	2,411,492,506
Other Funds (24.75 F.T.E.).....	<u>2,342,399,717</u>
Total (1,842.50 F.T.E.)	\$8,753,179,214

✓

Truly Agreed to and Finally Passed Bills -- 2024

HB1495 (Rep. Dave Griffith (R)) - Tasks the Missouri veterans commission with expanding its efforts to prevent veteran suicide

Summary

HB 1495 -- MISSOURI VETERANS COMMISSION

As specified in this bill, the Missouri Veterans Commission must review the provisions of the Commander John Scott Hannon Veterans Mental Health Care Improvement Act of 2019, and any regulations related thereto. After review, the Commission, in collaboration with the Department of Mental Health, must provide recommendations and make efforts to adopt procedures, programs, treatment options, additional aid, and any other assistance deemed necessary by the Commission to assist in the efforts to prevent veteran suicide, subject to appropriation. On or before July 1, 2025, and by every July 1st thereafter the Commission must file a report with the Department of Public Safety and the General Assembly on the recommendations, implementation, and effectiveness of the efforts by the Commission to prevent veteran suicide.

HB1751 (Rep. Mike Haffner (R)) - Modifies provisions governing solid waste management permits

Summary

SS HB 1751 -- SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT PERMITS

Currently, the Department of Natural Resources is prohibited from issuing a permit for the operation of a solid waste disposal area designed to serve a city with a population greater than 400,000 inhabitants located in more than one county, if the site is located within one-half mile of an adjoining municipality without the adjoining municipality's approval.

This bill changes the required distance from the adjoining municipality from one-half mile to one mile, and makes the one mile distance apply to solid waste processing facilities, demolition landfills, and sanitary landfills in addition to solid waste disposal areas.

HB1803 (Rep. Terry Thompson (R)) - Increases aggregate investment amount that the state treasurer may invest in linked deposits and changes disbursement criteria for eligible parties.

Summary

HB 1803 -- STATE TREASURER'S AUTHORITY TO INVEST

This bill raises the aggregate amount that the State Treasurer may invest in linked deposits, so that the total amount deposited at any one time does not exceed \$1.2 billion. Currently, the cap is \$800 million. The bill specifies that the aggregate deposits will be used for linked deposits to eligible small businesses in addition to the businesses currently allowed. Currently, there is a maximum dollar amount that can be deposited in linked deposits applicable to the various businesses; this bill changes the maximum to a percentage of the aggregate deposit.

HB1909 (Rep. Tim Taylor (R)) - Removes the requirement for county and city committee meetings to take place in the county seat

Summary

HB 1909 -- COUNTY COMMITTEE MEETINGS

This bill repeals the requirement that county committees hold their meetings within the seat of the county in advance of primary elections, and repeals the requirement that the St. Louis city committee chair may designate where that committee will meet on the same day as the county committee.

HB1912 (Rep. Mike McGirl (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to the taxation of pass-through entities

Summary

SS HB 1912 -- TAXATION OF PASS-THROUGH ENTITIES

Currently, the law authorizes a taxpayer to claim a tax credit for income tax paid to another state on income that is also taxable in Missouri. This bill allows S Corporation shareholders to take a similar tax credit for the shareholder's share of the S Corporation's income derived from sources in another state.

Currently, the SALT Parity Act allows for an alternative method for the taxation of income in pass-through entities, as well as a tax credit against those sources of income tax. Current law also allows a taxpayer to reduce his or her tax burden through use of the Federal business income deduction. This bill alters such calculation by allowing the use of the Missouri State business income deduction instead.

This bill allows a member of an affected business entity to opt-out of the SALT Parity Act's taxation methods. If one or more members opt-out, the affected business shall subtract the opt-out members' allocable income and deduction items. If a member does not file a timely opt-out election for a tax year, that member shall not be precluded from timely filing an opt-out election for subsequent tax years.

If a nonresident member chooses to opt-out, that nonresident shall agree to:

- (1) File a return based on Missouri nonresident adjusted gross income and to make timely payment of taxes with respect to income of the affected business entity; and
- (2) Be subject to personal jurisdiction in this State for purposes of tax collection with respect to the income of the affected business entity.

This bill applies the SALT Parity tax credit to a fiduciary of an estate or trust that is also a member of an affected business entity.

HB2057 (Rep. Ben Keathley (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to video service providers

Summary

HB 2057 -- MUNICIPAL FRANCHISE FEES FOR VIDEO SERVICE PROVIDERS

This bill modifies the definition of "video service" for provisions of law relating to video service providers to now include streaming content.

HB2062 (Rep. Chris Brown (R)) - Establishes provisions relating to the use of real property

Summary

SS HB 2062 -- REAL PROPERTY

This bill enacts several provisions relating to the use of real property, including changes to property taxation, the broadening of the Land Bank Act to cover more areas, changes to the historic, rural revitalization, and regulatory streamlining act, and new enactments on business shutdown orders, electric vehicle charging infrastructure requirements, sewer liens, home inspections, and the pasturing of chickens.

PROTECTING MISSOURI'S SMALL BUSINESSES ACT (Section 44.251)

The bill establishes the "Protecting Missouri's Small Businesses Act". Beginning January 1, 2025, any political subdivision implementing a shutdown order that results in a business closing solely due to the shutdown order for at least 14 consecutive days or 30 cumulative days must waive the fee for a business license during the period of the shutdown order or 6 months, whichever is longer, and reduce the real and personal property tax liability of the business as provided in the act. This act is not an exemption of property from taxation by the political subdivision, and any action taken by a political subdivision that results in a refund or revenues lost shall be construed as an exercise of the political subdivision's authority to levy and collect local tax revenues.

This provision is the same as HB 2874 and similar to HCS HB 1263 (2024).

ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING INFRASTRUCTURE (Section 67.288)

The bill defines "electric vehicle" and "electric vehicle charging station" and prohibits political subdivisions from adopting various forms of legislation to require charging stations on parking lots owned or leased by churches or nonprofit organizations. A business owner or property owner may pay for installation, maintenance, or operation of an electric vehicle charging station.

This provision is similar to HCS HB 1511 (2024).

LAND BANKS (Sections 140.010 to 141.1020)

This bill adds provisions to Section 140.010 concerning liens of the state on property with unpaid taxes to allow a county to elect to operate as a "partial opt-in county" for any parcel for which there is an unpaid tax bill for at least two years after its delinquent date after electing to establish a land bank agency under Section 140.981. The collector of the county will decide which tax delinquent parcels shall proceed according to the provisions of Sections 141.210 to 141.810, RSMo. These parcels are exempt from the provisions of Sections 140.030 to 140.722. The collector must remove the parcels from any list of parcels advertised for first, second, third, or post-third sales.

The bill adds the following individuals to the list of those to whom land bank sales are prohibited: members of the governing body and employees of a land bank agency; elected or appointed officials of the governing body and employee of such officials, of the political subdivision in which a land bank agency is located; and those who are related to the above within the second degree of consanguinity (Section 140.190).

A purchaser at any sale after the third offering of any land or lots, whether by the collector or a trustee as provided in section 140.260, may elect to proceed by giving notice to the collector before the issuance of a collector's deed (Section 140.250).

If no person redeems land sold for taxes under Section 140.420 before the expiration of the person's right to redeem, the current law states that the collector will execute to the person's heirs or assigns; the bill adds that specified parties that had a right, title, interest, claim, or equity of redemption on or to the lands or that had a lien upon the lands are

foreclosed of such unclaimed right, title, interest, claim, or equity of redemption in or to the lands and of any lien upon the lands.

Currently, Sections 140.980 to 140.1015, RSMo, are referred to as the "Land Bank Act". This bill changes the name to the "Chapter 140 Land Bank Act" and expands the list of cities authorized to establish a land bank agency to include any city with 1,500 or more inhabitants except in certain noncharter counties and certain charter counties (Sections 140.980 and 140.981).

Many sections in the Chapter 140 Land Bank Act are amended to include a reference to counties.

For land bank agencies established under the Chapter 140 Land Bank Act, the composition of the board of directors and other requirements, restrictions, and duties of the board members are specified in the bill. Any municipality that establishes a land agency under Section 140.981 may include certain information in the municipal ordinance, as specified in the bill. (Section 140.982)

Additional powers of a Chapter 140 land bank agency are modified to the extent that: borrowing from private lenders, the state, and the federal government is no longer allowed; the land bank agency can no longer issue notes and other obligations; a reference to specific ways in which a contract will be deemed to have been properly executed is removed; and a land bank agency can no longer lease or rent land bank property as either a lessor or lessee. (Section 140.983)

When a land bank agency acquires title to property, it must notify the county assessor and collector of all taxes, fines, and fees on the property that will thereafter be deemed satisfied by the transfer of the property to the land bank agency. A land bank agency can acquire property at a sheriff's tax sale or at a partial opt-in sale under Section 141.821, but the property cannot be partially or wholly located outside the county or municipality of the land bank agency, and it must be adjacent to property already owned by the land bank agency. Property to be added to another parcel already owned by the land bank agency can be purchased at a foreclosure sale. If property is acquired by a land bank agency under certain authorized methods, the excess of the land bank agency's bid over the amount of the tax bill will be distributed according to Section 140.230, but if the property is acquired under a delinquent land tax auction, any excess will be distributed under Section 141.580. Within one year of the effective date of an ordinance, resolution, or rule establishing a municipal land bank agency, real property held by a land trust must be transferred to the land bank agency (Section 140.984).

A land bank agency must disclose for public review whether it acquired property through judicial foreclosure, nonjudicial foreclosure, donation, or other manner. A land bank agency can establish a different hierarchical ranking of priorities for the use of its land as follows: purely public spaces and places; wildlife conservation; a green field area, and a return to private use. The requirement that the sale price for land bank agency property must equal or exceed the tax bill, interest, penalties, attorney's fees, and costs, is repealed and replaced with the simple requirement that land acquired through purchase, transfer, exchange, or gift must be sold. How the proceeds from the sale of any ancillary parcel must be distributed is repealed, as is the requirement that the sale price of a parcel must be reduced if it is one of five parcels in a single block and no offer for it has been made in the last year, with the reduction in price being advertised (Section 140.985).

The duration of time a land bank agency has to sell property or put it to productive use is increased from two to five years. The duration a land bank agency has to sell, clear, or put property to public use is eight years (Section 140.986).

Currently, a contract for the sale of residential property owned by the land bank agency requires the buyer to agree to own the property for three years or be civilly liable to the land bank for an amount equal to twice the sale price. The bill repeals this provision and requires a buyer to demonstrate that the buyer does not have a property in the land bank's jurisdiction with taxes delinquent for more than one year, is not in violation of any municipal building or housing code, and is not the original owner of the property or a relative of the original owners within the second degree of consanguinity (Section 140.987).

Foreign and domestic corporations or limited liability companies that do not have a registered agent under State law are not allowed to buy property from a land bank, nor are foreign corporate entities that do not have a certificate of authority to transact business in the State (Section 140.987).

A land bank agency can make it a condition of sale that a property owner or the property owner's successor make certain improvements to the property. If the improvements are not made, the land bank can sue for damages for the breach and seek a judicial foreclosure in which the property would go back to the land bank. As an alternative or in addition to a judicial foreclosure the land bank agency may gift the right to foreclose on the property to a nonprofit organization or exercise the right of reentry. Title will be conveyed by recording the judgment with the recorder of deeds (Section 140.987).

A land bank agency can receive funding through gifts from any source, provided that the agency does not sell or otherwise transfer any property held by it to the entity from which it received the gift (Section 140.988).

A county that has established a land bank agency may collect a fee for the collection of delinquent and back taxes in an amount up to 5% of all sums collected, which fees must be paid to the land bank agency (Section 140.988).

A land bank agency is authorized to receive funds from bonds issued by the county or municipality creating the land bank agency. These bonds will not be deemed an indebtedness within the meaning of any Constitutional or statutory limitation upon incurring indebtedness. The bonds must be authorized by a resolution of the governing body of the county or municipality establishing the land bank agency, which may also issue refunding bonds. The bonds are negotiable instruments under Chapter 400. The bonds and all income or interest thereon are exempt from all State taxes. Temporary notes are also authorized (Section 140.994).

A land bank agency may rent or lease property held by the land bank agency for community, noncommercial agricultural uses (Section 140.995). Members of the board are added to a provision that prohibits land bank employees from benefiting from or owning land bank property. For this provision, persons who are related to board members or employees within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity are considered board members or employees (Section 140.1000).

The bill adds that any other method as may be required by prevailing notions of due process is a permissible means of petition service in a quiet title action (Section 140.1009).

A land bank agency must be dissolved no sooner than 60 calendar days but no later than 180 calendar days after an ordinance or resolution for its dissolution is passed by the county or municipality that established the land bank agency. Once all outstanding bonds, notes, and other obligations are satisfied, no new property can be acquired by the land bank agency. No additional debts can be incurred unless necessary to sell property or put to public use. The land bank agency must be dissolved within 30 days after all outstanding bonds, notes, and other obligations are satisfied (Section 140.1012).

The definition of "county" for purposes of Sections 141.210 to 141.810 and Sections 141.980 to 141.1015 (collectively, the land tax collection law) is changed from charter counties and certain first class counties, currently only Buchanan County, to all counties, and the definition of "municipality" is changed from cities of 2,500 inhabitants in charter and first classification counties to all cities in all counties. This bill defines an "interested party" (Section 141.220).

Counties may now elect to wholly operate under Sections 141.210 to 141.810 by adopting a resolution or order, or partially by adopting a resolution or order for any parcel or parcels which have back taxes for at least two years from the date on which the taxes became delinquent. No county eligible to establish a land bank under Section 140.981 can be a partial opt-in county unless it first elects to establish a land bank agency as provided in Section 141.981 (Section 141.230).

For partial opt-in counties, the collector will decide which tax- delinquent parcels will proceed under the land tax collection laws and which will proceed under other laws (Section 141.290).

The collector has the option of appointing a delinquent land tax attorney to be compensated as necessary for performing the collector's duties. The appointed delinquent land tax attorney may appoint assistant attorneys to be compensated as necessary. The collector may pay an appointed delinquent land tax clerk what compensation is deemed necessary, rather than a set fee (Sections 141.320 and 141.330).

A petition for foreclosure of a tax lien must name each person with a legal interest in the land affected, as discoverable by the collector from publicly available records, and must contain certain information specified in the bill (Section 141.410).

The collector must send a copy of the petition by first-class mail to the occupant of the parcel or property which has delinquent taxes (Section 141.440).

In partial opt-in counties, the collector must make the following searches, the charge for which can be recovered from the proceeds of the sale:

- (1) A title search, not later than 120 days prior to the sale;
- (2) The following records, for interested parties and addresses reasonably calculated to apprise interested parties of the suit:
 - (a) Land title records in the county recorder of deeds office;
 - (b) Tax records in the office of the local treasurer;
 - (c) Tax records in the office of the local assessor;
 - (d) Court records in Missouri CaseNet; and
 - (e) For a business entity, records filed with the Secretary of State. The charge for these items can be recovered from the proceeds of the sale

No later than 30 days prior to the sale, the collector must send notice of the sale to all interested parties at the address most reasonably apprised to provide notice of the sale. The notice must provide the date, time, and place of the sale, and must state that the property may be redeemed prior to the sale. The charge for this item can be recovered from the proceeds of the sale.

No later than 20 days prior to the sale, the sheriff must post notice of the sale of the size and in the manner set out in the bill. The sheriff also must attempt in-person notice. The charge for these items can be recovered from the proceeds of the sale (Section 141.520).

Additional changes to the land tax collection law include: (1) Changing the laws regarding taxes and penalties for properties subject to certain actions as abandoned property in Jackson County. Currently, a provision allows a court in Jackson County to stay the tax foreclosure sale of property that is the subject of an action for temporary possession for rehabilitation if the party filing the action pays into the court all of the principal land taxes owed. The bill expands this provision to all counties;

(2) Currently, Section 141.540 sets forth the procedure a sheriff must follow when advertising for and selling real property ordered sold pursuant to a judgment of foreclosure by a court under the land tax collection law. The bill repeals almost all other provisions of the section dealing with duties of the county collector related to the sale;

(3) Currently, Section 141.550 deals with the conduct of sale, the sheriff's return of service, and the sheriff's deed in Kansas City. The bill adds Sections 141.980 to 141.1015 to the jurisdiction of the section, removes the limitation to Kansas City, gives the place and time of the sale for partial opt-in counties, and specifies what amounts the winning bid must include. Also, foreign and domestic corporations or limited liability companies that do not have a registered agent under State law are not allowed to buy property from a land bank, nor are foreign corporate entities that do not have a certificate of authority to transact business in the State. The official conducting the sale may require an affidavit from the buyer that he or she meets the requirements for purchasers;

(4) Clarifying that Section 141.560 applies to municipalities that have established a land bank agency under other pertinent sections or are in counties that have established a land bank agency, and removing the requirement that a land trust must include certain other costs when a parcel is sold by the land trust;

(5) Modifying the language regarding the title to any real estate that is vested to a purchaser (Section 141.570);

(6) Establishing a six-month time limit during which a court should confirm or set aside a foreclosure sale, clarifying who should receive notice of a hearing, and providing what the judgment should state. Section 141.580 will not apply to sales of land to land bank agencies. In partial opt-in counties, funds remaining after the sale and after the distribution as required by law, will be given to the county school fund. Counties operating under the land tax collection law can elect to establish a fund for the purpose of defending against claims challenging the sufficiency of the notice provided. An interested party other than the purchaser must pay into the court the redemption amount prior to a hearing; (7) Repealing the part of Section 141.610 that provides that one year after a foreclosure sale it will be conclusively presumed that everything was done correctly, and no suit to set aside a deed will be commenced or maintained unless it is filed within one year from the date of sale;

(8) Providing that Section 141.680 does not apply to partial opt- in counties; and

(9) Limiting the applicability of Section 141.700, establishing a land trust, to counties electing to operate under Sections 141.210 to 141.810 prior to January 1, 2025;

In partial opt-in counties, the bill provides for the establishment and make-up of a land trust, the governing board, and the board's duties and responsibilities (Section 141.821).

The bill designates Sections 141.980 to 141.1015 as the "Chapter 141 Municipal Land Bank Act" in Section 141.980, deletes its limited applicability to municipalities located wholly or partially in counties with a land trust as of January 1, 2012, makes it applicable to counties electing to operate wholly under Sections 141.420 to 141.810, repeals the provision limiting sales made to a single entity to five contiguous parcels per year, and prohibits municipalities in partial opt-in counties from establishing land bank agencies under Section 141.980.

The bill adds that any other method as may be required by prevailing notions of due process is a permissible means of petition service in a quiet title action (Section 141.1009).

Provisions are added to permit a land bank agency to rent or lease property held by the land bank agency for community, noncommercial agricultural uses. (Section 141.1020)

This bill repeals Section 140.1006, and Sections 141.820 to 141.970 dealing with collection of delinquent taxes in the City of St. Louis.

These provisions are similar to provisions in HB 2065 (2024).

PUBLIC SEWER DISTRICT LIENS (Section 249.255)

This bill provides that a lien placed upon a property for unpaid sewer charges, once publicly and properly recorded, has higher priority than all liens except taxes levied under Section 141.821 for state or county purposes. This provision is similar to a provision in HB 2065 (2024).

HISTORIC, RURAL REVITALIZATION, AND REGULATORY STREAMLINING ACT (Sections 253.533, 253.454, 253.550, 253.557 and 253.559)

This act names the historic preservation tax credit the "Missouri Historic, Rural Revitalization, and Regulatory Streamlining Act". (Section 253.533)

The act adds definitions of "applicable percentage", "eligible recipient", "historic theater", "historic school", "qualified rehabilitation standards" and "qualifying county". The definition of "structure in a certified historic district" is repealed, and the definition of "certified historic structure" is revised to allow location in a National Register-listed historic district as an option to qualification of a building (Section 253.545).

Currently, a tax credit is authorized for rehabilitation expenses incurred for the rehabilitation of certain properties, and requires the rehabilitation to meet the standards as determined by the State Historic Preservation officer of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources. Ten percent of the rehabilitation costs may be incurred for investigative assessments and building stabilization prior to the submission of an application.

The bill authorizes a tax credit for the rehabilitation of property that is in a qualifying county, as defined in the bill, equal to 35% of the total costs of rehabilitation incurred on or after July 1, 2024. A qualifying county is a county that is not within the city of Kansas City or the city of St. Louis.

This bill provides that state historic rehabilitation standards shall not be more restrictive than the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation.

Provisions relating to projects started between July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2018, are repealed. Properties that are not located in a qualified census tract will not be approved.

Non-income-producing single-family owner-occupied residential property is revised to delete the reference to "owner-occupied" and adds a description of the taxpayer applicant and any relative within the third degree of relationship to the applicant, which is also applicable to applications for certified historic structures and structures in a certified historic district, which must be located in a distressed community.

Tax credits authorized for a single-resource certified historic structure of more than one million gross square feet with a Part I approval prior to January 1, 2024, shall count toward the aggregate amount of tax credits that may be authorized in a fiscal year but may be spread over a six-year period under conditions described in the bill (Section 253.550).

Current law prohibits not-for-profit entities from receiving historic preservation tax credits. This bill authorizes the entities to receive these tax credits (Section 253.557).

This bill requires the Department of Economic Development to establish an application cycle that allows for the year-round submission and year-round receipt and review of the applications.

Currently, an application for tax credits must include proof that the property is an eligible property and a certified historic structure or a structure in a certified historic district. In lieu of such requirement, the bill allows proof that part 1 of a federal application or a draft national register of historic places nomination has been submitted to the State Historic Preservation Office.

This bill requires the Department, when evaluating an application, to consider the estimated number of housing units created by the project, the estimated number of construction and professional jobs associated with the project, capital improvements created by a project, and increased revenues from sales or property taxes. Historic schools and theaters are exempt from this provision.

The State Historic Preservation Office must determine whether a rehabilitation satisfies the required standards within 60 days of the filing of an initial application for tax credits and the determination must be based upon specific evidence and, if approved, must forward the application to the National Park Service within 60 days.

If the scope of a project that has been approved materially changes, the taxpayer will be eligible to receive additional tax credits in the year in which the Department is notified of and approves of the change in scope, as specified in the bill.

Currently, evidence of the capacity of the applicant to finance rehabilitation costs and expenses is required within 60 days of approval. This bill changes the requirement to 120 days.

Currently, a taxpayer is required to receive approval for tax credits to commence rehabilitation within nine months of approval. This bill changes the time period to 24 months from approval. A taxpayer must notify the Department of the loss of site control within 10 days of the loss. The act allows a taxpayer to forfeit approval of tax credits at any time.

Currently, taxpayers are required to submit an application for final approval of tax credits. This bill provides that final approval must be shown by either approval of the State Historic Preservation Office or an approved part 3 Federal application. The bill specifies a timeline for submission, approval, forwarding, and issuance.

An applicant may appeal any official decision relating to the application submitted by the applicant, as specified in the bill. (Section 253.559)

HOME INSPECTION (Section 436.337)

A political subdivision cannot require the owner of residential property to have a home inspection conducted in order to sell the property. The bill does not apply to any inspection requirement for new construction or occupancy permits.

This provision is similar to a provision in HB 2380 (2024).

PASTURING OF CHICKENS (Section 442.404)

This bill provides that no deed restrictions, covenants, or similar binding agreements running with the land can prohibit or have the effect of prohibiting ownership or pasturing of up to six chickens on a lot that is two-tenths of an acre or larger, including prohibitions against a single chicken coop designed to accommodate up to six chickens. A homeowner's association, as defined by law, may adopt reasonable rules, subject to applicable statutes or ordinances, regarding ownership or pasturing of chickens, including a prohibition or restriction on roosters.

This provision is similar to a provisions in HB 1514 and HCS HB 2206 (2024).

UNLAWFUL OCCUPATION OF REAL PROPERTY (Sections 534.602, 534.604, and 569.200)

This bill establishes provisions regarding the removal, through ex parte orders, of persons unlawfully occupying a residential dwelling. The bill defines "unlawful occupants", among other terms; allows a property owner to file a petition to remove a person unlawfully occupying property; describes the petition-filing process, fees and court costs; and outlines the issuance process for an ex parte order. The hearing must be held within 48 hours of filing unless good cause for delay is shown. The bill specifies measures that can be prescribed in the ex parte order to protect the petitioner's safety and other measures to permanently restrain or expel the respondent. A person who is removed without just cause may bring a civil cause of action. The proceedings are in addition to other available remedies, and the court retains jurisdiction of the ex parte order of protection for its entire duration.

A law enforcement officer who has probable cause to believe a person has violated an ex parte order shall arrest the offending party even the violation did not occur in the presence of the law enforcement officer, and the arresting and assisting officers are immune from civil liability for false arrest.

A violation of an ex parte order is a class A misdemeanor. Additionally, the offense of criminal mischief for unlawful detention, occupation, or trespass upon a residential dwelling is established, which is a class A misdemeanor.

MORATORIUM ON EVICTION PROCEEDINGS (Section 535.012)

No county, municipality, or political subdivision shall impose or otherwise enforce a moratorium on eviction proceedings unless specifically authorized by state law.

HYDRANT TESTING (Section 640.144)

Currently, community water systems in certain areas are required to create a hydrant inspection program that includes annual testing of every hydrant in the system. The annual testing requirement is repealed and replaced by a scheduled testing.

HB2111 (Rep. Phil Christofanelli (R)) - Modifies powers of the state auditor

Summary

HB 2111 -- POWERS OF THE STATE AUDITOR

This bill defines "improper governmental activity," as official misconduct, fraud, misappropriation, mismanagement, waste of resources, or a violation of State or Federal law, rule, or regulation.

The bill specifies that the auditor or their authorized representative may audit all or part of any political subdivision or government entity if, after an investigation, the auditor believes improper governmental activity has occurred, or when requested to by a prosecuting attorney, circuit attorney, or law enforcement agency as part of an investigation.

This bill provides that testimony and records obtained through subpoenas issued by the auditor shall be subject to the same confidentiality and disclosure requirements for audit workpapers and related supportive material.

Currently, each fiscal year, the State Auditor must audit, adjust and settle all receipts and disbursements in the insurance dedicated fund and the insurance examiners' fund, and taxes certified and collected on foreign and domestic insurance premiums, surplus line premiums, and county taxes on property owned by insurance companies. This bill repeals the requirement to audit taxes certified and collected on foreign and domestic insurance premiums, surplus line premiums, and county taxes on property owned by insurance companies and requires that the results of audits of the Insurance Dedicated Fund and the Insurance Examiners' Fund shall be reported as part of the annual audit of the State's financial statements.

The bill adds records relating to reports of allegations of improper governmental activities to the list of records exempt from public disclosure.

HB2134 (Rep. Ed Lewis (R)) - Modifies permit requirements and exemptions in relation to Missouri fertilizer and clean water laws

Summary

SS SCS HCS HBs 2134 & 1956 -- WATER POLLUTION

This bill specifies that land application of industrial wastewater, industrial wastewater sludge, and related process wastes must be subject to a nutrient management technical standard established by rule by the Department of Natural Resources. The nutrient management technical standard must allow for the use of a phosphorus index as specified in the bill. Land application conducted in compliance with a land application management plan approved by the Department is exempted from these requirements.

The bill authorizes the Missouri Clean Water Commission to exempt any entity from the requirement to obtain any water pollution permit based on licensure under the Missouri Fertilizer law, only if the entity is producing products that are commercially sold to an end user and has accurate labeling for each container that includes certain information.

This bill specifies that entities storing combined bulk fertilizers in storage basins may not be exempt from design requirements for agrichemical facilities, as defined in the bill, when constructing new facilities.

In order to receive an operating permit, a point source or operating location for commingled offsite industrial wastewater and wastewater residuals open storage basin or vessel must meet current design requirements for a wastewater treatment facility's design capacity. The bill also establishes buffer distances, based on a facilities capacity, between the basin or vessel and any public building or occupied residence.

The bill specifies that the Department must:

- (1) Require groundwater monitoring when the basin or vessel is located in proximity to a geological feature that increases the likelihood for groundwater contamination;
- (2) Establish by rules sampling requirements for basins or vessels based on its permitted materials; and

(3) Within 60 days, promulgate rules, including a chain of custody form to be used during the handling of testing samples, and establish criteria to require annual sampling and testing for specified metal concentrations and pathogens. This testing must be done by a third-party certified laboratory.

The bill contains an emergency clause.

HB2287 (Rep. Phil Christofanelli (R)) - Modifies provisions related to the virtual school program

Summary

SS HB 2287 -- ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

This bill relates to elementary and secondary education.

MISSOURI EMPOWERMENT SCHOLARSHIP ACCOUNTS PROGRAM (Section 135.713)

The bill makes changes to Section 135.713, RSMo, by changing words and phrases including "under" to "pursuant to", "subsequent to" to "after" and "such taxpayer's" to "his or her".

MISSOURI COURSE ACCESS AND VIRTUAL SCHOOL PROGRAM (Section 161.670)

As specified in bill, the average daily attendance of a student who is enrolled full-time in the Missouri Course Access and Virtual School Program shall be defined as the quotient or the sum of the quotients obtained by dividing the total number of hours attended in a term by the actual number of hours that the virtual program was in session. Such attendance shall be calculated by the virtual provider and provided to the host school district for submission to the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE).

Host districts that enroll one or more full-time virtual school students shall receive an amount of state aid specified in the bill for such students on a monthly basis.

The bill provides that students who reside in Missouri may enroll in the virtual program of their choice. Provisions of current law regarding a school district's approval of a student's request to enroll in a virtual program shall not apply to full-time virtual program enrollment.

This bill requires host districts to adopt student enrollment policies for full-time virtual students and allows virtual schools to mutually agree with resident and host districts on the services that the resident district might offer, including possible financial reimbursements for those services.

For students with disabilities, the enrollment policy shall ensure the development of an individualized education program and related services agreement, as necessary. The bill also specifies that student progress reports are necessary for part-time and full-time virtual school program enrollees. This bill requires a student's parent or guardian, if the student is not considered homeless, to apply for enrollment directly with the full-time virtual program.

Finally, the bill specifies that a host district may contract with a provider to perform any required services involved with delivering a full-time virtual education. This bill is similar to SB 921 (2024).

HOME SCHOOL AND FAMILY PACED EDUCATION (FPE) SCHOOLS (Sections 167.012 and 167.013)

This bill creates Section 167.012 with the term "home school" defined for specified sections provided in the bill. This Section prohibits home school students from participation in the Missouri Empowerment Scholarship Program under Sections 166.700 to 166.720 and the Student Opportunity Savings Account Program created under Section 163.431.

The requirements for homes school children remain the same as current statutory requirements and include proof of 1000 hours of regular instruction.

The bill defines a "family-paced education school" for specified sections as provided in the bill. This section specifies that students enrolled in a family-paced education school may participate in both the Missouri Empowerment Scholarship Program and the Student Opportunity Savings Account Program. The requirements for family-paced education school children are the same as for home school students with proof of 1000 hours of regular instruction and a daily log requirement.

These provisions are similar to HB 2937 (2024).

TEACHER CERTIFICATION (Section 168.021)

This bill requires DESE to develop an 18 credit hour, online teacher preparation program related to subjects appropriate for teachers in different content areas determined by the Department. The Department may contract with an entity skilled in developing online teacher preparation programs or a charitable organization registered in Missouri to develop and maintain the online teacher preparation program. The entity or charitable organization must be certified to develop and maintain the program by the Department. An individual with a bachelor's degree may complete the online training program and receive a certificate of license to teach.

However, the certificate will not be accepted by Missouri public schools, and non-public schools are not required to accept the certificate.

This provision is similar to SB 1394 (2024).

WEAPONS OFFENSES IN SCHOOLS (Section 571.010)

The bill adds a definition of "school" to provisions of law relating to weapons offenses. The definition specifies that for these provisions of law, "school" shall mean a charter school, a private school, or a public school, as such terms are defined in current law.

FOUR DAY SCHOOL WEEK (SECTION 1)

The bill exempts specified school districts from any state law that would require the district to conduct an election of the voters in order to adopt a four-day school week. The provisions of this section apply to Clinton Co. R-III and Lathrop R-II.

HB2634 (Rep. Cody Smith (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to public funding of abortion facilities and affiliates and provisions relating to MO HealthNet providers

Summary

SS#2 HCS HB 2634 -- HEALTH CARE

As specified in this bill, no public funds shall be expended to any abortion facility, or affiliate thereof, including for MO HealthNet reimbursement.

Any taxpayer, as well as the Attorney General, shall have standing to bring a cause of action in any court or administrative agency of competent jurisdiction to enforce these provisions, as described in the bill.

The bill modifies existing statute permitting any MO HealthNet participant to obtain MO HealthNet services from any provider of such services in a MO HealthNet provider agreement with the State by requiring the provider to not be disqualified or excluded from serving as a MO HealthNet provider.

Additionally, this bill requires the Department of Social Services to suspend, revoke, or cancel any contract or provider agreement or refuse to enter into a new contract or provider agreement with any provider when it has been determined that the provider is not qualified to perform the required services because the provider has committed certain offenses specified in the bill, has been found guilty of a pattern of intentional discrimination in the delivery or non-delivery of health care services, or if the provider is an abortion facility or affiliate thereof.

Lastly, the bill prohibits reimbursement to abortion facilities, or affiliates thereof, under the "Uninsured Women's Health Program".

SB727 (Sen. Andrew Koenig (R)) - Creates and modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education

Summary

SS#2/SCS/SB 727 - This act creates and modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education.

MISSOURI EMPOWERMENT SCHOLARSHIP ACCOUNTS PROGRAM (Sections 135.713, 135.714, 135.715, and 166.700) This act modifies provisions relating to the Missouri Empowerment Scholarship Accounts Program.

The act changes the maximum amount of tax credits that may be allocated in any year from \$50 million to \$75 million. Such maximum amount shall be increased annually by any percentage increase or decrease in the amount appropriated to school districts under the foundation formula. The act repeals a provision that the program shall be effective in any fiscal year immediately following any year in which the amount appropriated for pupil transportation equals or exceeds 40% of the projected amount necessary to fully fund transportation aid funding for fiscal year 2021. (Section 135.713)

The act modifies the scholarship distribution order to qualified students. The first students to receive scholarship funds shall be students who received scholarships in the previous year, followed by students who are siblings of students who are already receiving a scholarship. The act further outlines a distribution order that prioritizes funding to students who receive special education services, students who are eligible for free or reduced price lunch and who reside in an unaccredited or provisionally accredited school district, students who are eligible for free or reduced price lunch, and students who are the children of active duty military personnel who have relocated to Missouri.

The act modifies the total grant amount for students with an individualized education plan (IEP) or limited English proficiency or who receive free or reduced-price lunch. Students with limited English proficiency shall receive no more than 160% of the state adequacy target; students who receive free or reduced-price lunch shall receive no more than 125% of the state adequacy target; and students with an IEP shall receive no more than 175% of the state adequacy target. All other students shall receive a grant amount that does not exceed the state adequacy target.

The act provides that educational assistance organizations shall provide certain data that is currently provided only to the State Treasurer to the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education and the Missouri Empowerment Scholarship Accounts Program Board, as well. The act requires the State Treasurer to post certain information relating to scholarship recipients, qualified schools, and educational assistance organizations on the Treasurer's website annually. (Section 135.714)

The act repeals a provision that the annual increase to the cumulative amount of tax credits shall cease when the amount of tax credits reaches \$50 million. If the total contributions to educational assistance organizations exceed \$25 million in any school year, the State Treasurer may certify one additional educational assistance organization to administer scholarship accounts. A maximum of seven, rather than six, educational assistance organizations may have their principal place of business in any one of the counties listed in the act.

The act provides that all laws and regulations that apply to employees of an educational assistance organization shall also apply to the actions of any employees of a private financial management firm while they are conducting work relating to the direct decision-making of the operation of such educational assistance organization. The act modifies membership of the Missouri Empowerment Scholarship Accounts Board by removing the Commissioner of Administration and adding an additional member to be appointed by the members of the board who is an employee of an educational assistance organization and whose responsibilities are directly related to such organization's involvement in the program. The board shall assist the State Treasurer with data collection, collaboration with the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education, and making recommendations to the State Treasurer regarding the promulgation of rules concerning the program.

(Section 135.715) The act modifies the definition of "qualified school" by providing that FPE schools, rather than

home schools, shall be qualified to participate in the program. The act modifies the definition of "qualified student" by including any student who is a resident of this state, rather than only those students who live in a charter county or a city with at least 30,000 inhabitants, and who is not unlawfully present in the United States or a person who gained illegal entry into the United States. Such definition is further modified by including any student who is a member of a household whose total annual income is 300% or less than the income standard used to qualify for free and reduced-price lunch, rather than only those students whose household income is 200% or less than such standard. The definition is also modified by adding siblings of qualified students who received a scholarship in the previous year and will receive a scholarship in the current year. (Section 166.700) These provisions are similar to SCS/SB 360 (2023), HB 1738 (2024), HB 2104 (2024), and provisions in SB 1391 (2024), SCS/SB 1392 (2024), and HCS/HB 350 (2023). MINIMUM SCHOOL TERM (Sections 160.011, 160.041, 163.021, 171.028, 171.031, 171.033, 1, and B)

This act establishes provisions relating to the minimum school term. The act modifies the definition of "school term" by providing that school districts located in charter counties or cities with more than 30,000 inhabitants shall have a school term that consists of at least 169 school days, unless the district has adopted a four-day school week, in which case a school term shall consist of at least 142 school days. (Sections 160.011, 163.021, 171.031, and 171.033)

The act repeals a provision specifying that school districts shall provide a minimum of 522 hours of actual pupil attendance for kindergarten pupils in order to receive state aid. (Section 163.021) These provisions shall go into effect on July 1, 2026. (Section B) Beginning in the 2026-27 school year, the act provides that school districts located wholly or partially in charter counties or cities with more than 30,000 inhabitants may adopt a four-day school week only upon a majority vote of the qualified voters of the school district, as provided in the act. (Section 171.028)

The Department of Elementary and Secondary Education shall remit to any school district with a five-day school week an amount equal to 1% for fiscal years 2026 and 2027, or 2% for fiscal year 2028 and all subsequent fiscal years, of such district's preceding year's annual state aid entitlement as calculated in June. For school districts in which one or more charter schools operate, and for all charter schools located in such district, the calculation shall be made prior to any adjustment to the district's or charter school's state aid calculation pursuant to current requirements regarding state aid payments to charter schools.

Any funds received pursuant to this provision shall be used by school districts and charter schools exclusively to increase teacher salaries. Any school district or charter school that fails to utilize such funds solely to increase teacher salaries shall have an amount equal to the amount of the funds received withheld from the district's or charter school's state aid payments under current law. (Section 1)

These provisions are similar to SB 784 (2024), HB 1417 (2024), and HB 1828 (2024). CHARTER SCHOOLS (Sections 160.400 and 160.415) The act adds all school districts located in Boone County to the list of school districts in which a charter school may be operated by any entity currently authorized to operate a charter school under state law. Provisions of current law that provide for additional state aid to charter schools shall not apply to any charter school operated in Boone County.

All laws and regulations that apply to employees of a charter school shall also apply to the actions of any employees of a charter school management company while such employees are conducting any work relating to the direct decision-making of the operation of the charter school.

LITERACY OF ELEMENTARY SCHOOL STUDENTS (Section 161.239) This act establishes the "Elementary Literacy Fund" for the purpose of providing grants to school districts and charter schools for home reading programs for children in kindergarten to 5th grade. The General Assembly shall annually appropriate an amount not to exceed \$5 million to the Fund, and the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE) shall develop a process by which a district or charter school may apply for a grant. Any district or charter school that receives such a grant shall match any funds that are granted.

The act sets forth certain criteria for a home reading program to be considered eligible for a grant from the Fund. Such program's objective shall be to mail books to students' homes that the students select themselves at a reading level with which they are comfortable. The program shall allow for parental engagement, as specified in the act, and shall allow students to select between six and nine new books to keep. The program provider shall provide summary data on the program to the General Assembly and to DESE, and shall further maintain verification that the provider has secured the required matching funds from the district or charter school. The combined total cost of the program, including matching funds from the district or charter school, shall not exceed \$60 per student per semester. This provision is identical to SB 857 (2024). MISSOURI COURSE ACCESS AND VIRTUAL SCHOOL PROGRAM (Section 161.670)

Under this act, the average daily attendance of a student who is enrolled full-time in the Missouri Course Access and Virtual School Program shall be calculated by dividing the total number of hours attended in a term by enrolled pupils between the ages of five and 21 years old by the actual number of hours that the program was in session in that term. Such calculation shall be generated by the

virtual provider and provided to the host district for submission to the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education. Full-time virtual school students may complete their instructional activities during any hour of the day and during any day of the week. The hours attended for each enrolled pupil shall be documented by the pupil's weekly progress in the educational program according to a process determined by the virtual program and published annually in the virtual program's enrollment handbook or policy. The full-time equivalent average daily attendance of summer school students shall be added to the average daily attendance of the following school term. Host districts that enroll one or more full-time virtual school students shall receive an amount of state aid specified in the act for such students on a monthly basis. The act provides that students who reside in Missouri may enroll in the virtual program of their choice. Provisions of current law regarding a school district's approval of a student's request to enroll in a virtual program shall not apply to full-time virtual program enrollment. The act requires host districts to adopt student enrollment policies for full-time virtual students and allows virtual schools to mutually agree with resident and host districts on the services that the resident district might offer, including possible financial reimbursements for those services. For students with disabilities, the enrollment policy shall ensure the development of an individualized education program and related services agreement, as necessary. The act requires a student's parent or guardian, if the student is not considered homeless, to apply for enrollment directly with the full-time virtual program.

The act specifies that student progress reports to the school district are necessary only for part-time virtual school program enrollees. A host district may contract with a provider to perform any required services involved with delivering a full-time virtual education. A full-time virtual school shall provide regular student progress reports to parents or guardians at least four times per school year. This provision is identical to HB 2287 (2024) and is similar to SB 1375 (2024), SB 780 (2024), HB 827 (2023), SB 921 (2024), and SB 545 (2023). FAMILY PACED EDUCATION (FPE) SCHOOLS (Sections 161.670, 162.996, 166.700, 167.012, 167.013, 167.031, 167.061, 167.600, 167.619, 210.167, 210.211, 211.031, and 452.375) The act defines a "Family Paced Education school" or "FPE school" as a school that enrolls any student who participates in the Missouri Empowerment Scholarship Accounts Program and that satisfies certain other criteria relating to instruction. The current definition of "home school" is modified by specifying that a home school shall not enroll any student who participates in such Program, and a home school is not an FPE school. The act applies to FPE schools several provisions of law that currently apply to home schools, including provisions relating to child custody and the licensing of child care providers. SCHOOL BOARD VACANCIES (Sections 162.471, 162.492, and 162.611) Under current law, any vacancy on an urban school board shall be filled by special election. Under this act, the remaining members of the board shall fill any such vacancy by appointment until the next school board election. These provisions are identical to provisions in SB 885 (2024) and HCS/SS/SCS/SBs 411 & 230 (2023) and are substantially similar to provisions in HCS/SS#2/SCS/SBs 4, 42 & 89 (2023), in HCS/SB 155 (2023), in HCS/HB 497 (2023), and in HB 716 (2023). Current law also provides that any vacancy that occurs on the City of St. Louis school board outside of the normal election cycle shall be filled by appointment by the mayor for the remainder of the term. Under this act, the City of St. Louis school board shall fill any such vacancy by appointment for the remainder of the term. This provision is identical to a provision in SB 885 (2024) and to SB 363 (2023) and HB 914 (2023) and to provisions in HCS/SS#2/SCS/SBs 4, 42 & 89 (2023), in CCS/HS/HCS/SS#2/SCS/SB 96 (2023), in HCS/SB 155 (2023), in HCS/SS/SCS/SBs 411 & 230 (2023), in HCS/HB 497, and in HB 716 (2023). WEIGHTED AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (Section 163.011) This act modifies the definition of "weighted average daily attendance" as used in the education funding formula by adding to such definition a weighting factor relating to school district enrollment. "Membership" is defined in current law as the average number of students enrolled in a school district who attended school at least one day during ten days at the end of January and September. The act defines "weighted membership" as the current law definition of "membership" multiplied by certain weighting factors relating to the number of students who fall into certain population groups, such as the number of students who receive special educational services above a certain threshold number that is determined in a manner provided for in current law. Weighted membership shall be included in the calculation of a school district's weighted average daily attendance beginning in the 2026 fiscal year. In 2026, a district's weighted average daily attendance shall be calculated as the sum of 90% of such district's weighted average daily attendance as calculated in current law, plus 10% of such district's weighted membership. The percent of weighted membership included in such calculation shall increase by 10% each year until 2030, when a district's weighted average daily attendance shall be calculated as the sum of 50% of such district's weighted average daily attendance as calculated in current law, plus 50% of such district's weighted membership. The same modification is made in the calculation of weighted average daily attendance for special school districts. This provision is similar to SB 1378 (2024).

EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION PROGRAMS OPERATED BY SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND CHARTER SCHOOLS (Section 163.018)

Currently, children between three and five years old who are eligible for free and reduced price lunch and attend an early childhood education program operated by a school district or a charter school may be included in such district's or charter school's calculation of average daily attendance, provided that the total number of such pupils does not exceed 4% of the total number of pupils between 5 and 18 years old who are eligible for free and reduced price lunch and who are included in such district's or charter school's calculation of average daily attendance. This act increases such percentage to 8%.

SMALL SCHOOLS GRANT (Section 163.044)

The act increases the Small Schools Grant appropriation from \$15 million to \$30 million. Of such moneys, \$20 million, rather than \$10 million, shall be distributed to the eligible districts, as described in the act, in proportion to their average daily attendance, and \$10 million, rather than \$5 million, shall be directed to the eligible districts that have an operating levy for school purposes in the current year in an amount specified in the act.

SCHOOL DISTRICTS' LOCAL EFFORT FIGURES (Section 163.096)

Beginning August 28, 2024, this act requires the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education to recalculate the local effort figure of any school district that, in fiscal year 2005, recorded revenues from intangible taxes, the merchants' and manufacturers' surcharge, and payments in lieu of taxes other than tax increment financing in the district's teacher and incidental funds that caused an elevation of the district's local effort figure. The Department must calculate the amount of state aid such a district would have received had the district placed these revenues in the capital projects fund or the debt service fund for payments subsequent to August 28, 2024.

This provision is identical to SB 1479 (2024) and is similar to SB 272 (2017) and HB 633 (2017).

MINIMUM TEACHER'S SALARY (Section 163.172)

Beginning in the 2025-26 school year, this act increases the minimum teacher's salary from \$25,000 to \$40,000. For teachers with a master's degree and at least ten years of experience, this act increases the minimum salary from \$33,000 to \$46,000 for the 2025-26 school year and further increases such salary by \$1,000 each year until the 2027-2028 school year, when the minimum shall be \$48,000.

In the 2028-29 school year and in all subsequent school years, the minimum teacher's salaries shall additionally be adjusted annually by the percentage increase in inflation, as such term is defined in the act. The State Board of Education shall publish the minimum salaries annually in February beginning in calendar year 2026.

Modifications to the minimum salaries shall take effect on July 1 of each calendar year.

The act creates the "Teacher Baseline Salary Grant Fund" and "Teacher Baseline Salary Grant Program" for the purpose of increasing minimum teacher's salaries. The General Assembly may appropriate moneys to the Fund, provided that the total amount appropriated shall not exceed the amount necessary to assist each school district in increasing minimum teacher's salaries as required pursuant to the provisions of the act. School districts may apply to the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education for a grant from the Fund, provided that a grant shall not exceed the amount necessary for a district to increase minimum teacher's salaries as required pursuant to the provisions of the act.

This provision is similar to provisions in HCS/HB 1447 (2024), SB 955 (2024), SB 1163 (2024), and HCS/HB 497 (2023).

COMPULSORY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE (Sections 167.031 and 599.209)

The act provides that a child may be excused from attendance at school if the child is unable to attend school due to mental or behavioral health concerns, provided that the school receives documentation from a mental health professional. This provision is identical to SB 761 (2024) and SB 122 (2023).

The act also provides that a public school district, public school, or charter school shall not discipline a child for failure to comply with the district's or school's attendance policy, and the parent or legal guardian shall not be deemed to be in violation of the compulsory attendance law, based on such child's honoring a subpoena to testify in a criminal proceeding, attending a criminal proceeding, or for participating in the preparation of a criminal proceeding.

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OFFICERS (Section 167.071)

The act repeals a provision authorizing a seven-director school district to appoint a school attendance officer who has the powers of a deputy sheriff and may investigate claims of violations of the compulsory attendance law and arrest truant juveniles without a warrant.

This provision is identical to provisions in SB 819 (2024) and HCS/SS/SCS/SBs 411 & 230 (2023).

RECOVERY HIGH SCHOOLS (Section 167.850)

This act changes the deadline for a school district to submit a proposal to operate a recovery high school from December 1st of the school year preceding the beginning of operation of the recovery high school to July 1st.

This provision is identical to SB 1393 (2024).

TEACHER CERTIFICATION (Section 168.021)

Current law requires candidates for a teaching license to satisfy certain criteria, including obtaining the recommendation of a state-approved, baccalaureate-level teacher preparation program. Under this act, the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education shall develop an eighteen hour, online teacher preparation program related to subjects appropriate for teachers in different content areas determined by the Department. The Department may contract with an entity skilled in developing online teacher

preparation programs or a charitable organization registered in Missouri to develop and maintain the online teacher preparation program. Such entity or charitable organization shall be certified to develop and maintain the program by the Department. An individual with a bachelor's degree may complete the online training program and receive a certificate of license to teach. However, such certificate shall not be accepted by Missouri public schools, but shall be accepted by private schools and private school accrediting agencies. The act also provides that the State Board of Education shall issue an additional professional subject-area teaching certification for specific content knowledge or for a specialty area to a teaching certificate holder who applies for an additional professional subject-area certification, successfully achieves an acceptable score on the state-approved teacher evaluation system, receives a recommendation from the employing school district, and completes a background check. This provision is similar to SB 1394 (2024), a provision in HCS/HB 1447 (2024), and a provision in SS/HB 827 (2023). **HARD-TO-STAFF SCHOOLS AND SUBJECT AREAS** (Section 168.110) The act provides that a school board may include differentiated placement of teachers on the salary schedule to increase compensation in order to recruit and retain teachers in hard-to-staff subject areas or schools, as the terms "hard-to-staff schools" and "hard-to-staff subject areas" are defined in the act. No modifications to the identification of hard-to-staff subject areas or schools shall result in the demotion of a teacher in the salary schedule. Each school district that includes differentiated placement of teachers on the district salary schedule shall annually provide to the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education a report containing information outlined in the act. This provision is identical to a provision in HCS/HB 1447 (2024) and similar to provisions in SB 955 (2024) and SB 1163 (2024), HB 190 (2023), and HCS/HB 497 (2023). **TEACHER EDUCATION PROGRAMS** (Section 168.400) The act repeals provisions of current law that require preservice teacher education programs to include a program of entry-level testing of all prospective teacher education students to be administered by the Commissioner of Education. This provision is identical to provisions in SB 955 (2024), SB 1163 (2024), HCS/HB 1447 (2024), and HCS/HB 497 (2023). **CAREER LADDER** (Section 168.500)

Currently, public school teachers become eligible for the Career Ladder program after two years of public school teaching in Missouri. This act provides that the two year-requirement shall not apply to any member of the Armed Forces of the United States or such member's spouse who has teaching experience in another state and who has transferred to this state. The act repeals a provision of current law that teachers' Career Ladder responsibilities and career efforts shall be required to occur outside of compensated hours. The act also specifies that teachers may receive Career Ladder admission and stage achievement for certain activities that are not included in the duties that require a teaching certificate under current law. The act adds serving as a mentor for teachers to the list of activities for which teachers may receive Career Ladder admission and stage achievement. This provision is identical to a provision in HCS/HB 1447 (2024) and is similar to provisions in SB 955 (2024), SB 1014 (2024), and SB 1163 (2024). **PSRS/PEERS - WORKING AFTER RETIREMENT LIMITS** (Sections 169.560 and 169.660)

Currently, a retired member, except for those retired due to disability, of the Public School Retirement System ("PSRS") may work after retirement in a certified position with a covered employer without discontinuance of his or her retirement benefits if the member does not exceed 550 hours of work each school year and 50% of the annual compensation to the person who last held the position. This act provides that the member, including those retired due to disability, may earn up to 50% of the annual compensation to the person who last held the position or 50% of the limit set by the employer's school board for the position which has been submitted and approved by the Board of Trustees of PSRS. Additionally, current law provides that if a member of PSRS or the Public Education Employee Retirement System ("PEERS") is in excess of the limitations, the member shall not be eligible to receive the retirement allowance for any month so employed. This act provides that either member shall not be eligible to receive the retirement allowance for any month so employed or the retirement system shall recover the amount earned in excess of the limitations, whichever is less. These provisions are similar to SB 1286 (2024). **SUICIDE PREVENTION IN GRADES 7-12** (Section 170.048) This act modifies provisions of current law that require suicide prevention information to be printed on the identification cards of public school students in grades 7-12. Beginning July 1, 2025, the act adds to such information the non-emergency phone number of the local police department. The identification cards may also include the phone number of the Crisis Text Line and the phone number of a local suicide prevention hotline, if such hotline is available. This provision is identical to a provision in SB 762 (2024). **TEACHER RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION STATE SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM** (Section 173.232) The act changes the name of the "Urban Flight and Rural Needs Scholarship Program" to the "Teacher Recruitment and Retention State Scholarship Program." The corresponding state treasury fund is also renamed accordingly. The act provides that scholarship funds may be used to cover up to 100% of the tuition costs related to teacher preparation at a four-year

college or university located in Missouri, except that no amount granted for tuition shall exceed the amount of tuition charged a Missouri resident at the University of Missouri-Columbia for attendance. The number of years a student may receive a scholarship is reduced from four to two years. The number of students who may receive a scholarship is increased from 100 to 200 in the 2025-26 academic year, or a maximum awarded amount of \$1.2 million dollars. The act further increases the maximum number of scholarships or the maximum awarded amount for each year through the 2030-31 academic year, when the maximum shall be 600 scholarships or a maximum awarded amount of \$3.4 million, as provided in the act. Scholarship recipients after June 30, 2025, shall sign a statement that they have made a good faith effort to secure all available federal sources of grant funding. The act repeals a provision that a student must have attended a Missouri high school in order to be eligible for a scholarship. To be eligible for a scholarship, recipients shall sign an agreement to teach in a Missouri public school that is a hard-to-staff school or to teach at least one hard-to-staff subject area in a Missouri public school, or both, for two years for every one year the recipient receives a scholarship. The act defines a "hard-to-staff school" as an attendance center where the percentage of certificated positions that were left vacant or were filled with a teacher not fully qualified in the prior academic year exceeds 10% as reported to the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education. A "hard-to-staff subject area" is defined as a content area for which positions were left vacant or were filled with a teacher not fully qualified in the prior academic year. The scholarships provided in the act shall be available to students who have successfully completed 48 credit hours at a community college, who have been awarded an associate degree, or who have completed 60 credit hours at a four-year college, as provided in the act. The act modifies the interest rate paid by scholarship recipients who do not follow through on their agreement to teach in a hard-to-staff subject or school and must therefore repay their scholarship award as a loan. An individual who has qualified as an eligible student under the act shall continue to qualify as an eligible student as long as he or she remains employed by the school district in which he or she agreed to teach, regardless of whether his or her employing school no longer qualifies as a hard-to-staff school, the class he or she teaches longer qualifies as a hard-to-staff subject area, or his or her position within the school district changes. This provision is identical to a provision in HCS/HB 1447 (2024) and is similar to provisions in SB 955 (2024) and SB 1163 (2024) and to SB 1013 (2024), and is substantially similar to a provision in HCS/HB 497 (2023) and to HCS/HB 809 (2023). OLIVIA SHANNON

SB748 (Sen. Lincoln Hough (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to reimbursement allowance taxes

Summary

SS/SB 748 - This act extends the expiration dates for the Ground Ambulance, Nursing Facility, Medicaid Managed Care Organization, Hospital, Pharmacy, and Intermediate Care Facility for the Intellectually Disabled federal reimbursement allowances from September 30, 2024, to September 30, 2029. SARAH HASKINS

SB751 (Sen. Justin Brown (R)) - Enacts provisions relating to distribution of 340B drugs

Summary

SS/SB 751 - This act enacts provisions relating to the distribution of 340B drugs. Entities specified in the act shall not restrict acquisition or delivery of 340B drugs to pharmacies that are under contract with a covered entity to receive and dispense 340B drugs on behalf of the covered entity. (Section 376.414.2). Violation of this provision shall be an unlawful merchandising practice, and each package of 340B drugs affected, as defined by federal law, shall constitute a separate violation. (Section 376.414.3). The Board of Pharmacy may investigate and impose discipline for violations of these provisions. (Section 376.414.4). Nothing in these provisions shall be construed or applied to be less restrictive than federal law, or to conflict with federal or state law. (Section 376.414.6). Limited distribution of a drug required under federal law shall not be a violation of the act. (Section 376.414.7). These provisions are similar to SB 426 (2023), provisions in HCS/HB 198 (2023), provisions in SB 426 (2023), HB 197 (2023), provisions in SB 921 (2022), provisions in HCS/HB 1677 (2022), provisions in SB 1129 (2022), provisions in HB 2305 (2022), provisions in SB 971 (2020), provisions in HCS/HB 2412 (2020), provisions in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/HCS/HB 1682 (2020), provisions in HB 1910 (2020), provisions in SB 413 (2019), and provisions in HB 1165 (2019). ERIC VANDER WEERD

SB754 (Sen. Tony Luetkemeyer (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to public safety

Summary

SS#2/SCS/SBs 754, 746, 788, 765, 841, 887 & 861 - This act modifies provisions relating to public safety.

JURISDICTION OF JUVENILE COURTS (Section 211.031) Under current law, the juvenile court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction in proceedings involving a juvenile who violated a state law and jurisdiction in those cases may be taken by the court of the circuit in which the child resides or in which the violation is alleged to have occurred. This act provides that any proceeding involving a child who is alleged to have violated state law shall be brought in the court of the circuit in which the violation occurred, except if a juvenile officer transfers the case or the court grants a motion to transfer the case to the circuit court in which the child resides. These provisions are identical to provisions in SCS/SB 1115 (2024), the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), and SCS/SBs 406 & 423 (2023). **CERTIFICATION OF JUVENILES FOR TRIAL AS ADULTS** (Section 211.071, 211.600, & 217.345) Under current law, a child between the ages of 12 and 18 may be certified for trial as an adult for a certain felony offenses. This act changes the ages to between 14 and 18 years old. Additionally, under current law, a court shall order a hearing to determine whether a child should be certified for trial as an adult for certain offenses. This act adds that a child between 12 and 18 years old shall have a certification hearing for certain offenses. This act also adds dangerous felonies and any felony involving a deadly weapon to such offenses. This act provides that the Office of State Courts Administrator shall collect certain information as provided in the act relating to petitions to certify juveniles as adults. Finally, this act modifies provisions relating to correctional treatment programs for offenders 18 years of age or younger. Such programs shall include physical separation from offenders younger than 18 years of age and shall include education programs that award high school diplomas or its equivalent.

These provisions are substantially similar to provisions in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), the perfected SS#3/SB 22 (2023) and substantially similar to provisions in SCS/SBs 406 & 423 (2023) and similar to SB 887 (2024) and HCS/HB 12 (2020). **ELIGIBILITY FOR PAROLE FOR JUVENILES** (Section 217.690) Under current law, when a person under the age of 18 is sentenced to a term or terms of imprisonment amounting to 15 years or more, that person is eligible for parole after serving 15 years, unless such person was found guilty of murder in the first degree. This act adds that such a person will also be ineligible for parole if he or she was found guilty of murder in the second degree when such person knowingly causes the death of another person.

These provisions are identical to SB 746 (2024) and to provisions in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), and the perfected SS#3/SB 22 (2023) and substantially similar to provisions in SB 644 (2022), SCS/HB 2088, et al (2022), SCS/HB 2697, et al (2022), and SS/SCS/SB 850 (2022). **ARRESTS FOR TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS** (Sections 307.018 and 556.021) This act provides that no court shall issue a warrant of arrest for a person's failure to respond, pay the fine assessed, or appear in court with respect to a traffic violation issued for an infraction. In lieu of the warrant, the court shall issue a notice of failure to respond, pay the fine assessed, or appear, and the court shall schedule a second court date for the person to respond, pay the fine assessed, or appear. If the driver fails to respond to the second notice or the pay the fine, the court may issue a default judgment for the infraction. The driver may appear in court after a default judgment to show proof the fine was paid. This provision is identical to a provision in SCS/SB 1115 (2024) and the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023) and similar to a provision in HCS/SS/SCS/SB 72 (2023), HCS/SS#3/SB 22 (2023), HB 305 (2023), and HS/HCS/HBs 1108 & 1181 (2023). **MOTION TO VACATE OR SET ASIDE THE JUDGMENT** (Section 547.031) Under current law, a prosecuting attorney may file a motion to vacate or set aside the judgment in the jurisdiction in which the person was convicted. This act changes this provision to the jurisdiction in which charges were filed. This provision is identical to a provision in SCS/SB 1115 (2024), the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), and SS/SCS/HCS/HB 301 (2023). **CONVICTION REVIEW UNIT** (Section 547.500) Under this act, the Missouri Office of Prosecution Services may establish a conviction review unit to investigate claims of actual innocence of any defendant, including those who plead guilty. The Missouri Office of Prosecution Services shall create an application process for defendants as provided in the act. The conviction review unit shall consist of two attorneys hired by the executive director of the Missouri Office of Prosecution Services, an investigator, paralegal, and other administrative staff. The Director shall be an ex officio member of the unit. Once the review is complete, the conviction review unit shall present its findings either to the prosecuting attorney who prosecuted the case or, if the review was requested by the Attorney General, special prosecutor, or other prosecuting attorney's office, to the office who requested the review. Such prosecuting attorney's office is not required to accept or follow the findings and

recommendations of the conviction review unit. Any document produced by the conviction review unit shall be a closed record until after the finality of all proceedings. Finally, any prosecuting or circuit attorney may also file a motion to vacate or set aside the judgment while a conviction review unit is completing a review pursuant to this act. This provision is substantially similar to SB 765 (2024), to a provision in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), SCS/HS/HCS/HBs 1108 & 1181, et al (2023), and HCS/SS#3/SB 22 (2023).

PERSISTENT OFFENDERS (Section 558.016) Under current law, the court may sentence a person to an extended term of imprisonment if such person is a persistent offender. This act adds that a "persistent offender" shall also include a person who has been found guilty of a dangerous felony as defined in law. This provision is identical to a provision in SCS/SB 1115 (2024), the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), SCS/SB 502 (2023), and SS/SCS/HCS/HB 301 (2023).

MINIMUM PRISON TERMS FOR ARMED CRIMINAL ACTION (Sections 558.019 & 571.015) Under current law, certain offenses are excluded from minimum prison terms for offenders who also have prior felony convictions. This act repeals the exclusion of the offense of armed criminal action. This act also modifies the minimum prison terms for the offense of armed criminal action. For a person convicted of a first offense of armed criminal action, the term of imprisonment shall be no less than 3 years. For a person convicted of a second offense of armed criminal action, the term of imprisonment shall be no less than 5 years. Additionally, this act provides that a person convicted of armed criminal action shall not be eligible for probation, conditional release, or suspended imposition or execution of sentence; however, the person shall be eligible for parole. This provision is identical to a provision in SCS/SB 1115 (2024), the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), and SCS/SB 502 (2023).

CYBER CRIMES TASK FORCE (Section 565.258) This act creates the "Stop Cyberstalking and Harassment Task Force" with membership as provided in the act. The Task Force shall elect a chairperson and shall hold an initial meeting before October 1, 2024. The Task Force shall collect feedback from stakeholders, which may include victims, law enforcement, victim advocates, and digital evidence and forensics experts. The Task Force shall make recommendations on what resources and tools are needed to stop cyberstalking and harassment, as provided in the act. The Task Force shall submit a report to the Governor and General Assembly on or before December 31 of each year and the Task Force shall expire on December 31, 2026, unless the Department of Public Safety determines the Task Force should be extended until December 31, 2028. This provision is identical to SB 1070 (2024) and to provisions in SCS/SB 1115 (2024), the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), and SB 660 (2023).

OFFENSE OF ENDANGERING THE WELFARE OF A CHILD (Section 568.045) This act adds to the offense of endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree that any person who knowingly encourages or aids a child less than 17 to engage in any conduct violating law relating to firearms shall be guilty of a class D felony. This provision is identical to provisions in SCS/SB 1115 (2024), the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), SB 405 (2023), and HB 11 (2020).

BLAIR'S LAW (Section 571.031) This act establishes "Blair's Law" which specifies that a person commits the offense of unlawful discharge of a firearm if he or she recklessly discharges a firearm within or into the limits of a municipality. Any such person shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor for the first offense, a class E felony for the second offense, and a class D felony for any third or subsequent offenses. These provisions will not apply if the firearm is discharged under circumstances as provided in the act. This provision is substantially similar to SB 788 (2024), SB 343 (2023), and to provisions in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), SCS/HB 2088, et al (2022), SCS/HB 2697, et al (2022), HB 1637 (2022), HB 1462 (2022), HB 1865 (2022), and HB 1893 (2020).

OFFENSE OF UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF FIREARMS (Section 571.070) Under current law, unlawful possession of a firearm is a class D felony, unless a person has been convicted of a dangerous felony then it is a class C felony. This act changes the penalty for the offense to a class C felony, unless a person has been convicted of a dangerous felony or the person has a prior conviction for unlawful possession of a firearm, then it is a class B felony. This provision is identical to a provision in SCS/SB 1115 (2024), the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), and SCS/SB 502 (2023) and substantially similar to SB 850 (2022).

MAX'S LAW (Sections 575.010, 575.353, 578.007, & 578.022) This act creates "Max's Law." Under current law, the offense of assault on a law enforcement animal is a class C misdemeanor. This act provides that the offense of assault on a law enforcement animal is a class A misdemeanor, if the law enforcement animal is not injured to the point of requiring veterinary care or treatment; a class E felony if the law enforcement animal is seriously injured to the point of requiring veterinary care or treatment; and a class D felony if the assault results in the death of such animal. Additionally, exemptions to the offenses of agroterrorism, animal neglect, and animal abuse shall not apply to the killing or injuring of a law enforcement animal while working. Finally, this act adds that any dog that is owned by or in the service of a law enforcement

agency and that bites or injures another animal or human is exempt from the penalties of the offense of animal abuse.

This act is identical to provisions in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), SCS/HB 2697, et al (2022), SCS/HB 2088, et al (2022), SS/SCS/SB 850 (2022), and SB 765 (2022). VALENTINE'S LAW (Section 575.151) This act establishes "Valentine's Law" which creates the offense of aggravated fleeing a stop or detention of a motor vehicle if the person knows that a law enforcement officer is attempting to detain the vehicle and the person flees at a high speed which creates a substantial risk of serious physical injury or death or actually causes physical injury or death to another person. This shall be a class D felony if the person creates a substantial risk of injury, a class B felony if the person causes physical injury, and a class A felony if the person causes death of another.

Additionally, a person is presumed to be fleeing a vehicle stop if he or she has seen or heard or reasonably should have seen or heard emergency lights or sounds. It shall not be a defense that the law enforcement officer was acting unlawfully in making the arrest.

This act is identical to SCS/SB 901 & 820 (2024) and similar to provisions in HB 301 (2023) and SB 345 (2021). OFFENSE OF DELIVERY OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE (Sections 579.021 & 579.022) This act creates the offenses of delivery of a controlled substance causing serious physical injury which shall be a class C felony. This act also creates the offense of delivery of a controlled substance causing death which shall be a class A felony. These provisions are identical to provisions in SCS/SB 1115 (2024), the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), and HS/HCS/HBs 1108 & 1181 (2023). DRUG TRAFFICKING (Sections 579.065 & 579.068) Additionally, under current law, a person commits the offense of drug trafficking in the first or second degree if he or she is distributing or purchasing more than 8 grams or more than 24 grams of a mixture containing a cocaine base. This act repeals those provisions.

These provisions are identical to provisions in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), HCS/HB 1133 (2023), and SB 705 (2023). CRITICAL INCIDENT STRESS MANAGEMENT PROGRAM (Section 590.192) This act adds 911 dispatchers, paramedics, emergency medical technicians, or volunteer or full-time paid firefighters as eligible first responder personnel to receive services from the Critical Incident Stress Management Program of the Department of Public Safety. This provision is substantially similar to SB 760 (2024), SB 121 (2023) and a provision in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023) and HCS/SS/SCS/SBs 119 & 120 (2023). CIVILIAN REVIEW BOARDS (Section 590.653) This act provides that civilian review boards established by political subdivisions shall solely be limited to reviewing, investigating, making findings and recommending disciplinary action against law enforcement officers. This provision is identical to SB 800 (2024) and a provision in SCS/SB 1115 (2024) and the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023) and similar to a provision in SCS/HCS/HBs 640 & 729 (2023).

PUBLIC DEFENDER FUND (Section 600.042) Under current law, any funds available from government grants, private gifts, donations, bequests, or other sources made to the Office of the Public Defender are deposited in the general revenue fund of the state. This act creates the "Public Defender - Federal and Other Fund" in the state treasury and provides that funding from any government grants, private gifts, donations, bequests, or other sources shall be deposited into such fund.

These provisions are identical to SB 841 (2024) and to provisions in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2024), SS/SB 245 (2023), SS/SB 265 (2023), SB 1039 (2022), provisions in SCS/HB 2088, et al (2022), and HB 2370 (2022). EXPUNGEMENT OF CRIMINAL RECORDS (Section 610.140) This act modifies provisions relating to the number of crimes a person may apply to have expunged from his or her record. Under current law, certain offenses, violations, and infractions are not eligible for expungement. This act adds that the offenses, or successor offenses, of sexual conduct with a nursing facility resident in the second degree, use of a child in sexual performance, promoting a sexual performance of a child, or cross burning shall not be eligible for expungement.

This act repeals the provision that a court can make a determination at the hearing based solely on a victim's testimony and adds that a court may find that the continuing impact of the offense upon the victim rebuts the presumption that expungement is warranted. This act also changes the time a person can petition to expunge an arrest record for an eligible crime from three years after the date of the arrest to 18 months from the date of the arrest.

This act provides that a person shall be fully restored to the status he or she occupied prior to the arrests, pleas, trials, or convictions expunged. Additionally, this act modifies provisions allowing a person to answer "no" to an employer's inquiry about any arrests, charges, or convictions of a crime. Finally, these provisions shall become effective on January 1, 2025. These provisions are similar to SB 861 (2024), to provisions in the truly agreed to and finally passed SS/SCS/SBs 189, et al (2023), SB 687 (2022), SCS/SB 61 (2021), SB 519 (2020), and SB 952 (2020). MARY GRACE PRINGLE

SB756 (Sen. Tony Luetkemeyer (R)) - Modifies a property tax credit for certain seniors

Summary

SS/SCS/SB 756 - Current law authorizes a property tax credit for certain seniors who are eligible for Social Security retirement benefits. This act modifies the definition of "eligible credit amount" and adds a definition of "initial credit year". This act also modifies the definition of "eligible taxpayer" by providing that a taxpayer shall be 62 years of age or older, rather than eligible for Social Security retirement benefits. This act also provides that an ordinance authorizing a property tax credit that is adopted by a county shall not preclude such ordinance from being subsequently amended or superseded by a petition adopted pursuant to the act. This act also provides that the real property tax liability for the eligible taxpayer's initial credit year shall be increased to reflect the real property tax liability attributable to any new construction and improvements made to the taxpayer's homestead in addition to any property tax liability owed to a taxing jurisdiction that has annexed the taxpayer's homestead subsequent to the taxpayer's initial credit year. Finally, this act requires that a county granting a tax credit shall notify each political subdivision within such county of the total credit amount applicable to such political subdivision by no later than November 30th of each year. JOSH NORBERG

SB802 (Sen. Curtis Trent (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to business investment incentives

Summary

SS/SB 802 - This act establishes the "Missouri Rural Access to Capital Act", which provides a tax credit for certain investments made in businesses located in rural areas in this state. This act allows investors to make capital investments in a rural fund, as defined in the act. Such investors shall be allowed a tax credit for a period of six years beginning with the year the investor made a capital investment. The tax credit shall be equal to a percentage of the capital investment. The percentage shall be zero for the first two years, and fifteen percent for the subsequent four years. Tax credits issued under the act shall not be refundable, but may be carried forward to any of the five subsequent tax years, as described in the act. No more than \$16 million dollars in tax credits shall be authorized in a given calendar year. A rural fund wishing to accept investments as capital investments shall apply to the Department of Economic Development. The application shall include the amount of capital investment requested, a copy of the applicant's license as a rural business or small business investment company, evidence that the applicant has made at least \$100 million in investments in nonpublic companies located in counties throughout the United States with a population less than fifty thousand, evidence that the applicant has made at least \$30 million in investments in nonpublic companies located in Missouri, and a business plan that includes a revenue impact statement projecting state and local tax revenue to be generated by the applicant's proposed qualified investments, as described in the act. The rural fund shall also submit a nonrefundable application fee of \$5,000. The Department shall grant or deny an application within sixty days of receipt. The Department shall deny an application if such application is incomplete or insufficient, if the revenue impact assessment does not demonstrate that the business plan will result in a positive economic impact on the state over a ten year period, or if the Department has already approved the maximum amount of capital investment authority. Rural funds shall use capital investments made by investors to make qualified investments, as defined in the act, in eligible businesses. An eligible business is a business that, at the time of the qualified investment, has fewer than two hundred fifty employees, has its principal business operations in the state, is not an alien, foreign entity, or foreign government, and is engaged in certain industries, as described in the act. The Department may recapture tax credits if the rural fund does not invest sixty percent of its capital investment authority in qualified investments within two years of the date of the capital investment, and one hundred percent of its capital investment authority within three years, if the rural fund fails to maintain qualified investments equal to ninety percent of its capital investment authority in years three through six, as described in the act, if prior to exiting the program or thirty days after the sixth year, the rural fund makes a distribution or payment that results in the fund having less than one hundred percent of its capital investment authority invested in qualified investments, or if the rural fund violates provisions of the act. Rural funds shall submit annual reports to the Department, including the name and location of each eligible business receiving a qualified investment, the total number of new jobs, maintained jobs, new payroll, maintained payroll, new revenue, and maintained revenue by each

eligible business receiving a qualified investment, a revenue impact assessment projecting state and local tax revenue generated and projected to be generated, and any other information required by the Department, as described in the act. At any time after the sixth anniversary of the capital investment, a rural fund may apply to the Department to exit the program. The Department shall respond to such application within fifteen days. At the time a rural fund exits the program, it shall be required to make a distribution to the state, not to exceed ten percent of the amount of tax credits received, if the amount of state and local tax benefits generated by the rural fund's qualified investments are less than the amount of tax credits distributed to the rural fund. These provisions shall sunset on August 28, 2030, unless reauthorized by the General Assembly. (Sections 620.3500 to 620.3530) This act is identical to provisions in HCS/SS/SCS/SB 92 (2023), as amended, and SS#3/HCS/HB 268 (2023), as amended, and is substantially similar to HCS/HB 959 (2023), 675 (2022), HB 1885 (2022), SCS/SB 465 (2021), HB 1361 (2021), SB 724 (2020), SCS/SB 477 (2019), HB 1230 (2019), and HB 1236 (2019), and to provisions in HCS/SS/SCS/SB 92 (2023), SB 644 (2022), SB 1091 (2022), SCS/SB 750 (2022), and SS/SCS/HB 948 (2021). JOSH NORBERG

SB872 (Sen. Karla Eslinger (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to the taxation of utility infrastructure

Summary

SS#2/SB 872 - This act modifies provisions relating to the taxation of utility infrastructure. VIDEO SERVICE PROVIDERS This act modifies the definition of "video service" to include the provision of video programming by a video service provider provided through wireline facilities located in a public right-of-way without regard to the delivery technology. "Video service" does not include any video programming accessed via a service that enables users to access content over the internet, including streaming content. (Section 67.2677) This provision is identical to SB 947 (2024) and SB 152 (2023), and is substantially similar to a provision in HCS/SS/SB 222 (2023), HCS/SB 275 (2023), SB 299 (2023), HCS/HB 536 (2023), HCS/HBs 651, 479 & 647 (2023), and SCS/SB 1232 (2022). WIRELESS FACILITIES This act extends the sunset date of the Uniform Small Wireless Facility Deployment Act from January 1, 2025, to December 31, 2029. (Section 67.5122) This provision is identical to SB 1411 (2024). BROADBAND GRANT DEDUCTION Current law authorizes a taxpayer to claim an income tax deduction for 100% of federal grant moneys received for the purpose of providing or expanding access to broadband internet to areas of the state deemed to be lacking such access. This act modifies such deduction to also allow it to be taken for state and local grant moneys received. (Section 143.121) SALES TAX EXEMPTION FOR UTILITIES This act creates a state and local sales tax exemption for utilities, equipment, and materials used to generate or transmit electricity. A public utility realizing savings as a result of this exemption shall provide the Public Service Commission information on the amount of savings realized and shall include a statement that such savings will be passed through to the public utility's rate determined in the public utility's next general rate proceeding. (Section 144.058) This provision is identical to a provision in SB 896 (2024), HCS/SB 247 (2023), and SCS/HCS/HB 154 (2023), is substantially similar to SB 300 (2023), SB 246 (2021), SB 757 (2020), SB 467 (2019), HB 64 (2017), SB 784 (2016), SB 480 (2015), and HB 693 (2015), and is similar to HB 1511 (2018), HB 2255 (2014), and to a provision in CCS/HCS/SB 584 (2014). JOSH NORBERG

SB894 (Sen. Travis Fitzwater (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to the promotion of business development

Summary

SS/SCS/SBs 894 & 825 - This act establishes provisions relating to the promotion of business development. RIGHT-TO-START ACT By no later than June 30, 2026, and annually thereafter, this act requires the Commissioner of Administration to file a report with the General Assembly that includes information on contracts awarded to businesses that have been in operation for less than three years, as described in the act. This act also requires the Commissioner of Administration, in conjunction with the Office of Entrepreneurship, which is established by the act, to file a report with the General Assembly making recommendations on improving access and resources for new Missouri businesses that have been in operation for less than three years, including businesses owned by a racial minority group, and women-owned and veteran-owned businesses. (Section 34.195) This provision is identical to a provision in HCS/SS/SCS/SBs 3 & 69 (2023), SB 593 (2023), and SS#3/HCS/HB 268 (2023), and is substantially

similar to a provision in HB 237 (2023), HCS/SS/SB 807 (2022), SS/HCS/HB 2587 (2022), and HCS/HB 1590 (2022).

OFFICE OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP This act creates the Office of Entrepreneurship within the Department of Economic Development. The Office shall employ an individual to promote policies and initiatives to support the growth of entrepreneurship of Missouri-based businesses with less than ten employees, including entrepreneurship within racial minority groups, and women and veteran entrepreneurship, in this state. (Section 620.3800) This provision is identical to a provision in HCS/SS/SCS/SBs 3 & 69 (2023), SB 593 (2023), and SS#3/HCS/HB 268 (2023), and is substantially similar to a provision in HB 237 (2023), HCS/SS/SB 807 (2022), SS/HCS/HB 2587 (2022), and HCS/HB 1590 (2022).

REGULATORY SANDBOX ACT This act establishes the "Regulatory Sandbox Act", which creates the Regulatory Relief Office within the Department of Economic Development. The Regulatory Relief Office shall administer the provisions of the act with the purpose of identifying state regulations that could potentially be waived or suspended for participating businesses during a two-year period in which the participating business demonstrates an innovative product offering to consumers. The Regulatory Relief Office shall maintain a web page on the Department's website that invites residents and businesses to make suggestions regarding regulations that could be modified or eliminated to reduce the regulatory burden of residents and businesses in the state. (Section 620.3905)

The Regulatory Relief Office shall be responsible for evaluating and approving or denying applications to participate in the Sandbox Program. An applicant shall submit an application along with a \$300 application fee to the Regulatory Relief Office, which shall include contact information and a description of the innovative offering to be demonstrated, including statements regarding how the innovative offering is subject to licensing, legal prohibition, or other authorization requirements outside of the Sandbox Program; each regulation that the applicant seeks to have waived or suspended while participating in the Sandbox Program; how the innovative offering would benefit consumers; and what risks might exist for consumers who use or purchase the innovative offering, as described in the act. No later than fifteen business days after the day on which a completed application is received by the Regulatory Relief Office, the Office shall review the application and refer the application to each applicable agency, as defined in the act, that regulates the applicant's business. No later than sixty days after the day on which an applicable agency receives a completed application for review, the applicable agency shall provide a written report to the Sandbox Program director with the applicable agency's findings, including any identifiable, likely, and significant harm to the health, safety, or financial well-being of consumers and Missouri's environment that the relevant regulation protects against, and a recommendation to the Regulatory Relief Office that the applicant either be admitted or denied entrance into the Sandbox Program. An applicable agency may deny an application for reasons described in the act. The Regulatory Relief Office shall not approve any application denied by an applicable agency. (Section 620.3915)

Upon the receipt of a report from all applicable agencies, the Regulatory Relief Office shall provide the application and associated reports to the General Regulatory Sandbox Program Advisory Committee, which is created by the act. The Advisory Committee shall be composed of eleven members, as described in the act. The Advisory Committee shall advise and make recommendations to the Regulatory Relief Office on whether to approve applications to the Sandbox Program, and may meet at its own discretion to override a decision of the Regulatory Relief Office on the admission or denial of an applicant to the Sandbox Program, provided such override is decided with a two-thirds majority vote of the members of the Advisory Committee, and further provided that such vote shall be taken within fifteen business days of the Regulatory Relief Office's decision. Meetings of the Advisory Committee shall be considered public meetings for the purposes of the Sunshine Law. (Section 620.3910)

Upon approval of an application, a sandbox participant shall have twenty-four months after the day on which its application was approved to demonstrate the innovative offering described in the sandbox participant's application. During such period, the sandbox participant shall be exempt from the regulations outlined in an agreement entered into with the Regulatory Relief Office. Innovative offerings shall only be available to consumers who are residents of this state, and no regulation shall be waived or suspended if such waiver or suspension would prevent a consumer from seeking restitution in the event that the consumer is harmed. A sandbox participant shall not be subject to prosecution or administrative penalty for a violation of any regulation that is waived or suspended during the duration of the participant's demonstration period. (Section 620.3920)

Prior to demonstrating an innovative offering, a sandbox participant shall disclose certain information to consumers, as described in the act. (Section 620.3925)

At least forty-five days prior to the end of a participant's demonstration period, the participant shall notify the Regulatory Relief Office that it either intends to exit the Sandbox Program or that it seeks an extension. The Regulatory Relief Office may grant an extension not to exceed twelve months, and a participant may seek multiple extensions. If a demonstration includes an innovative offering that requires ongoing services or duties beyond the two-year

demonstration period, the participant may continue to demonstrate the offering, but shall be subject to all regulations that were waived or suspended as part of the Sandbox Program, provided that any participant that receives an extension to the demonstration period shall not be subject to the waived or suspended regulations until after the end of the extended demonstration period. A sandbox participant shall retain certain records for a period of two years after exiting the Sandbox Program. The Regulatory Relief Office shall establish quarterly reporting requirements for each participant. No later than forty-five days after a sandbox participant exits the Sandbox Program, such participant shall submit a written report describing an overview of the demonstration. No later than thirty days after receiving such report, an applicable agency shall provide a written report to the Regulatory Relief Office that describes any statutory or regulatory reform the applicable agency recommends. (Section 620.3930) These provisions are substantially similar to SB 1068 (2022) and to provisions in HCS/SS/SCS/SBs 3 & 69 (2023), SS#3/HCS/HB 268 (2023), SS/HCS/HB 2587 (2022), HCS/SS/SCS/SB 931 (2022), HCS/SS/SB 807 (2022), and HCS/SS#2/SCS/SB 968 (2022). SMALL BUSINESS REGULATORY FAIRNESS BOARD Provisions in current law establishing the Small Business Regulatory Fairness Board are repealed. (Sections 536.303 to 536.315 and sections 536.323 to 536.328) These provisions are identical to provisions in HCS/SS/SCS/SBs 3 & 69 (2023) and SS#3/HCS/HB 268 (2023). JOSH NORBERG

SB895 (Sen. Curtis Trent (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to landlord-tenant actions, including eviction proceeding moratoriums and filings for transfers of real property with outstanding collectible judgments

Summary

SS/SB 895 - This act modifies provisions relating to landlord-tenant actions, including moratoriums on eviction proceedings and filings for transfers of title of real property with outstanding collectible judgments. MORATORIUM ON EVICTION PROCEEDINGS (SECTION 67.137) This act provides that no county, municipality, or political subdivision shall impose or enforce a moratorium on eviction proceedings unless specifically authorized by law.

This provision is identical to a provision in the perfected SS/SB 895 (2024), SB 222 (2023), is substantially similar to HB 1455 (2024), a provision in HB 1886 (2024), HB 2062 (2024), in HCS/HB 2206 (2024), in HB 730 (2023), in HCS/HB 1682 (2022), in HCS/HB 2218 (2022), and in SCS/HB 2593 (2022), and is similar to a provision in SB 239 (2023), in SB 1044 (2022), in SS/HCS/HB 1662 (2022), and in HB 2360 (2022). PROPERTY WITH COLLECTIBLE JUDGMENTS FILINGS (SECTION 534.157) This act provides that all transfers of title of real property for rental properties with outstanding collectible judgments shall be filed in the circuit court within 30 days after transfer. This provision is identical to a provision in CCS/HCS/SS/SB 222 (2023), in SB 146 (2021), in HB 1378 (2020), and in HB 174 (2019) and is substantially similar to a provision in HB 2579 (2018). KATIE O'BRIEN

SB912 (Sen. Ben Brown (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to military affairs

Summary

HCS/SS/SCS/SB 912 - This act modifies provisions relating to military affairs. MISSOURI VETERANS' COMMISSION'S EFFORTS ON VETERAN SUICIDE (SECTION 42.022) This act requires the Missouri Veterans' Commission to review the provisions of the Commander John Scott Hannon Veterans Mental Health Care Improvement Act of 2019 and any regulations related to such act. After review, the Commission, in collaboration with the Department of Mental Health, shall provide recommendations and make efforts to adopt procedures, programs, treatment options, aid, and other assistance necessary to assist in the efforts to prevent veteran suicide. Additionally, this act provides that the Commission shall file a report with the Department of Public Safety and the General Assembly on the recommendations, implementation, and effectiveness of the Commission's efforts to prevent veteran suicide before July 1, 2025, and by every subsequent July 1st. This provision is substantially similar to a provision in SCS/SB 734 (2024), HB 132 (2023), in SCS/HB 1067 (2023), and in SCS/HB 2455 (2022). INFORMATION OF SERVICES BY STATE AGENCIES FOR VETERANS (SECTION 42.051) Currently, state agencies shall ensure that any form created or modified after August 28, 2021, that is used to collect data from individuals includes certain questions regarding veteran status and the provision of the agency's assistance and information on veteran services. This act provides that state agencies shall include the following questions on any form created or modified after August 28, 2024, that is used to interact with members of the public: (1) Have you ever served on active duty

in the Armed Forces of the United States and separated from such service under conditions other than dishonorable?

(2) Would you like to receive information and assistance regarding veterans benefits and services? (3)

May the agency share your contact information with the Missouri Veterans Commission to provide such information? General information may also be found on the Missouri Veterans Commission's website. Every state agency shall provide the contact information of those individuals answering question (3) in the affirmative to the Missouri Veterans Commission within seven business days of receipt and shall provide the contact information in a format readily accessible by the Commission. Additionally, every state agency shall provide information regarding the agency's applicable veteran services and benefits in a format readily accessible and identifiable to individuals answering question (1) and (2) in the affirmative and to the Commission. On January 1st of each year, the Commission shall post a report on its website that includes the total number of individuals whose contact information has been submitted by each state agency to the Commission and the total number of individuals contacted as a result of such submission. This provisions is substantially similar to a provision in SCS/SB 734 (2024). OPERATION ENDURING FREEDOM, OPERATION FREEDOM'S SENTINEL, & OPERATION ALLIES REFUGE PROGRAM (SECTION 42.312) This act establishes a new medallion program, "Operation Enduring Freedom, Operation Freedom's Sentinel, and Operation Allies Refuge Program". Under the act, any veteran who served on active duty during certain dates, is a legal resident of this state or was a legal resident at the time of discharge from military service, or was a Missouri National Guard member regardless of residency, is eligible for a medal of appreciation for service. This provision is identical to a provision in HCS/HB 1490 (2024) and HB 1496 (2024) and is substantially similar to a provision in SCS/SB 734 (2024), in SS/SB 540 (2023), SB 611 (2023), HB 836 (2023), and in SCS/HB 1067 (2023). MILITARY MEMBERS SERVING AS ELECTION JUDGES (SECTION 115.085) Current law permits only registered voters in this state to serve as election judges. This act allows military service members on active duty in this state and nonresident military spouses to also serve as election judges. This provision is effective January 1, 2025. This provision is identical to SCS/SB 1415 (2024) and is substantially similar to SB 1435 (2024) and HB 2802 (2024). ARMED FORCES INCOME TAX DEDUCTION (SECTIONS 143.174 AND 143.175) Current law authorizes an income tax deduction for active and reserve members of the Armed Forces for a percentage of such taxpayer's income received as salary or compensation as a member of the Armed Forces. This act provides that the term "salary or compensation" shall include any signing bonus for all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2025. These provisions are identical to provisions in HB 1713 (2024) and are substantially similar to provisions in SCS/SB 734 (2024), in SS/SB 540 (2023), and in SCS/HB 1067 (2023). EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR MISSOURI NATIONAL GUARD (SECTION 173.239) Currently, any Missouri National Guard member may be awarded an educational assistance grant to an approved public or private higher education institution. This act provides that any Missouri National Guard member may be awarded, upon application before each semester, either a tuition and fee waiver for undergraduate courses at a postsecondary institution of higher education located in this state that directly receives funds appropriated by the General Assembly or a grant to certain eligible institutions as defined in the act. The tuition and fee waiver shall not be implemented prior to the 2025-2026 academic year and shall only be applicable to tuition and fees remaining after the application of certain other tuition assistance programs and grants as provided in the act. The educational assistance shall not exceed the lesser of the actual tuition charged at an institution where the member is enrolled or accepted for enrollment or the total of the number of credit hours taken multiplied by the average tuition cost per credit hour charged to a Missouri resident at the University of Missouri for attendance, with the average cost determined by the Missouri National Guard. In addition to the current application and eligibility requirements, this act provides that the member shall not have yet earned a baccalaureate degree and that the member has completed and submitted a FAFSA application for the applicable term. The tuition and fee waiver shall be awarded if the member applies and is otherwise eligible, except shall only be awarded after the Missouri National Guard has distributed moneys available to the member through the State Tuition Assistance Program. Additionally, an applicant for the tuition and fee waiver shall cease to be eligible if his or her total completed credit hours exceeds 120 credit hours. Furthermore, this act provides that the tuition and fee waiver shall not be available in fiscal years in which the percentage of the total program costs covered by state appropriation for the educational assistance programs covered by this act has decreased compared to the previous fiscal year. This provision is substantially similar to a provision in SCS/SB 1322 (2024) and in SCS/HCS/HB 1569 (2024) and is similar to a provision in HB 2166 (2024). POW/MIA SSG PAUL HASENBECK MEMORIAL HIGHWAY (SECTION 227.854) This act designates "POW/MIA SSG Paul Hasenbeck Memorial Highway" in Osage County. Costs for the designation shall be paid by the Department of Transportation. This provision is identical to a provision in

HCS/SS#2/SB 964 (2024), SB 1308 (2024), HB 1908 (2024), and in HCS/HB 2797 (2024). **DISABLED LICENSE PLATES AND WINDSHIELD PLACARDS (SECTION 301.142)** This act provides that applicants for a disabled license plate or windshield placard who have presented proof of disability in the form of a statement from the United States Veterans' Administration verifying that the person is permanently disabled shall not be required to provide physician's statements of physical disability for issuance or renewal of the license plate or windshield placard. The act also makes technical modifications to the underlying statute. This provisions is similar to SB 114 (2023). **SPECIAL LICENSE PLATES INVOLVING MILITARY ACTIONS OR PERSONNEL (SECTION 301.3030)** This act specifies that special license plates involving military actions or personnel shall not be subject to a special fee for issuance or personalization of one set of the plates issued to each qualified applicant. **DISABLED AMERICAN VETERANS SPECIAL LICENSE PLATES (SECTION 301.3061)** This act specifies that the Disabled American Veterans special license plate "shall bear the emblem of the Disabled American Veterans organization", and "shall have an authorized Disabled American Veterans' slogan near the bottom of the plate", rather than specifically describing the emblem and slogan. This provision is identical to a provision in SCS/SB 734 (2024) and in SCS/HB 1067 (2023). **ARMY OF OCCUPATION MEDAL SPECIAL LICENSE PLATE (SECTION 301.3180)** This act creates an "Army of Occupation Medal" special license plate, available to recipients of the medal. **VETERAN DESIGNATION ON DRIVER'S LICENSES (SECTION 302.188)** The act adds to the list of documents accepted by the Department of Revenue for applicants to obtain a veteran designation on his or her driver's license. The statute is also modified so that the military discharge documents acceptable for this purpose are not limited to those specifically listed. This provision is identical to SB 1474 (2024). **UNIFORM DEPLOYED PARENTS CUSTODY AND VISITATION ACT (SECTIONS 452.1200 TO 452.1258)** This act establishes the "Uniform Deployed Parents Custody and Visitation Act". This act regulates custody and visitation during the deployment of one custodial parent, including notification to the other parent of the deployment, prohibition for courts considering deployments when determining best interests of a child, temporary custody agreements during a parent's deployment, modifications of custody agreements, and termination of temporary custody agreements under this act. These provisions are identical to provisions in HB 1494 (2024) and in HB 129 (2023). **MISSOURI VETERANS AND JOBS OPPORTUNITY GRANT PROGRAM (SECTION 620.3305)** This act establishes the "Missouri Veterans and Job Opportunity Grant Program" in the Department of Economic Development for the purpose of administering and dispersing financial support to eligible employers that are registered to do business in Missouri and that has paid wages to certain individuals, as specified in federal law for the Work Opportunity Tax Credit. KATIE O'BRIEN

SB1111 (Sen. Rusty Black (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to the regulation of child care

Summary

SS/SB 1111 - Beginning August 28, 2025, it shall be unlawful for any person to establish, maintain, or operate a prescribed pediatric extended care facility without a license issued by the Department of Health and Senior Services. A "prescribed pediatric extended care facility" is defined as a facility providing medically necessary multidisciplinary services to children under 6 years of age with complex medical needs requiring continuous skilled nursing intervention of at least 4 hours a day under a physician's order. Multidisciplinary services may include skilled nursing, personal care, nutritional assessment, developmental assessment, and speech, physical, and occupational therapy. Prescribed pediatric extended care facilities shall also be licensed child care providers under state law. This act sets forth the Department's authority to issue, suspend, or revoke such licenses, as well as conduct inspections and investigations and to promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this act. Prescribed pediatric extended care facilities with caregiver staffing ratios of one licensed nurse present for every child present; hospitals, sanitariums, or homes operated for medical treatment or nursing or convalescent care for children; and certain programs licensed by the Department of Mental Health shall not be required to be licensed under this act. Under current law, any program licensed as a child care provider that provides child care to school-age children located and operated on elementary or secondary school property shall be deemed in compliance with child care licensure requirements relating to safety, health, and fire. This act expands this provision to apply to all licensed programs providing child care to only school-age children, regardless of where such program is located and operated. "School-age children" is defined as any child five years of age or older who is in kindergarten or above. The act further exempt any program

serving only children enrolled in sixth grade or above from certain child-care facility licensing requirements. This provision is identical to SCS/SB 899 (2024). SARAH HASKINS

SB1296 (Sen. Cindy O'Laughlin (R)) - Conveys certain state property

Summary

SS/SB 1296 - The act authorizes the conveyance of state property located in the City of Kirksville; the City of Hannibal, Marion County; the City of Springfield, Greene County; the City of Rich Hill, Bates County; the City of Jefferson, Cole County; the City of Joplin, Jasper County; the City of Monett, Barry County; the City of Lebanon, Laclede County; and the City of St. Louis. The act is identical to provisions in HB 1606 (2022). JULIA SHEVELEVA

SB1359 (Sen. Curtis Trent (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to financial institutions

Summary

HCS/SS/SB 1359 - This act modifies provisions relating to financial institutions. DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS FOR MUNICIPALITIES (Sections 110.075, 95.280, 95.285, and 95.355) This act provides that municipalities shall select a municipal depository with a state-chartered or federally chartered banking institution through a competitive process. Each municipality shall develop requirements for a request for proposals, as provided in the act, to provide to banking institutions interested in becoming a municipal depository. The governing body of a municipality shall select a banking institution and shall enter into a contract outlining the terms and conditions of the depository relationship. This act repeals provisions relating to procedures for third and fourth class cities selecting banking institutions to be depositories for the municipality. These provisions are identical to provisions in HCS#2/SS/SCS/SB 835 (2024), SB 1292 (2024), and HB 2526 (2024). HOSPITALS (Sections 205.160, 205.165, and 205.190) This act modifies the authority for county commissions and certain boards of trustees to establish and operate hospitals, as described in the act, and modifies investment authority of boards of trustees of county hospitals. CANCER TREATMENT UNDER MO HEALTHNET (Section 208.151) Under this act, people who receive breast or cervical cancer screenings within the scope of Title XV of the Public Health Services Act and who otherwise meet eligibility requirements is eligible for medical assistance regardless of whether the screening is by a provider that receives funds under that title. These provisions are identical to HB 2875 (2024). MOTOR VEHICLE FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (Sections 303.425, 303.430, and 303.440) This act repeals the requirement that certain notices provided under the motor vehicle financial responsibility enforcement and compliance incentive program (the "Program") specify that the minimum penalty for a violation includes 4 license demerit points. (Section 303.425.7).

The act also limits, to 5 years after implementation, the Department of Revenue's obligation to provide the legislature with annual reports regarding the Program. (Section 303.425.13). The act specifies that the advisory committee for the Department's motor vehicle financial responsibility verification system shall serve in an advisory capacity as the Department may request, and shall expire 1 year after implementation of the Program. (Section 303.430.2(4)). The act provides that the Department's motor vehicle financial responsibility verification system shall be implemented no later than December 31, 2027, or as soon as technologically possible following development and maintenance of the Department's electronic titling and registration system, rather than January 1, 2025. (Section 303.440). These provisions are identical to HB 2440 (2024), and substantially similar to SB 1304 (2024). MONEY TRANSMISSION MODERNIZATION ACT OF 2024 (Chapter 361) This act repeals the Sale of Checks Law and creates in its stead the "Money Transmission Modernization Act of 2024". The act regulates money transmission, defined as any of the following:

- Selling or issuing payment instruments to a person located in Missouri;
- Selling or issuing stored value to a person located in Missouri;
- Receiving money for transmission from a person located in Missouri; or
- Payroll processing services.

Money transmission does not include the provision solely of online or telecommunications services or network access. The Director of the Division of Finance within the Department of Commerce and Insurance is responsible for administering this act. LICENSURE OF MONEY TRANSMITTERS - The act prohibits any person from engaging in the business of money transmission or advertising, soliciting, or holding itself out as providing money transmission unless the person has been licensed pursuant to this act. Licenses last for no more than one calendar year and are not transferable or assignable. Applications must be on forms required by the Director and shall be accompanied by an application fee, as determined by the Director. Additionally, certain individuals in control of a licensee, seeking to control a licensee,

and any key individual, as that term is defined in the act, are required to furnish background materials to the Director, including fingerprints, criminal background checks, and employment history, among other things listed in the act.

The Director is permitted to implement the licensure process in such a way as to make it consistent with other states and nationwide protocols, to the extent consistent with this act. The Director is additionally permitted to collaborate with the Nationwide Multistate Licensing System and Registry developed by the Conference of State Bank Supervisors (NMLS) as provided in the act. **CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION** - The act provides that all information provided to the Director is considered confidential except basic identifying information of the licensee as detailed in the act. Exceptions are included with respect to disclosures to certain government agencies.

ACQUISITION OF CONTROL - Any person, or group of persons acting in concert, seeking to acquire control of a licensee shall obtain the written approval of the Director prior to acquiring control. An application must be submitted in a form prescribed by the Director along with a fee, as determined by the Director. **REPORTING AND RECORDS** - Each licensee is required to submit to the Director the following reports:

- A report of condition each calendar quarter;
- An audited financial statement prepared by an independent certified public accountant at the end of the fiscal year; and
- A report of authorized delegates at the end of each calendar quarter.

A licensee shall file a report with the Director within one business day if the licensee has reason to know of:

- The filing of a petition by or against the licensee under the federal United States Bankruptcy Code;
- The filing of a petition by or against the licensee for receivership, the commencement of any other judicial or administrative proceeding for its dissolution or reorganization, or the making of a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors; or
- The commencement of a proceeding to revoke or suspend its license in a state or country in which the licensee engages in business or is licensed.

A licensee shall file a report with the Director within three business days if the licensee has reason to know of:

- A conviction of the licensee or of a key individual or person in control of the licensee for a felony; or
- A conviction of an authorized delegate for a felony.

A licensee shall maintain the following records, for determining its compliance with this act for at least three years:

- A record of each outstanding money transmission obligation sold;
- A general ledger posted at least monthly containing all asset, liability, capital, income, and expense accounts;
- Bank statements and bank reconciliation records;
- Records of outstanding money transmission obligations;
- Records of each outstanding money transmission obligation paid within the three-year period;
- A list of the last known names and addresses of all of the licensee's authorized delegates; and
- Any other records the director reasonably requires by rule.

PRUDENTIAL STANDARDS - Licensees are required to maintain at all times a tangible net worth more than \$100,000, or 3% of total assets for the first \$100,000,000, 2% of additional assets between \$100,000,000 and \$1 billion, and 0.5% of additional assets over \$1 billion. Additionally, licensees shall maintain security consisting of a surety bond in an amount based on the licensee's average daily money transmission liability and tangible net worth. The act establishes requirements for permissible investments of a licensee.

ADMINISTRATIVE, CRIMINAL, AND CIVIL ENFORCEMENT MECHANISMS - The act allows the Director to suspend or revoke licenses and designations of authorized delegates under circumstances and using procedures as described in the act. The Director is also permitted to issue cease and desist orders and enter into consent decrees for the resolution of matters arising under this act. The act creates the following criminal penalties associated with money transmission:

- A person that intentionally makes a false statement, misrepresentation, or false certification in a record filed or required to be maintained pursuant to this act or that intentionally makes a false entry or omits a material entry in such a record is guilty of a class E felony;

- A person that knowingly engages in an activity for which a license is required pursuant to this act without being licensed and who receives more than \$500 in compensation within a 30-day period from this activity is guilty of a class E felony;
- A person that knowingly engages in an activity for which a license is required pursuant to this act without being licensed and who receives no more than \$500 in compensation within a 30-day period from this activity is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

The Director is also permitted to assess civil penalties not to exceed \$1,000 per day for each violation of this act. These provisions are substantially similar to SB 737 (2024), provisions in HB 2780 (2024), SB 633 (2023), and HB 1340 (2023).

PRIVATE TRUST COMPANIES (SECTION 362.245) The act exempts certain private trust companies from certain residency requirements governing board of directors of a corporation as described in the act. These provisions are identical to provisions in HCS#2/SS/SCS/SB 835 (2024), HB 1938 (2024), and provisions in HCS/HB 1725 (2024).

MISSOURI FAMILY TRUST COMPANY ACT (Sections 362.1010 to 362.1117) Currently, a family trust company is not permitted to conduct business in Missouri without first registering with the Secretary of State. This act provides that a family trust

company shall instead file, with the Director of the Division of Finance, the initial registration and original filing fee along with the relevant proposed business filings and fees required by the Secretary. The family trust company shall not conduct business until it has received an order approving the application from the Director, who shall file with the Secretary the order, the proposed business filings, and required filing fees. Any family trust company that was in good standing with the Secretary as of August 28, 2024, shall be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this act. Furthermore, the Director shall enforce the provisions of this act and carry out the duties and functions originally assigned to the Secretary. These provisions are identical to provisions in HCS#2/SS/SCS/SB 835 (2024), provisions in HCS/SB 736 (2024) and HB 2798 (2024) and substantially similar to SB 1482 (2024).

INSURANCE DOCUMENTS (Sections 374.190 and 374.192) This act specifies that certain confidentiality provisions shall also apply to records used in market conduct investigations and actions. The act further provides that regulated entities shall have at least 30 calendar days to submit any record or material requested by the Department of Commerce and Insurance, except for the Division of Consumer Affairs or with regard to the policy form approval process. Records maintained beyond the required retention period shall not be required to be produced unless the Director has substantial and competent evidence the regulated entity committed a level 4 or 5 violation of the insurance laws of this state or a felony related to the business of insurance. A regulated entity may establish its own internal practices that are the same as or exceed the requirements provided by law, and the Department shall not impose a penalty for failing to comply with the practices unless the failure also violates a law or rule. These provisions are similar to SCS/SB 1348 (2024).

CONTINUING EDUCATION FOR FUNERAL AND BURIAL INSURANCE PRODUCERS (Section 375.020) This act increases, from \$15,000 to \$20,000, the maximum face value of life insurance policies that may be sold by certain insurance producers exempt from continuing education requirements.

EXPANDS AN EXEMPTION FROM CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN LIFE INSURANCE PRODUCERS **DISPOSITION OF CERTAIN REINSURANCE CONTRACTS** (Section 375.1183) This act enacts provisions relating to the disposition of reinsurance contracts reinsuring policies of life or health insurance or annuities issued by insurers that have been placed into conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation as provided in the Insurers Supervision, Rehabilitation and Liquidation Act. Reinsurance contracts held by the insurers placed in conservation or rehabilitation proceedings or liquidation shall be continued or terminated as provided in the contract and as specified in the act. Reinsurance contracts terminated pursuant to an order of liquidation shall be subject to mandatory negotiation and arbitration procedures specified in the act. (Section 375.1183.1-2). A guaranty association may elect to assume the liquidated insurer's rights and obligations under reinsurance contracts within 180 days of the order of liquidation as specified in the act. To facilitate this decision, the receiver and each affected reinsurer shall make available copies of reinsurance contracts and related files and records, as well as notices of any defaults under the contracts or any known event or condition which could become a default. (Section 375.1183.3(1)-(2)). The act further specifies rights and duties of the guaranty association and reinsurers under the reinsurance contracts assumed by the guaranty association, including with regard to premium payments, payment of claims, resolution of disputes over amounts due, and termination or continuation of the contracts. (Section 375.1183.3(3)).

If a receiver continues policies of life or health insurance or annuities issued by an insolvent insurer, and the policies are not covered in whole or in part by a guaranty association, the receiver may elect to assume the liquidated insurer's rights and obligations under reinsurance contracts relating to the policies or annuities within 180 days of the order of liquidation as specified in the act, provided the contracts have not been terminated. In this event, premiums for the applicable reinsurance shall be chargeable against the estate of the insolvent insurer. (Section 375.1183.4).

Between the order of liquidation and the time a guaranty association elects to assume the insolvent insurer's rights and obligations under a reinsurance contract as specified in the act, a guaranty association, receiver, or reinsurer shall not have any right or obligation under any reinsurance contract eligible for assumption under the act. (Section 375.1183.5). If the guaranty association or receiver does not timely elect to assume a reinsurance contract as provided in the act, the reinsurance contract shall be terminated retroactively, effective as of the date of the order of liquidation, and shall be subject to mandatory negotiation and arbitration procedures specified in the act. (Section 375.1183.6). When policies or annuities, or the obligations of the guaranty association under the policies or annuities, are transferred to an assuming insurer, associated reinsurance may be transferred to the assuming insurer as well, subject to certain limitations specified in the act. (Section 375.1183.7). This act shall supercede provisions of law or any affected reinsurance contract with regard to payment of reinsurance proceeds for losses or events occurring after an order of liquidation. (Section 375.1183.8). When a reinsurance contract is terminated pursuant to the Insurers Supervision, Rehabilitation and Liquidation Act, the reinsurer and the receiver shall commence

mandatory negotiation and arbitration procedures laid out in the act. (Section 375.1183.9). This act shall be construed consistent with the existing power of the Missouri Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association to assume the rights of insolvent insurers under reinsurance contracts. (Section 375.1183.11). These provisions are identical to SCS/SB 834 (2024). **ASSIGNMENT OF INSURANCE BENEFITS** (Section 376.427) This act subjects certain payments to health care providers to the prompt pay statute, and provides that entities not currently subject to the prompt pay statute shall "have a delayed effective date of January 1, 2026 to be subject to such provisions". These provisions are similar to HB 2400 (2024) and identical to provisions in HB 2075 (2024). **METHODS OF REIMBURSEMENT TO HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS** (Section 376.1345) Currently, if a health carrier initiates or changes the method used to reimburse a health care provider to a method that requires the provider to pay a fee or remit some other form of remuneration, the carrier must notify the provider of the cost, provide clear instructions as to how to select an alternative payment method, and use that alternative method if requested by the provider. This act requires the health carrier or entity acting on its behalf to first receive approval from the health care provider before reimbursing the health care provider with such payment method. If a health carrier is currently reimbursing a health care provider with a payment method, the health care provider can send one notice to the health carrier for all the health care provider's patients covered by such health carrier stating that the health care provider declines to be reimbursed with a payment method. The notice will remain in effect for the duration of the contract unless the health care provider requests otherwise. All payments made by the health carrier to the health care provider after receipt of the notice declining to be reimbursed with a payment method cannot require the health care provider to pay a fee, discount the amount of the provider's claim for reimbursement, or remit any other form of remuneration in order to redeem the amount of the provider's claim for reimbursement. These provisions are identical to provisions in HCS#2/SS/SCS/SB 835 (2024), provisions in HCS/SB 736 (2024), and HCS/HB 2087 (2024). **SELF-SERVICE STORAGE INSURANCE** (Section 379.1640) This act increases, from \$5,000 to \$15,000, the maximum insurance coverage that may be offered by limited lines self-service storage insurance producers and their associates. These provisions are identical to SB 927 (2024). **MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANIES** (Sections 380.621 and 380.631) This act enacts the "Protecting Missouri's Mutual Insurance Companies Act". Under the act, chapter 380 shall be the sole authority of the Department of Commerce and Insurance over Missouri mutual insurance companies, and the provisions of that chapter shall not be waived, provided that certain provisions pertaining to premium taxation and insurance holding companies shall still apply as described in the act. The act voids agreements between the Department and mutual insurers as to additional Department authority, but benefits, allowances, and concessions granted to the insurers shall remain in effect for the duration of the agreements. The act further enacts provisions relating to reinsurance requirements and corresponding filings with the Department, Department review of proposed mergers between mutual insurance companies, and examinations of mutual insurance companies by the Department. Lastly, the act describes when a mutual insurance company is considered "insolvent", and specifies that mutual insurance companies shall be subject to the Insurers Supervision, Rehabilitation, and Liquidation Act with the exception of certain provisions, and shall be subject to other provisions pertaining to the commencement of court proceedings by the Director of the Department of Commerce and Insurance. These provisions are similar to HB 2524 (2024). **REAL ESTATE LOANS - AGRICULTURE ACTIVITY** (Section 408.035) Current law prohibits parties from agreeing in writing to any rate of interest, fees, and other terms and conditions in connection with any loan of less than \$5,000 secured by real estate used for agricultural activity. This act repeals that prohibition. These provisions are identical to provisions in HCS/SB 736 (2024), provisions in HCS/HB 2086 (2024), provisions in HCS/HB 2087 (2024), and provisions in HCS/SS/SCS/SB 835 (2024). **CHARGES FOR COST OF CREDIT REPORTS** (Section 408.140) The act permits lenders making loans pursuant to the Missouri Consumer Loan Act to charge consumers for the cost of a credit report. These provisions are identical to provisions in HCS/SB 736 (2024), provisions in HCS/HB 2086 (2024), provisions in HCS/HB 2087 (2024), and provisions in HCS/SS/SCS/SB 835 (2024). **COMMERCIAL FINANCING DISCLOSURE LAW** (Section 427.300) This act creates the "Commercial Financing Disclosure Law". Under this act, any person who consummates more than 5 commercial financing transactions, as defined in the act, to a business located in this state in a calendar year is required to make certain disclosures to the business with regard to the transaction. Specifically, the provider is required to disclose the following:

- The total amount of funds provided to the business under the terms of the commercial financing transaction;
- The total amount of funds disbursed to the business under the terms of the commercial financing transaction, if less than the total amount of funds provided, as a result of any fees deducted or withheld at disbursement and any amount paid to a third party on behalf of the business;
- The total amount to be paid

to the provider pursuant to the commercial financing transaction agreement; • The total dollar cost of the commercial financing transaction under the terms of the agreement, derived by subtracting the total amount of funds provided from the total of payments; • The manner, frequency and amount of each payment; and

- A statement of whether there are any costs or discounts associated with prepayment of the commercial financing transaction including a reference to the paragraph in the agreement that creates the contractual rights of the parties related to prepayment.

The act requires registration with the Division of Finance prior to engaging in business as a broker for commercial financing. Specifically, the act requires filing a registration form, submitting a fee of \$100, and obtaining a surety bond in the amount of \$10,000. A registration renewal is required every year, not later than January 31st. Violations of these provisions are punishable by a fine of \$500 per incident, not to exceed \$20,000 for all aggregated violations. Any person who violates any provision of this act after receiving written notice of a prior violation from the Attorney General shall be punishable by a fine of \$1,000 per incident, not to exceed \$50,000 for all aggregated violations arising from the use of the transaction documentation or materials found to be in violation of this act. Violation of any provision of these provisions does not affect the enforceability or validity of the underlying agreement. This act does not create a private cause of action against any person or entity based upon noncompliance with this act. The Attorney General is given exclusive authority to enforce these provisions.

These provisions contains various exemptions. The registration and disclosure requirements of these provisions take effect either (1) 6 months after the Division of Finance finalizes promulgating rules, if the Division intends to promulgate rules; or (2) February 28, 2025, if the Division does not intend to promulgate rules.

These provisions are substantially similar to provisions in HCS/SB 736 (2024), and SB 753 (2024), HCS/SS/SCS/SB 835 (2024), HB 2063 (2024), HCS/HB 2087 (2024), HB 2780 (2024), HCS/SCS/SB 187 (2023), SCS/HB 585 (2023), provisions in HCS/HB 809 (2023), HCS/HB 584 (2023), SCS/SB 963 (2022), provisions in SCS/HB 2571 (2022), and HB 2706 (2022). REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS - WOMAN'S STATUS AS WIFE (Section 442.210) A provision of law is repealed requiring description of a woman's status as "wife" when executing a certificate of acknowledgment form in the course of a real estate transaction with her husband.

These provisions are identical to provisions in HCS/SB 736 (2024), HCS/HB 2086 (2024), and HCS/HB 2087 (2024). QUALIFIED SPOUSAL TRUSTS (Section 456.950) This act modifies the definition of "qualified spousal trust" to include the provision of terms that provide during the life of a sole surviving settlor, in addition to terms of which provide for the joint lives of settlors. This act additionally provides that all property, except for written financial obligations, written guarantees, or secure or unsecured transactions, held in a qualified spousal trust shall continue to be immune and exempt from attachment during the life of the surviving settlor to the extent that the property was held in a qualified spousal trust prior to the death of the first settlor and remains in a qualified spousal trust. Furthermore, property may be held in or transferred to a settlor's joint or separate share of a trust by designation under the current trust terms, pursuant to the specified titling of property or other designation that refers to such joint or separate share, or designation to the trustee as the owner as provided in current law. These provisions are identical to provisions in HCS#2/SS/SCS/SB 835 (2024), and substantially similar to provisions in SCS/SBs 1221 & 988 (2024), HB 1782 (2024), and provisions in HCS/HB 1886 (2024). ERIC VANDER WEERD

SB1388 (Sen. Greg Razer (D)) - Authorizes a sales tax exemption for certain nuclear facilities

Summary

SB 1388 - This act authorizes a state and local sales tax exemption for all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, building materials, equipment, fixtures, manufactured goods, machinery, and parts for the purposes of constructing all or any portion of a nuclear security enterprise, as such term is defined in the act, located in Kansas City. This act shall expire on August 28, 2034. JOSH NORBERG

SB1453 (Sen. Justin Brown (R)) - Designates "Dr Dan Brown Memorial Highway" in Phelps County

Summary

SB 1453 - This act designates "Dr Dan Brown Memorial Highway" in Phelps County. Costs for the designation shall be paid by private donations. ERIC VANDER WEERD

SJR71 (Sen. Rusty Black (R)) - Provides for the levying of certain costs and fees to support the salaries and benefits of sheriffs, prosecuting attorneys, and circuit attorneys

Summary

SS/SCS/SJR 71 - This proposed constitutional amendment, if approved by the voters, provides that the administration of justice shall include the levying of costs and fees to support salaries and benefits for sheriffs, prosecuting attorneys, and circuit attorneys. This amendment is similar to HJR 92 (2024), SJR 46 (2023), and HJR 64 (2023). KATIE O'BRIEN

SJR78 (Sen. Ben Brown (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to elections

Summary

SS/SJR 78 - This constitutional amendment, if approved by the voters, modifies various provisions relating to elections. The amendment provides that only citizens of the United States over the age of 18 who are residents of Missouri and of the political subdivision in which they offer to vote are entitled to vote at all elections. This amendment specifies that all elections shall be by paper ballot or by any mechanical method prescribed by law. Furthermore, voters shall only be entitled to one vote for each issue on the ballot and the same amount of votes for each office as there are seats to be filled at the election. Under no circumstance shall a voter be permitted to cast a ballot in a manner that results in the ranking of candidates for a particular office. This provision does not apply to any nonpartisan municipal election held in a city that had a ordinance in effect as of November 5, 2024, that permits voters to cast more than a single vote for each issue or candidate on which such voter is eligible to vote. The candidate that receives the greatest number of votes in a political party primary shall be the only candidate for that political party at the general election. The name of such candidate shall be placed on the official ballot at the general election, unless removed or replaced as provided by law. The person receiving the greatest number of votes at the general election shall be declared the winner. This provision does not apply to any nonpartisan municipal election held in a city that had a ordinance in effect as of November 5, 2024, that requires a preliminary election at which more than one candidate advances to a subsequent election. This amendment is substantially similar to SCS/SJR 30 (2023) and similar to HJR 131 (2022). SCOTT SVAGERA

Education Bills Tracked – May 21

[HB1405 \(Rep. Hardy Billington \(R\)\) - Enacts provisions relating to the use of identifying pronouns by school employees and independent contractors](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1414 \(Rep. Dan Stacy \(R\)\) - Requires the national motto to be posted in all public buildings, including public schools](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1417 \(Rep. Robert Sauls \(D\)\) - Modifies provisions governing the minimum school term](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1418 \(Rep. Robert Sauls \(D\)\) - Exempts the retail sale of food from state and local sales and use tax](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1424 \(Rep. Mike McGirl \(R\)\) - Creates new provisions relating to COVID-19 vaccination requirements](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1426 \(Rep. Mike McGirl \(R\)\) - Establishes provisions relating to civil liability for publishing or distributing material harmful to minors on the internet](#)

Last Action

2024-03-12 H - Superseded by HB 1993

[HB1428 \(Rep. Mike McGirl \(R\)\) - Modifies the "circuit breaker" tax credit by increasing the maximum upper limits and adjusting the property tax credit income phase-out increment amounts](#)

Last Action

2024-02-26 H - Reported Do Pass

[HB1429 \(Rep. Willard Haley \(R\)\) - Prohibits counties from charging interest on entire personal property tax liabilities when a taxpayer has made installment payments](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1430 \(Rep. Willard Haley \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions governing tangible personal property assessments of boats](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1431 \(Rep. Willard Haley \(R\)\) - Establishes minimum teacher's salaries and provides grant moneys to assist school districts with increasing teacher salaries](#)

Last Action

2024-02-21 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

[HB1432 \(Rep. Willard Haley \(R\)\) - Adds a condition under which a certificate of license to teach will be granted](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1440 \(Rep. Chris Dinkins \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to school protection officers](#)

Last Action

2024-04-09 H - Reported Do Pass

[HB1447 \(Rep. Ed Lewis \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions governing teacher recruitment and retention](#)

Last Action

2024-03-04 H - Reported Do Pass

[HB1448 \(Rep. Ed Lewis \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions governing tuition reimbursement calculations for schools that do not maintain a high school through grade twelve](#)

Last Action

2024-01-18 H - Referred to House committee on Elementary and Secondary Education

[HB1450 \(Rep. Ed Lewis \(R\)\) - Modifies and establishes provisions relating to the protection of children and vulnerable persons](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1464 \(Rep. Chris Sander \(R\)\) - Creates a sales tax exemption for food](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1472 \(Rep. Chris Sander \(R\)\) - Establishes the "Protect Elder Realty for Retirement Years Act"](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1475 \(Rep. Mark Sharp \(D\)\) - Requires the observation of black history month in school districts](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1485 (Rep. Brad Christ (R)) - Authorizes the establishment of charter school in school districts in St. Louis County

Last Action

2024-01-29 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB1486 (Rep. Brenda Shields (R)) - Changes provisions governing early childhood education programs

Last Action

2024-04-09 S - Hearing Conducted

HB1487 (Rep. Brenda Shields (R)) - Requires bleeding control kits in all public school and charter school classrooms

Last Action

2024-02-01 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1488 (Rep. Brenda Shields (R)) - Authorizes the "Child Care Contribution Tax Credit Act", "Employer-Provided Child Care Assistance Tax Credit Act", and "Child Care Providers Tax Credit Act", relating to tax credits for child care

Last Action

2024-04-10 S - Placed on Informal Calendar

HB1502 (Rep. Gretchen Bangert (D)) - Requires school districts to provide instruction in cursive writing

Last Action

2024-05-06 H - Placed on Informal Calendar

HB1505 (Rep. Gretchen Bangert (D)) - Establishes the "Missouri Teachers Classroom Supply Assistance Program"

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1513 (Rep. Jim Murphy (R)) - Establishes the "Media Literacy and Critical Thinking Act"

Last Action

2024-02-21 H - Voted Do Pass

HB1517 (Rep. Jim Murphy (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to tax levies by political subdivisions

Last Action

2024-05-01 H - Placed on Informal Calendar

HB1523 (Rep. Brad Hudson (R)) - Changes provisions relating to student interactions in schools

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1536 (Rep. Donna Baringer (D)) - Modifies provisions relating to employment modifying work hours on school nights for certain students less than eighteen years of age

Last Action

2024-02-15 H - Referred to House Special Committee on Tourism

HB1543 (Rep. Jeff Coleman (R)) - Modifies the offense of providing explicit sexual material to a student

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1568 (Rep. Ann Kelley (R)) - Modifies provisions governing school employee training requirements

Last Action

2024-03-06 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB1576 (Rep. Mazzie Christensen (R)) - Requires instruction on human sexuality and development in schools

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1580 (Rep. Maggie Nurrenbern (D)) - Modifies provisions relating to school buses

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1581 (Rep. Maggie Nurrenbern (D)) - Modifies provisions relating to corporal punishment in schools

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1589 (Rep. Jerome Barnes (D)) - Expands the definition of special victim to include sports officials at a sporting event and limits civil liability for sports officials

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1590 (Rep. Jerome Barnes (D)) - Establishes the offenses of harassment of a school or recreation athletic official and entry or remaining on site of a school or recreation athletic contest after being forbidden

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1606 (Rep. Dean Van Schoiack (R)) - Provides a sales tax exemption for certain used tangible personal property

Last Action

2024-02-01 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

[HB1615 \(Rep. Brad Hudson \(R\)\) - Changes the definition of "qualified student" for purposes of Missouri empowerment scholarship accounts](#)

Last Action

2024-02-12 H - Public hearing completed

[HB1623 \(Rep. Jamie Gragg \(R\)\) - Requires public schools to establish the general municipal election day and the general election day as a school holiday](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1626 \(Rep. Danny Busick \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to school bus endorsements](#)

Last Action

2024-04-17 S - Voted Do Pass

[HB1645 \(Rep. Marlene Terry \(D\)\) - Requires particular topics to be included in history curriculum in grades seven to twelve](#)

Last Action

2024-01-04 H - Read Second Time

[HB1646 \(Rep. Marlene Terry \(D\)\) - Requires the state board of education to provide for a transition to a special administrative board for certain unaccredited school districts](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1647 \(Rep. John Black \(R\)\) - Changes provisions relating to charter school funding and state pupil transportation aid](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1663 (Rep. Tara Peters (R)) - Establishes written parental consent requirements for individualized education programs (IEPs)

Last Action

2024-04-03 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB1667 (Rep. Mark Matthiesen (R)) - Authorizes taxpayers to submit petitions to reduce local tax rate levies

Last Action

2024-03-06 H - Public hearing completed

HB1668 (Rep. Mark Matthiesen (R)) - Changes the percentage of the cap on the inflationary growth factor for the assessment growth of real or personal property occurring within a political subdivision

Last Action

2024-04-15 H - Reported Do Pass

HB1669 (Rep. Mark Matthiesen (R)) - Reduces the assessment percentage of certain personal property and provides a personal property tax exemption for certain personal property upon adoption of a constitutional amendment authorizing such exemption

Last Action

2024-03-27 H - Voted Do Not Pass as substituted

HB1670 (Rep. Mark Matthiesen (R)) - Modifies the "circuit breaker" tax credit by increasing the maximum upper limit and property tax credit amounts

Last Action

2024-02-21 H - Voted Do Pass

HB1671 (Rep. Mark Matthiesen (R)) - Changes the definition of "qualified student" for the "Missouri Empowerment Scholarship Accounts Program"

Last Action

2024-04-23 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB1672 (Rep. Mark Matthiesen (R)) - Changes provisions governing optional home school declarations of enrollment

Last Action

2024-04-23 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB1674 (Rep. Mark Matthiesen (R)) - Establishes the "Employee Restroom and Locker Room Access Act"

Last Action

2024-01-23 Scheduled for Committee Hearing 01/24/2024 4:30 PM - House-Emerging Issues, HR 6

HB1677 (Rep. Ian Mackey (D)) - Bans using seclusion to confine a student

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1688 (Rep. Rodger Reedy (R)) - Requires public schools to offer a driver education course that students must complete before graduating

Last Action

2024-04-10 H - Voted Do Pass

HB1714 (Rep. Tricia Byrnes (R)) - Enacts provisions providing protections for parents in school district interactions

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1715 (Rep. Tricia Byrnes (R)) - Establishes antibullying requirements for school districts

Last Action

2024-04-30 S - Voted Do Pass

HB1717 (Rep. Mike McGirl (R)) - Provides A+ scholarships for home school students who meet the program's eligibility requirements

Last Action

2024-01-18 H - Referred to House-Special Committee on Education Reform

[HB1722 \(Rep. Aaron Crossley \(D\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to school employee retirement systems](#)

Last Action

2024-03-26 H - Voted Do Pass

[HB1727 \(Rep. Michael O'Donnell \(R\)\) - Requires the department of elementary and secondary education to develop a curriculum on personal finance to be used by school districts](#)

Last Action

2024-02-07 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

[HB1738 \(Rep. Doug Richey \(R\)\) - Changes provisions governing educational scholarships](#)

Last Action

2024-02-12 H - Public hearing completed

[HB1739 \(Rep. Doug Richey \(R\)\) - Enacts provisions governing public elementary and secondary school students](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1740 \(Rep. Doug Richey \(R\)\) - Establishes requirements for American history courses for high schools](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1742 \(Rep. Doug Richey \(R\)\) - Establishes provisions governing statewide athletic association employees and members](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1744 \(Rep. Renee Reuter \(R\)\) - Changes the filing location for school board candidates](#)

Last Action

2024-01-09 H - Public hearing completed

[HB1756 \(Rep. Brad Pollitt \(R\)\) - Requires the department of elementary and secondary education to develop, use, and report student grade-level equivalence data](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1757 \(Rep. Brad Pollitt \(R\)\) - Establishes transfer procedures to nonresident districts for students in public schools](#)

Last Action

2023-12-19 H - Withdrawn

[HB1758 \(Rep. Brad Pollitt \(R\)\) - Establishes the Education Stabilization Fund](#)

Last Action

2024-05-07 H - Reported Do Pass

[HB1761 \(Rep. Justin Hicks \(R\)\) - Requires every school district to comply with enhanced safety and security standards](#)

Last Action

2024-03-13 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

[HB1764 \(Rep. Justin Hicks \(R\)\) - Authorizes the establishment of charter school in school districts in St. Charles County](#)

Last Action

2024-01-29 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB1771 (Rep. Chad Perkins (R)) - Establishes provisions governing automated external defibrillators in schools

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1778 (Rep. Chad Perkins (R)) - Modifies provisions governing eligibility for the A+ scholarship program

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1786 (Rep. Brad Pollitt (R)) - Enacts additional teacher subject area certification for content knowledge or specialty areas

Last Action

2024-01-18 H - Referred to House committee on Elementary and Secondary Education

HB1806 (Rep. Ian Mackey (D)) - Prohibits zero-tolerance policies or practices of discipline in public schools

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1807 (Rep. Kurtis Gregory (R)) - Prohibits educational institutions from mandating COVID-19 vaccines or gene therapy

Last Action

2024-03-06 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB1810 (Rep. Louis Riggs (R)) - Establishes a fund for matching school district expenditures of reserve moneys to increase teacher salaries

Last Action

2024-04-04 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB1820 (Rep. Ed Lewis (R)) - Authorizes and establishes standards for virtual schools or programs administering statewide assessments

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1823 \(Rep. Dave Griffith \(R\)\) - Requires public schools to provide annual instruction and training in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and first aid for choking to high school pupils](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1828 \(Rep. Aaron McMullen \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions governing the minimum school term](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1831 \(Rep. Aaron McMullen \(R\)\) - Reduces the assessment percentage of certain real property](#)

Last Action

2024-02-21 H - Public hearing completed

[HB1843 \(Rep. Sarah Unsicker \(D\)\) - Adds tobacco products and vapor products to the "Drug-Free Schools Act"](#)

Last Action

2024-01-04 H - Read Second Time

[HB1851 \(Rep. Paula Brown \(D\)\) - Changes provisions governing the statewide assessment system for public schools](#)

Last Action

2024-03-11 H - Returned to committee: House-Elementary and Secondary Education

[HB1852 \(Rep. Tara Peters \(R\)\) - Requires implementation of health and safety measures in public schools](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1856 \(Rep. Danny Busick \(R\)\) - Authorizes counties and other political subdivisions to grant real property tax credits to eligible taxpayers with homesteads](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1863 \(Rep. Adrian Plank \(D\)\) - Changes a pilot agricultural education program in elementary schools to a statewide program](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1890 \(Rep. Stephanie Hein \(D\)\) - Establishes minimum teacher's salaries and provides grant moneys to assist school districts with increasing teacher salaries](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1899 \(Rep. Raychel Proudie \(D\)\) - Requires certain public schools to offer breakfast after the bell](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1905 \(Rep. Josh Hurlbert \(R\)\) - Establishes provisions relating to the participation of elementary and secondary school students in nontraditional educational settings](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1906 \(Rep. Darin Chappell \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to the assessed valuation of real property](#)

Last Action

2024-05-02 H - Reported Do Pass

HB1911 (Rep. Doug Richey (R)) - Establishes the "Missouri Parental Choice Tax Credit Act" relating to a tax credit for certain educational expenses

Last Action

2024-02-26 H - Public hearing completed

HB1917 (Rep. Jo Doll (D)) - Requires hearing screenings for students

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1922 (Rep. Herman Morse (R)) - Requires any legislation originating in the House that adds a new requirement for public schools to include provisions that reduce an existing requirement for public schools

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1923 (Rep. Herman Morse (R)) - Allows private schools that meet state requirements for public school districts to receive public funding

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB1939 (Rep. Adrian Plank (D)) - Modifies the "Senior Citizen Property Tax Relief Credit" or "circuit breaker" tax credit by increasing the maximum upper limit amounts

Last Action

2024-01-11 H - Referred to House-Special Committee on Property Tax Reform

HB1940 (Rep. Jim Kalberloh (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to school bus endorsements

Last Action

2024-02-12 H - Reported Do Pass as substituted

HB1941 (Rep. Cheri Toalson Reisch (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to charter schools

Last Action

2024-01-29 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

[HB1945 \(Rep. Brenda Shields \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions governing teacher externships](#)

Last Action

2024-04-30 S - Voted Do Pass

[HB1946 \(Rep. Brenda Shields \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions governing school safety](#)

Last Action

2024-03-04 H - Reported Do Pass

[HB1947 \(Rep. Jeff Knight \(R\)\) - Provides a sales tax exemption for certain used tangible personal property](#)

Last Action

2024-02-01 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

[HB1972 \(Rep. Alex Riley \(R\)\) - Establishes the" STEM Career Awareness Activity Program"](#)

Last Action

2024-03-04 H - Voted Do Pass

[HB1981 \(Rep. Jamie Burger \(R\)\) - Modifies guidelines for student participation in athletic contests organized by sex](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB1989 \(Rep. Brad Pollitt \(R\)\) - Establishes transfer procedures to nonresident districts for students in public schools](#)

Last Action

2024-04-09 S - Hearing Conducted

HB1991 (Rep. Sherri Gallick (R)) - Requires schools to establish cardiac emergency response plans

Last Action

2024-04-30 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

HB1999 (Rep. Doug Mann (D)) - Allows school districts to include instruction on LGBTQ contributions to society

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2002 (Rep. Cody Smith (R)) - APPROPRIATION BILL

Last Action

2024-05-10 H - Truly Agreed and Finally Passed - Y-114 N-12

HB2051 (Rep. Kemp Strickler (D)) - Requires in-state public educational institutions to grant undergraduate course credit for students who score 4 or higher on international baccalaureate examinations

Last Action

2024-01-24 H - Public hearing completed

HB2055 (Rep. Ben Keathley (R)) - Exempts the sale of food from sales tax

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2088 (Rep. Michael O'Donnell (R)) - Changes provisions governing charter schools

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2092 (Rep. Ed Lewis (R)) - Modifies provisions governing scholarships available for teacher recruitment and retention purposes

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2093 \(Rep. Phil Amato \(R\)\) - Provides matching grant moneys to assist school districts with school renovation projects](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2094 \(Rep. Renee Reuter \(R\)\) - Requires school districts to provide instruction in cursive writing](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2104 \(Rep. Phil Christofanelli \(R\)\) - Changes provisions governing educational scholarships](#)

Last Action

2024-02-12 H - Public hearing completed

[HB2105 \(Rep. Phil Christofanelli \(R\)\) - Requires school districts to report information about the school board to the election authority](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2113 \(Rep. Philip Oehlerking \(R\)\) - Establishes written parental consent requirements for individualized education programs \(IEPs\)](#)

Last Action

2024-03-06 H - Public hearing completed

[HB2123 \(Rep. Ian Mackey \(D\)\) - Establishes reporting requirements for school districts and the department of elementary and secondary education when a pupil commits suicide](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2125 (Rep. Ian Mackey (D)) - Modifies provisions relating to age for school entry

Last Action

2024-01-24 H - Public hearing completed

HB2145 (Rep. Brian Seitz (R)) - Removes an expiration date of provisions governing participation in athletics competitions

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2147 (Rep. Mike Henderson (R)) - Changes provisions governing the statewide assessment system

Last Action

2024-02-15 H - Referred to House committee on Elementary and Secondary Education

HB2156 (Rep. Philip Oehlerking (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to certain public school retirement systems boards of trustees

Last Action

2024-03-04 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB2160 (Rep. Ben Baker (R)) - Establishes provisions governing duties and responsibilities of public education entities

Last Action

2024-03-06 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB2161 (Rep. Peggy McGaugh (R)) - Specifies that the St. Louis City school board shall fill any vacancy that occurs in such school board outside of the normal election cycle

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2174 (Rep. Adam Schnelting (R)) - Exempts the retail sale of food from state sales and use tax

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2177 (Rep. Bruce Sassmann (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to age for school entry

Last Action

2024-01-24 H - Public hearing completed

HB2178 (Rep. Doug Richey (R)) - Changes provisions governing charter schools

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2195 (Rep. Jeff Coleman (R)) - Modifies the required school year start date for school districts in which a charter school operates

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2249 (Rep. Crystal Quade (D)) - Requires all school districts and charter schools to provide early childhood education programs

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2252 (Rep. Michael Johnson (D)) - Requires school districts to excuse students with mental or behavioral health concerns from attendance at school

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2273 (Rep. Chris Dinkins (R)) - Exempts the sale of food from sales tax

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2287 \(Rep. Phil Christofanelli \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions related to the virtual school program](#)

Last Action

2024-05-07 G - Signed by the Governor

[HB2293 \(Rep. Marlene Terry \(D\)\) - Requires the state board of education to provide for a transition to a special administrative board for certain unaccredited school districts](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2323 \(Rep. Jeff Farnan \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to age for school entry](#)

Last Action

2024-01-24 H - Public hearing completed

[HB2327 \(Rep. Jeff Knight \(R\)\) - Prohibits public school districts and charter schools from membership in or payment of dues to certain statewide activities associations](#)

Last Action

2024-04-17 H - Referred to House Special Committee on Public Policy

[HB2334 \(Rep. Maggie Nurrenbern \(D\)\) - Prohibits schools from using collection agencies to collect unpaid school meal fees](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2335 \(Rep. Maggie Nurrenbern \(D\)\) - Establishes the Teacher Recruitment and Retention State Scholarship Program](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2343 \(Rep. Betsy Fogle \(D\)\) - Requires school districts to excuse students with mental or behavioral health concerns from attendance at school](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2344 \(Rep. Ben Keathley \(R\)\) - Changes provisions governing school superintendent salaries](#)

Last Action

2024-03-04 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

[HB2355 \(Rep. Ben Baker \(R\)\) - Requires all public school shower rooms, locker rooms, and restrooms to be designated for and used by male or female students only](#)

Last Action

2024-01-31 H - Superseded by HB 1520

[HB2357 \(Rep. Chris Lonsdale \(R\)\) - Requires all public school shower rooms, locker rooms, and restrooms to be designated for and used by male or female students only](#)

Last Action

2024-01-31 H - Superseded by HB 1520

[HB2363 \(Rep. Anthony Ealy \(D\)\) - Requires schools to allow students to leave school to vote](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2365 \(Rep. Doug Richey \(R\)\) - Prohibits state departments from spending money on diversity, equity, and inclusion initiatives](#)

Last Action

2024-02-21 H - Superseded by HB 2619

HB2366 (Rep. Aaron McMullen (R)) - Establishes the "Missouri Parent Empowerment Act" relating to a tax credit for certain educational expenses

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2374 (Rep. Mazzie Christensen (R)) - Requires schools to adopt school policies governing materials that are obscene or harmful to minors

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2378 (Rep. Bennie Cook (R)) - Provides that the State Board of Education shall be responsible for handling appeals of decisions made by statewide activities associations

Last Action

2024-03-27 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB2401 (Rep. Crystal Quade (D)) - Eliminates the retail sale of food from state and local sales and use tax and authorizes certain tax increases to offset lost revenues, subject to voter approval

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2403 (Rep. Chris Sander (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to personal property taxes

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2420 (Rep. Ingrid Burnett (D)) - Modifies the required school year start date for school districts in which a charter school operates

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2422 (Rep. Ingrid Burnett (D)) - Requires school districts to provide "period products" at no cost in middle schools and high schools and charter schools and repeals provisions prohibiting abortion services providers from providing instruction on human sexuality or sexually transmitted diseases

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2423 (Rep. Kurtis Gregory (R)) - Modifies provisions governing school transportation

Last Action

2024-02-28 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB2429 (Rep. Maggie Nurrenbern (D)) - Changes provisions governing compulsory school attendance

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2433 (Rep. Jeff Coleman (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to the assessed valuation of real property

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2435 (Rep. David Evans (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to the local homestead property tax credit

Last Action

2024-01-18 H - Read Second Time

HB2442 (Rep. Peter Merideth (D)) - Authorizes a property tax for special educational services

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2443 (Rep. Peter Merideth (D)) - Authorizes a sales tax for special educational services

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2444 (Rep. Peter Merideth (D)) - Establishes new procedures for annexation of school districts to special school districts

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2445 (Rep. Aaron McMullen (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to property taxes

Last Action

2024-04-09 H - Reported Do Pass

HB2447 (Rep. Doug Richey (R)) - Establishes the "Classical Education Grant Program" for the purpose of assisting school districts with providing programs in classical education

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2448 (Rep. Brad Hudson (R)) - Prohibits state departments from spending money on diversity, equity, and inclusion initiatives

Last Action

2024-02-21 H - Superseded by HB 2619

HB2456 (Rep. LaKeySha Bosley (D)) - Requires the department of elementary and secondary education to develop a curriculum on Black history and Black literature to be used by school districts

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2471 (Rep. Cyndi Buchheit-Courtway (R)) - Modifies provisions governing mental health efforts in public schools

Last Action

2024-04-22 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB2472 (Rep. Anthony Ealy (D)) - Modifies provisions governing calculations for state aid to public schools

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2478 (Rep. Ashley Aune (D)) - Prohibits discrimination based on sexual orientation or gender identity

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2481 (Rep. Anthony Ealy (D)) - Bans publicly funded libraries from banning books

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2494 (Rep. Crystal Quade (D)) - Modifies the calculations of state aid for school districts

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2499 (Rep. Jeff Farnan (R)) - Modifies provisions governing eligibility for the A+ scholarship program

Last Action

2024-03-27 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB2511 (Rep. Ashley Bland Manlove (D)) - Creates the "Student-Teacher Collaboration Advisory Board"

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2512 \(Rep. Ashley Bland Manlove \(D\)\) - Requires posters with information on driver education courses to be posted in each high school](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2513 \(Rep. Ashley Bland Manlove \(D\)\) - Changes requirements for civics education in schools](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2535 \(Rep. Dirk Deaton \(R\)\) - Changes the penalty for violating the school compulsory attendance law](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2536 \(Rep. Richard West \(R\)\) - Modifies the election date, terms of office, and term limits for members of school boards](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2537 \(Rep. Kathy Steinhoff \(D\)\) - Changes provisions governing the "Missouri Career Development and Teacher Excellence Plan"](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

[HB2553 \(Rep. Philip Oehlerking \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions related to annual property tax reporting requirements](#)

Last Action

2024-04-10 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB2562 (Rep. Kurtis Gregory (R)) - Modifies provisions governing the compensation of student athletes

Last Action

2024-04-10 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB2565 (Rep. Brian Seitz (R)) - Requires the department of elementary and secondary education to develop a curriculum on the danger of marijuana usage to be used by school districts

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2569 (Rep. Ben Baker (R)) - Prohibits state departments from spending money on diversity, equity, and inclusion initiatives

Last Action

2024-02-21 H - Superseded by HB 2619

HB2584 (Rep. Ashley Bland Manlove (D)) - Specifies that tax revenues dedicated to school districts cannot be reduced or redirected to accommodate special taxing districts

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2598 (Rep. Chris Dinkins (R)) - Expands the definition of special victim to include school employees and volunteers

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2625 (Rep. Michael O'Donnell (R)) - Exempts the first two thousand four hundred dollars of income from taxation

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2630 (Rep. John Black (R)) - Modifies provisions governing school antibullying policies

Last Action

2024-03-13 H - Superseded by HB 1715

HB2644 (Rep. Kathy Steinhoff (D)) - Modifies the calculations of state aid for school districts

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2652 (Rep. Bill Hardwick (R)) - Prohibits public schools from imposing certain requirements on students

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2667 (Rep. Ben Keathley (R)) - Modifies provisions governing transportation for public school pupils

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2674 (Rep. Jamie Burger (R)) - Requires the Joint Committee on Education to establish a working group to report on solutions for protecting the learning environment in classrooms

Last Action

2024-02-22 H - Referred to House committee on Elementary and Secondary Education

HB2678 (Rep. Cheri Toalson Reisch (R)) - Prohibits students from engaging in "furry" behavior while at school

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2696 (Rep. Kathy Steinhoff (D)) - Changes provisions governing special educational services

Last Action

2024-04-10 H - Voted Do Pass as substituted

HB2717 (Rep. Yolanda Young (D)) - Requires certain incidents in public schools to be reported to the department of elementary and secondary education and made available on the department's comprehensive data system

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2724 (Rep. Ed Lewis (R)) - Prohibits certain organizations that contract with the departments of social services and elementary and secondary education from taking more than a certain percentage in fees when distributing department funds

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2729 (Rep. Donna Baringer (D)) - Creates provisions to allow local taxing entities to establish property tax work-off programs for certain senior citizens to reduce property tax bills

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2742 (Rep. Anthony Ealy (D)) - Requires newly purchased or contracted school buses of a school district to be zero-emission vehicles, beginning January 1, 2035

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2774 (Rep. Alan Gray (D)) - Allows schools to incorporate criminal justice instruction into curricula

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2775 (Rep. Alan Gray (D)) - Establishes a "Council for Community Education" within the department of elementary and secondary education

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2792 (Rep. Travis Wilson (R)) - Modifies provisions governing proprietary schools

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2794 (Rep. Gretchen Bangert (D)) - Modifies provisions governing postsecondary plans of elementary and secondary school students

Last Action

2024-05-01 H - Placed on Informal Calendar

HB2803 (Rep. Ed Lewis (R)) - Creates new provisions for contracting and purchasing by the department of social services and the department of elementary and secondary education

Last Action

2024-04-09 H - Voted Do Pass

HB2812 (Rep. Paula Brown (D)) - Establishes provisions relating to the minimum school term

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2847 (Rep. Doug Clemens (D)) - Modifies provisions relating to charter schools

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2852 (Rep. Peggy McGaugh (R)) - Requires school districts to provide instruction in cursive writing

Last Action

2024-05-06 H - Placed on Informal Calendar

HB2858 (Rep. Yolanda Young (D)) - Provides a state supplement for public schools to hire a school nurse and a mental health professional

Last Action

2024-04-30 H - Voted Do Pass

HB2860 (Rep. Jamie Johnson (D)) - Changes provisions governing local school district procedures for setting school starting dates

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2889 (Rep. Kathy Steinhoff (D)) - Requires public school districts and charter schools to prevent student use of electronic personal communications devices during regularly scheduled instructional activities

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2893 (Rep. Betsy Fogle (D)) - Modifies provisions governing Missouri empowerment scholarship accounts

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2908 (Rep. Peter Merideth (D)) - Authorizes counties to enact an earnings tax to replace county real property and personal property taxes

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2918 (Rep. Melanie Stinnett (R)) - Creates a provision relating to the calculation of school districts' local effort figures

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2930 (Rep. Cody Smith (R)) - Authorizes the establishment of charter schools in public community college districts with the public community college as the sponsor

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HB2937 (Rep. Bishop Davidson (R)) - Modifies provisions governing elementary and secondary education

Last Action

2024-03-25 H - Public hearing completed

HB2938 (Rep. Bishop Davidson (R)) - Creates "Earned Autonomy Schools Waivers" for school districts and enacts other education reform measures

Last Action

2024-04-23 H - Public hearing completed

HJR74 (Rep. Dave Griffith (R)) - Proposes a constitutional amendment dividing state revenues from gaming activities between public institutions of elementary, secondary, and higher education and the administration of the Missouri veterans commission

Last Action

2024-04-09 H - Public hearing completed

HJR75 (Rep. Dave Griffith (R)) - Proposes an amendment to the Constitution of Missouri relating to property tax exemptions

Last Action

2024-04-09 H - Reported Do Pass

HJR78 (Rep. Jeff Coleman (R)) - Proposes a constitutional amendment relating to real property tax assessments

Last Action

2024-04-30 S - Voted Do Pass

HJR82 (Rep. Brian Seitz (R)) - Proposes an amendment to the Constitution of Missouri relating to a property tax exemption for certain seniors

Last Action

2024-03-13 H - Public hearing completed

HJR85 (Rep. Marlene Terry (D)) - Reduces property tax assessments on senior citizens and disabled persons by fifty percent

Last Action

2024-01-11 H - Referred to House-Special Committee on Property Tax Reform

HJR88 (Rep. Mark Matthiesen (R)) - Proposes a constitutional amendment to allow the general assembly to exempt tangible personal property from personal property taxation by general law

Last Action

2024-02-28 H - Public hearing completed

HJR95 (Rep. Alan Gray (D)) - Proposes a constitutional amendment granting property tax exemptions to certain disabled veterans

Last Action

2024-01-11 H - Referred to House-Special Committee on Property Tax Reform

HJR116 (Rep. Jeff Coleman (R)) - Proposes an amendment to the Constitution of Missouri relating to property tax

Last Action

2024-01-30 H - Removed from House Hearing Agenda - House-Special Committee on Property Tax Reform - 1/31/24 - 12:00 pm - HR 1

HJR133 (Rep. Hannah Kelly (R)) - Establishes "Protect Children First"

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HJR184 (Rep. Kemp Strickler (D)) - Proposes a constitutional amendment relating to residential real property tax assessments

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

HJR185 (Rep. Phil Christofanelli (R)) - Proposes a constitutional amendment relating to access by parents to educational materials

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Referred to House committee on General Laws

SB725 (Sen. Denny Hoskins (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to personal property taxes

Last Action

2024-01-16 S - Hearing Conducted

SB727 (Sen. Andrew Koenig (R)) - Creates and modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education

Last Action

2024-05-07 G - Signed by the Governor

SB728 (Sen. Andrew Koenig (R)) - Creates provisions relating to public elementary and secondary school students

Last Action

2024-01-23 S - Voted Do Pass as substituted

SB729 (Sen. Andrew Koenig (R)) - Authorizes a tax credit for certain educational expenses

Last Action

2024-01-17 S - Voted Do Pass

[SB733 \(Sen. Bill Eigel \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to personal property taxes](#)

Last Action

2024-01-16 S - Hearing Conducted

[SB743 \(Sen. Lauren Arthur \(D\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to state funding for certain early childhood education programs](#)

Last Action

2024-01-08 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Education and Workforce Development

[SB756 \(Sen. Tony Luetkemeyer \(R\)\) - Modifies a property tax credit for certain seniors](#)

Last Action

2024-05-17 H - Truly Agreed and Finally Passed

[SB761 \(Sen. Karla May \(D\)\) - Authorizes excusal from attendance at an elementary or secondary school if the child is unable to attend due to mental or behavioral health concerns](#)

Last Action

2024-01-09 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Education and Workforce Development

[SB762 \(Sen. Karla May \(D\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to suicide prevention in educational institutions](#)

Last Action

2024-01-09 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Education and Workforce Development

[SB766 \(Sen. Holly Thompson Rehder \(R\)\) - Establishes a provision relating to allegations of sexual misconduct against private school employees](#)

Last Action

2024-01-23 S - Voted Do Pass as substituted

SB770 (Sen. Rick Brattin (R)) - Establishes provisions regarding elementary and secondary education

Last Action

2024-01-11 S - Removed from Senate Hearing Agenda - Senate-Education and Workforce Development - 1/17/24 - 1:00 pm - Senate Lounge

SB773 (Sen. Elaine Gannon (R)) - Creates provisions relating to automated external defibrillators in schools

Last Action

2024-04-15 S - Removed from Senate Hearing Agenda - Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children - 4/16/24 - 8:00 am - Senate Lounge

SB774 (Sen. Elaine Gannon (R)) - Modifies the candidate filing period for certain local elections

Last Action

2024-02-12 S - Voted Do Pass

SB780 (Sen. Karla Eslinger (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to student enrollment in the Missouri Course Access and Virtual School Program

Last Action

2024-01-23 S - Hearing Conducted

SB784 (Sen. Doug Beck (D)) - Establishes provisions relating to the minimum school term

Last Action

2024-02-28 S - Voted Do Pass

SB791 (Sen. Steven Roberts (D)) - Modifies provisions relating to homelessness

Last Action

2024-03-26 S - Removed from Senate Hearing Agenda - Senate-Health and Welfare - 3/27/24 - 10:00 am - SCR 1

SB799 (Sen. Travis Fitzwater (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to motor vehicle assessments

Last Action

2024-02-21 S - Placed on Informal Calendar

SB804 (Sen. Curtis Trent (R)) - Establishes accountability measures for all public elementary and secondary schools

Last Action

2024-01-10 S - Hearing Conducted

SB812 (Sen. Mary Elizabeth Coleman (R)) - Establishes provisions relating to special education programs

Last Action

2024-03-28 S - Reported Do Pass

SB814 (Sen. Jill Carter (R)) - Creates the Education Freedom Act and modifies provisions relating to the assessment of public elementary and secondary schools

Last Action

2024-01-23 S - Voted Do Pass

SB819 (Sen. Ben Brown (R)) - Creates, modifies, and repeals provisions relating to participation of certain students in nontraditional educational settings

Last Action

2024-03-28 S - Reported Do Pass as substituted

SB822 (Sen. Tracy McCreery (D)) - Modifies the Senior Citizen Property Tax Relief Credit

Last Action

2024-02-26 S - Voted Do Pass

SB857 (Sen. Karla May (D)) - Creates the Elementary Literacy Fund to provide grants to local educational agencies for home reading programs

Last Action

2024-01-11 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Fiscal Oversight

[SB867 \(Sen. Rick Brattin \(R\)\) - Authorizes a tax credit for certain educational expenses](#)

Last Action

2024-01-22 S - Removed from Senate Hearing Agenda - Senate-Education and Workforce Development - 1/23/24 - 11:00 am - SCR 2

[SB868 \(Sen. Mike Moon \(R\)\) - Establishes the Vulnerable Child Compassion and Protection Act prohibiting discussion of certain topics by school personnel](#)

Last Action

2024-01-11 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Education and Workforce Development

[SB871 \(Sen. Karla Eslinger \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to state funding for early childhood education programs](#)

Last Action

2024-03-25 S - Removed from Senate Hearing Agenda - Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children - 3/26/24 - 10:30 am - SCR 1

[SB877 \(Sen. Doug Beck \(D\)\) - Modifies the retirement allowance multiplier for certain members of the Public School Retirement System of Missouri](#)

Last Action

2024-03-27 S - Voted Do Pass as substituted

[SB880 \(Sen. Greg Razer \(D\)\) - Modifies a property tax credit for certain seniors](#)

Last Action

2024-01-11 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Economic Development and Tax Policy

[SB882 \(Sen. Greg Razer \(D\)\) - Modifies the required school year start date for school districts in which a charter school operates](#)

Last Action

2024-03-12 S - Hearing Conducted

[SB885 \(Sen. Steven Roberts \(D\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to school board elections in urban and metropolitan school districts](#)

Last Action

2024-02-29 S - Re-Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB902 \(Sen. Nick Schroer \(R\)\) - Creates and modifies provisions relating to elementary and secondary education](#)

Last Action

2024-01-23 S - Hearing Conducted

[SB915 \(Sen. Tracy McCreery \(D\)\) - Authorizes certain senior citizens to defer property taxes](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate Committee on General Laws

[SB918 \(Sen. Denny Hoskins \(R\)\) - Establishes provisions relating to public school curriculum and instruction](#)

Last Action

2024-03-05 S - Hearing Conducted

[SB920 \(Sen. Andrew Koenig \(R\)\) - Provides that charter schools may be operated in Boone County and St. Louis County](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB921 \(Sen. Andrew Koenig \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to student enrollment in the Missouri Course Access and Virtual School Program](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB930 \(Sen. Mike Cierpiot \(R\)\) - Modifies the Senior Citizens Property Tax Relief Credit](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Economic Development and Tax Policy

[SB950 \(Sen. Rick Brattin \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to the offense of providing explicit sexual material to a student](#)

Last Action

2024-04-02 S - Hearing Conducted

[SB955 \(Sen. Karla Eslinger \(R\)\) - Establishes provisions relating to teacher recruitment and retention and creates the "Teacher Baseline Salary Grant Program" and the "Teacher Recruitment and Retention State Scholarship Program"](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB957 \(Sen. Jason Bean \(R\)\) - Establishes the Education Stabilization Fund](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB959 \(Sen. Doug Beck \(D\)\) - Establishes provisions relating to charter school management](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB965 \(Sen. Steven Roberts \(D\)\) - Authorizes a sales tax for special educational services](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB966 \(Sen. Steven Roberts \(D\)\) - Authorizes a property tax for special educational services](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB967 \(Sen. Steven Roberts \(D\)\) - Modifies the calculation of weighted average daily attendance used to calculate state aid for school districts](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB974 \(Sen. Travis Fitzwater \(R\)\) - Requires all public school shower rooms, locker rooms, and restrooms to be designated for and used by male or female students only](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Emerging Issues

[SB976 \(Sen. Travis Fitzwater \(R\)\) - Establishes provisions relating to technological education in public schools and creates the STEM Career Awareness Activity Fund](#)

Last Action

2024-03-07 S - Voted Do Pass as substituted

[SB1001 \(Sen. Andrew Koenig \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to property taxes](#)

Last Action

2024-04-04 S - Reported Do Pass

[SB1002 \(Sen. Andrew Koenig \(R\)\) - Prohibits school districts and charter schools from requiring students to wear face masks or be immunized against COVID-19](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1005 \(Sen. Bill Eigel \(R\)\) - Authorizes the Governor to transfer the powers, duties, personnel, and property of the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education to other state agencies](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1006 \(Sen. Bill Eigel \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to charter schools and the assessment of public elementary and secondary schools](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1009 \(Sen. Mike Cierpiot \(R\)\) - Reduces the assessment percentage of real property](#)

Last Action

2024-03-04 S - Hearing Conducted

[SB1013 \(Sen. Lauren Arthur \(D\)\) - Establishes the Teacher Recruitment and Retention State Scholarship Program](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1014 \(Sen. Lauren Arthur \(D\)\) - Establishes provisions relating to the compensation of public school teachers](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1022 \(Sen. Karla May \(D\)\) - Modifies the definition of weighted average daily attendance used to calculate state aid for school districts](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1024 \(Sen. Rick Brattin \(R\)\) - Establishes provisions relating to classroom instruction on gender identity and sexual orientation in certain grade levels](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

SB1032 (Sen. Karla Eslinger (R)) - Requires public schools to develop cardiac emergency response plans

Last Action

2024-02-21 S - Voted Do Pass as substituted

SB1049 (Sen. Travis Fitzwater (R)) - Establishes provisions relating to assessment of virtual school students

Last Action

2024-03-07 S - Voted Do Pass

SB1051 (Sen. Curtis Trent (R)) - Allows the enrollment of nonresident students in public school districts

Last Action

2024-02-21 S - Voted Do Pass

SB1059 (Sen. Nick Schroer (R)) - Establishes the Missouri Education Intervention Task Force

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

SB1060 (Sen. Mary Elizabeth Coleman (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to tax credits

Last Action

2024-04-30 S - Hearing Conducted

SB1062 (Sen. Mary Elizabeth Coleman (R)) - Exempts the sale of food from sales tax

Last Action

2024-03-25 S - Hearing Conducted

SB1068 (Sen. Ben Brown (R)) - Establishes provisions relating to school board information submitted to election authorities and the Secretary of State

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1080 \(Sen. Lauren Arthur \(D\)\) - Modifies terms used in the elementary and secondary school funding formula](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1081 \(Sen. Lauren Arthur \(D\)\) - Requires public schools to develop cardiac emergency response plans](#)

Last Action

2024-02-06 S - Hearing Conducted

[SB1082 \(Sen. Lauren Arthur \(D\)\) - Allows students to attend multiple public summer school programs non-concurrently](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1086 \(Sen. Rick Brattin \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to personal property taxes](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Economic Development and Tax Policy

[SB1099 \(Sen. Barbara Washington \(D\)\) - Establishes the "Cronkite New Voices Act" to protect the freedom of press in school-sponsored media](#)

Last Action

2024-03-28 S - Reported Do Pass

[SB1103 \(Sen. Angela Mosley \(D\)\) - Requires certain topics in Native American and African American history to be included in the seventh through twelfth grade history curriculum in public schools](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1104 \(Sen. Angela Mosley \(D\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to special administrative boards for unaccredited school districts](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1118 \(Sen. Mary Elizabeth Coleman \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to the Missouri Empowerment Scholarship Accounts Program](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1119 \(Sen. Mary Elizabeth Coleman \(R\)\) - Authorizes sales tax exemptions for certain purchases](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Economic Development and Tax Policy

[SB1123 \(Sen. Ben Brown \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to charter schools](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1149 \(Sen. Steven Roberts \(D\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to delinquent property taxes](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Progress and Development

[SB1153 \(Sen. Angela Mosley \(D\)\) - Requires the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education to conduct safety assessments of all public schools in the state](#)

Last Action

2024-03-26 S - Voted Do Pass as substituted

SB1154 (Sen. Angela Mosley (D)) - Creates the "Missouri School Meals Act"

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

SB1163 (Sen. Rusty Black (R)) - Establishes provisions relating to teacher recruitment and retention and creates the "Teacher Baseline Salary Grant Program" and the "Teacher Recruitment and Retention State Scholarship Program"

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

SB1164 (Sen. Rusty Black (R)) - Establishes the Education Stabilization Fund

Last Action

2024-04-04 S - Voted Do Pass

SB1181 (Sen. Andrew Koenig (R)) - Establishes provisions relating to discussion of certain concepts in public schools

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

SB1203 (Sen. Mary Elizabeth Coleman (R)) - Establishes provisions relating to transparency of school staff training, instructional, and curricular materials

Last Action

2024-04-04 S - Voted Do Pass

SB1208 (Sen. Andrew Koenig (R)) - Provides that the State Board of Education shall cause its annual report to be published on the website of the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

Last Action

2024-04-04 S - Voted Do Pass

SB1210 (Sen. Lauren Arthur (D)) - Allows school districts to remove certain property from tax increment financing districts

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Economic Development and Tax Policy

[SB1219 \(Sen. Curtis Trent \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to the assessment of solar energy property](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Commerce, Consumer Protection, Energy, and the Environment

[SB1246 \(Sen. Holly Thompson Rehder \(R\)\) - Repeals the 2027 expiration of a provision of law prohibiting students from participating on an athletic team that is designated for the opposite biological sex](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Emerging Issues

[SB1252 \(Sen. Holly Thompson Rehder \(R\)\) - Exempts the sale of food from sales tax](#)

Last Action

2024-03-25 Scheduled for Committee Hearing 03/25/2024 2:00 PM - Senate-Economic Development and Tax Policy, Senate Lounge

[SB1256 \(Sen. Jill Carter \(R\)\) - Creates the Given Name Act establishing provisions relating to forms of address in public schools](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1272 \(Sen. Nick Schroer \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to providing explicit sexual material to a student](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1290 \(Sen. Jill Carter \(R\)\) - Establishes the "Classical Education Grant Program" for the purpose of assisting school districts with providing programs in classical education](#)

Last Action

2024-04-04 S - Voted Do Pass

[SB1297 \(Sen. Jason Bean \(R\)\) - Provides that the State Board of Education shall be responsible for handling appeals of decisions made by statewide activities associations](#)

Last Action

2024-04-16 S - Hearing Conducted

[SB1311 \(Sen. Curtis Trent \(R\)\) - Establishes the "Media Literacy and Critical Thinking" pilot program requiring DESE to select 5-7 school districts to address the components of media literacy during the 2025-26 and 2026-27 school years](#)

Last Action

2024-04-09 S - Hearing Conducted

[SB1314 \(Sen. Travis Fitzwater \(R\)\) - Creates new restrictions on the expenditure of funds by state departments for certain programs related to diversity, equity, and inclusion, etc](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Governmental Accountability

[SB1332 \(Sen. Steven Roberts \(D\)\) - Modifies the Board of Trustees of the Public School Retirement System of the City of St. Louis](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Veterans and Military Affairs

[SB1343 \(Sen. Lauren Arthur \(D\)\) - Establishes provisions relating to the reporting of certain violation of state law involving children in elementary and secondary education](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

SB1366 (Sen. Curtis Trent (R)) - Establishes accountability measures for all public elementary and secondary schools

Last Action

2024-02-21 S - Voted Do Pass as substituted

SB1375 (Sen. Karla Eslinger (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to student enrollment in the Missouri Course Access and Virtual School Program

Last Action

2024-03-05 S - Placed on Informal Calendar

SB1376 (Sen. Mike Moon (R)) - Authorizes school districts and charter schools to employ or accept chaplains as volunteers

Last Action

2024-02-08 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

SB1378 (Sen. Lauren Arthur (D)) - Modifies the definition of "weighted average daily attendance" as used in the education funding formula

Last Action

2024-02-08 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

SB1391 (Sen. Tony Luetkemeyer (R)) - Modifies provisions of the Missouri Empowerment Scholarship Accounts Program

Last Action

2024-04-23 S - Placed on Informal Calendar

SB1392 (Sen. Curtis Trent (R)) - Modifies provisions of the Missouri Empowerment Scholarship Accounts Program and authorizes charter schools to operate in Boone County, St. Charles County, and St. Louis County

Last Action

2024-03-05 S - Placed on Informal Calendar

[SB1393 \(Sen. Cindy O'Laughlin \(R\)\) - Changes the deadline for school districts to submit proposals to operate recovery high schools](#)

Last Action

2024-03-25 S - Reported Do Pass

[SB1394 \(Sen. Cindy O'Laughlin \(R\)\) - Establishes provisions relating to teacher certification](#)

Last Action

2024-02-26 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

[SB1399 \(Sen. Ben Brown \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to property tax assessments](#)

Last Action

2024-02-26 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Economic Development and Tax Policy

[SB1440 \(Sen. Mary Elizabeth Coleman \(R\)\) - Prohibits public and private elementary and secondary schools and institutions of postsecondary education from being members of any statewide athletic activities association that allows students to use performance-enhancing drugs](#)

Last Action

2024-05-07 S - Hearing Conducted

[SB1446 \(Sen. Brian Williams \(D\)\) - Requires the State Board of Education to convene a work group to develop a curriculum framework of instruction on the dehumanization of marginalized groups](#)

Last Action

2024-04-30 S - Voted Do Pass

[SB1447 \(Sen. Brian Williams \(D\)\) - Authorizes a sales tax for early childhood educational services](#)

Last Action

2024-04-30 S - Voted Do Pass

SB1458 (Sen. Greg Razer (D)) - Modifies the required school year start date for school districts in which a charter school operates

Last Action

2024-03-07 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

SB1462 (Sen. Curtis Trent (R)) - Requires school districts and charter schools to provide instruction in cursive writing

Last Action

2024-04-16 S - Hearing Conducted

SB1479 (Sen. Lincoln Hough (R)) - Creates a provision relating to the calculation of school districts' local effort figures

Last Action

2024-03-07 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Education and Workforce Development

SB1496 (Sen. Nick Schroer (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to taxation

Last Action

2024-04-11 S - Hearing Conducted

SB1497 (Sen. Jill Carter (R)) - Requires the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education to post on its website any memorandum of understanding or other agreement with a third party

Last Action

2024-03-07 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

SB1504 (Sen. Karla May (D)) - Modifies the contribution rate for the Public School Retirement System of the City of St. Louis

Last Action

2024-04-03 S - Hearing Conducted

SB1506 (Sen. Rusty Black (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to the Career Ladder program

Last Action

2024-03-07 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

SB1508 (Sen. Tracy McCreery (D)) - Provides for the establishment of an early education school district in St. Louis County

Last Action

2024-03-07 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children

SB1511 (Sen. Barbara Washington (D)) - Modifies provisions relating to the collection of delinquent property taxes

Last Action

2024-03-07 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Emerging Issues

SB1519 (Sen. Bill Eigel (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to the assessment of real property

Last Action

2024-03-07 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Economic Development and Tax Policy

SJR50 (Sen. Andrew Koenig (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to taxation

Last Action

2024-05-16 H - Referred to House committee on Fiscal Review

SJR53 (Sen. Bill Eigel (R)) - Modifies provisions relating to taxation

Last Action

2024-04-18 S - Voted Do Pass

SJR65 (Sen. Barbara Washington (D)) - Places limits on increases of the assessment of certain properties

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate Committee on General Laws

[SJR66 \(Sen. Barbara Washington \(D\)\) - Authorizes a property tax exemption for certain senior citizens](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate Committee on General Laws

[SJR82 \(Sen. Rick Brattin \(R\)\) - Replaces the property tax on real property with a sales tax](#)

Last Action

2024-01-25 S - Referred to Senate Committee on General Laws

[SJR84 \(Sen. Angela Mosley \(D\)\) - Exempts certain disabled veterans from property taxes](#)

Last Action

2024-03-11 S - Hearing Conducted

[SJR90 \(Sen. Mike Cierpiot \(R\)\) - Modifies provisions relating to property tax assessments](#)

Last Action

2024-03-07 S - Referred to Senate Committee on Economic Development and Tax Policy

[SJR95 \(Sen. Curtis Trent \(R\)\) - Establishes parents' right to know what is being taught in their children's public school](#)

Last Action

2024-03-07 S - Referred to Senate-Select Committee on Empowering Missouri Parents and Children
